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REGRESSION SIMULATION OF TURBINE ENGINE PERFORMANCE - ACCURACY IMPROVEMENT (TASK IV)

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Pratt & Whitney Aircraft Group Government Products Division West Paim Beach, Florida 33402

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Prepared for Air Force Aero Propulsion Laboratory Air Force Wright Aeronautical Laboratories Air Force Systems Command Wright-Patterson Air Force Base, Ohio 45433



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S R. RUBLE Project Engineer

Performance Branch

Performance Branch Turbine Engine Division

FOR THE COMMANDER

Director

Turbine Engine Division

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FOREWORD

This final report was prepared in accordance with Contract F33615-77-C-2109, Project 3066, Task II, Regression Simulation of Turbine Engine Performance, Task IV. The program was performed under the direction of Mr. J. R. Ruble, AFAPL/TBA of the Air Force Aero Propulsion Laboratory. It presents the work conducted by Pratt & Whitney Aircraft Group of United Technologies Corporation, P. O. Box 2691, West Palm Beach, Florida 33401, in accordance with Sequence No. 7 of Attachment 1 (DD Form 1423) of the contract. The work was performed under the direction of Mr. J. A. Sabatella, Jr. of Pratt & Whitney Aircraft Group during the period September 1977 through September 1978. This report was submitted in September 1978.

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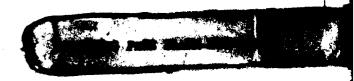
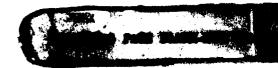


TABLE OF CONTENTS

Section		Page
I	INTRODUCTION	;
п	PROBLEM DEFINITION	
	A. Advanced Weapon System Selection Process	
	B. ARES Methodology	
	C. Program Approach	
III	TECHNICAL DISCUSSION	1
	A. RSTEP Variables and Data Bases	į
	B. Data Selection Patterns	9
	C. RSTEP Task IV Data Selection	14
	D. OLS vs CCD Cost Comparison	18
	E. Regression Analysis Method	10
IV	DISCUSSION OF TECHNIQUES	18
	A. Transformation Methodology	18
	B. Role Reversal Methodology	2
	C. Indirect Methodology	2
	D. Optimized Polynomial Exponent Methodology	34
v	PRESENTATION OF REGRESSION RESULTS	3′
	A. Introduction	3′
	B. TOGW Regression Results	3′
	C. Takeoff Distance Results	40
	D. Combat Acceleration Time Results	4
	E. Combat g-Load Results	5
	F. Landing Velocity Results	53
VI	CONCLUSIONS	5′
VII	RECOMMENDATIONS	58
	APPENDIX A Phase II Data RSTEP Task IV Study	59
	APPENDIX B — Sample Regression Results	72/73
	REFERENCES	86



LIST OF ILLUSTRATIONS

Figure		Page
1	ARES Methodology	5
2	Interdiction Mission	8
3	Isometric of Three Variance Latin Squares Pattern	10
4	Isometric of Three Variable Central Composite Design Pattern	11
5	Schematic of Five Variable CCD Pattern	13
6	Relative Data Generation Cost Comparison	17
7	Distribution of ΔTOGW for Conventional Regression	19
8	Distribution of ΔTOGW for Log Transformation Regression	20
9	Transformations of TOGW	21
10	Effect of Transformation on TOGW as a Dependent Variable	22
11	Distribution of $\Delta TOGW$ for the Inverse Transformed Variable	23
12	Effect of Transformations on Takeoff Distance as a Dependent Variable	24
13	Effect of Transformations on Acceleration Time as a Dependent Variable	24
14	Effect of Transformations on RADIUS as a Dependent Variable as a Function of Five Variables	26
15	Effect of Transformations on TOGW Calculated by Quadratic Solution of RADIUS as a Function of Five Variables	26
16	Effect of Role Reversal on Regressed Values of TOGW as a Function of Five Variables	28
17	Comparison of RADIUS Errors — Regressed Range vs Quadratic Solution for Range from a Five Variable Regression of TOGW	29
18	Impact of Transformation and Role Reversal Methodologies on Regression Accuracy — Five Variable Regression	30
19	Summary of Indirect Methods for Phase I Data	31
20	Summary of Indirect Methods for Phase II Data	33
21	Generalized Form of the Regression Equation for the Optimized Polynomial	35

LIST OF ILLUSTRATIONS (Continued)

Figure	
22	Cluster Recognition Optimization Program (CROP)
23	TOGW Error Distribution — Log Transformation 5 Variables, Full Replication
24	TOGW Error Distribution — Log Transformation 5 Variables, Half Replication
25	TOGW Error Distribution — Log Transformation 6 Variables, Full Replica-
26	TOGW Error Distribution — Log Transformation 6 Variables, Half Replica-
27	TOGW Error Distribution — Log Transformation 7 Variables, Full Replica-
28	TOGW Error Distribution — Log Transformation 7 Variables, Half Replica-
29	TOGW Error Distribution — Log Transformation 8 Variables, Full Replica-
30	TOGW Error Distribution — Log Transformation 8 Variables, Half Replication
31	TOGW Error Distribution — Log Transformation 8 Variables, Quarter Replication
32	TOGW Error Distribution — Log Transformation 9 Variables, Half Replica-
33	TOGW Error Distribution — Log Transformation 9 Variables, Quarter Replication
34	TOGW Error Distribution — Log Transformation 10 Variables, Quarter Replication
35	TOGW Check Data Comparison Summary
36	Takeoff Distance Results Summary
37	Combat Acceleration Time Results Summary
38	Combat g-Load Results Summary
39	Landing Velocity Results Summary

LIST OF TABLES

Table		Page
1	Independent Variables Used in ARES and RSTEP Task IV	9
2	Variation of Data Points With the Number of Independent Variables	14
3	Replication Patterns Selected for Study	14
4	CCD Pattern Data Point Requirements Variable Build-Up Procedure	15
5	Design Selector Case Comparison	16
6	Ten Variable Case Cost Comparison Five Airframe, Five Engine Variable	16
7	Effect of Optimizing Exponents upon TOGW, Full Replication	36
8	Effect of Optimizing Exponents upon TOGW, Full vs Half Replication Comparison 5 Variable TOGW Fit. Fit Single Term Exponents; Vary Triple Cross-Product Exponents	36
9	Takeoff Gross Weight — 5 Variable Regression, Full Replication	38
10	Takeoff Gross Weight — 5 Variable Regression, Half Replication	38
11	Takeoff Gross Weight — 6 Variable Regression, Full Replication	38
12	Takeoff Gross Weight — 6 Variable Regression, Half Replication	38
13	Takeoff Gross Weight — 7 Variable Regression, Full Replication	39
14	Takeoff Gross Weight — 7 Variable Regression, Half Replication	39
15	Takeoff Gross Weight — 8 Variable Regression, Full Replication	39
16	Takeoff Gross Weight — 8 Variable Regression, Half Replication	39
17	Takeoff Gross Weight — 8 Variable Regression, Quarter Replication	40
18	Takeoff Gross Weight — 9 Variable Regression, Half Replication	40
19	Takeoff Gross Weight — 9 Variable Regression, Quarter Replication	40
20	Takeoff Gross Weight — 10 Variable Regression, Quarter Replication	40
21	TOGW Replication Patterns Studied	44
22	Takeoff Distance — 5 Variable Regression, Full Replication	46
23	Takeoff Distance — 6 Variable Regression, Full Replication	46
24	Takeoff Distance — 7 Variable Regression, Full Replication	46

LIST OF TABLES (Continued)

Table		Page
25	Takeoff Distance — 8 Variable Regression, Full Replication	46
26	Takeoff Distance — 8 Variable Regression, Half Replication	47
27	Takeoff Distance — 9 Variable Regression, Half Replication	47
28	Takeoff Distance — 9 Variable Regression, Quarter Replication	47
29	Takeoff Distance — 10 Variable Regression, Quarter Replication	47
30	Takeoff Distance Replication Patterns Studied	48
31	Combat Acceleration Time — 5 Variable Regression, Full Replication	49
32	Combat Acceleration Time — 6 Variable Regression, Full Replication	49
33	Combat Acceleration Time — 7 Variable Regression, Full Replication	49
34	Combat Acceleration Time — 8 Variable Regression, Full Replication	49
35	Combat Acceleration Time — 9 Variable Regression, Half Replication	50
36	Combat Acceleration Time $-$ 10 Variable Regression, Quarter Replication	50
37	Combat Acceleration Time Results Summary	51
38	Combat g Load — 5 Variable Regression, Full Replication	51
39	Combat g Load — 6 Variable Regression, Full Replication	51
40	Combat g Load — 7 Variable Regression, Full Replication	52
41	Combat g Load — 8 Variable Regression, Full Replication	52
42	Combat g Load — 8 Variable Regression, Half Replication	52
43	Combat g Load — 9 Variable Regression, Half Replication	52
44	Combat g Load — 10 Variable Regression, Quarter Replication	52
45	Combat g-Loading Replication Patterns Studied	53
46	Landing Velocity — 5 Variable Regression, Half Replication	54
47	Landing Velocity — 6 Variable Regression, Half Replication	54

LIST OF TABLES (Continued)

Table		Page
48	Landing Velocity — 7 Variable Regression, Half Replication	54
49	Landing Velocity — 8 Variable Regression, Half Replication	54
50	Landing Velocity — 9 Variable Regression, Half Replication	58
51	Landing Velocity — 10 Variable Regression, Quarter Replication	58
52	Landing Velocity Replication Patterns Studied	58

LIST OF SYMBOLS AND ABBREVIATIONS

AES = Advanced Engine Simulation Study

AR = Wing Aspect Ratio

ARES = Airplane Responsive Engine Selection Study

A8 = Airflow Schedule BPR = Bypass Ratio

CET = Combustor Exit Temperature, °F

D = Engine Diameter at Customer Connect, ft

FPR = Fan Pressure Ratio

K = Constant

L = Engine Length, ft

N = Derivative Exponent, Transformation Methodology

OPR = Overall Pressure Ratio PEE = Percentage Error of Estimate

RADIUS = Dash Radius, NM
R* = Correlation Coefficient
SEE = Standard Error of Estimate

SWEEP = Wing Leading Edge Sweep Angle, Degrees
TEVCS = Turbine Engine Variable Cycle Selection Study

TOGW = Take-Off Gross Weight, tb

TR = Throttle Ratio

T/W = Thrust to Weight Ratio W/S = Wing Loading, 1b/ft²

 $\frac{\mathbf{W_{fuel}}}{\mathbf{TOGW}} = \mathbf{Fuel} \ \mathbf{Fraction}$

t/c

 $\frac{\mathbf{W}_{propulation}}{\mathbf{TOCW}}$ = Propulsion Fraction

= Thickness to Chord Ratio

SUMMARY

The TEVCS/ARES methodology was devised to assist in the selection and optimization of advanced weapon systems. This methodology was developed by McDonnell Aircraft Company and the Boeing Aerospace Company under contract to the USAF. The Regression Simulation of Turbine Engine Performance (RSTEP), Task IV program is an analytical study to identify and evaluate alternate approaches that may be used in TEVCS/ARES procedures to produce system regression surfaces that more accurately reflect the trends of the baseline aircraft design/mission analysis program. A second objective of RSTEP is to reduce the cost of data generation required by the TEVCS/ARES procedures.

The study was conducted by Pratt & Whitney Aircraft Group, GPD, with airframe/mission data provided by the Boeing Aerospace Company. This data was consistent with the data base generated during the ARES program, and consisted of mission related output for over 600 combinations of engine and aircraft variables. The initial data (Phase I) had TOGW as a dependent variable. A re-direction early in the program resulted in a change to a data base with TOGW as an independent variable (Phase II).

To satisfy the objectives of the program, the following four areas were selected for investigation:

- An alternative to the orthogonal Latin Square (OLS) design selector used in TEVCS/ARES
- Alternate approaches to improve the form of the regression equation
- The effect of the number of independent variables on regression accuracy
- The effect of the number of data points on regression accuracy.

A modified Central Composite Design (CCD) pattern was chosen for the RSTEP study. This design selector provided a convenient means to systematically investigate the impact of the number of independent variables and the number of data points on regression surface accuracy. As part of the study, an analysis was made of the cost of engine and airframe/mission data generation required for the OLS and CCD design selectors. For the number of propulsion variables selected, the results show that the OLS cost of data generation is 2.5 times that of the CCD cost for a five independent variable problem. The OLS cost was almost 1.3 times the CCD cost for nine and ten variable problems.

Four methodologies were studied to improve the form of the regression equation: (1) Transformations, (2) Role Reversal, (3) Indirect, and (4) Optimized Polynomial Exponent. The study results indicate that Transformation methodology provides the single most significant accuracy improvement of all the methods studied, with Role Reversal yielding a further significant improvement. For the Phase I five variable data set, application of Transformation methodology reduced a 34% maximum error of the traditional regression of TOGW to 12% error. The average absolute error was also reduced from 5.8% to 3.6%. The application of Role Reversal methodology with Phase II data made a further significant incremental change in TOGW from 12% maximum error to 7%. The average absolute error was also further reduced to 2% error.

The results of increasing the number of independent variables showed that the TOGW regression accuracy levels for the five, six, and seven variable problems were similar, with a maximum error of less than 10% and average absolute errors of about 2.5%. The 8-, 9-, and 10-

variable problems seemed to form another group with accuracy levels from 12% to 17% for the maximum error, but with only a small increase in the average absolute error to about 3.5%. There were only 3 data points out of over 600 that contributed to errors greater than 12% and these were corner points with limit value combinations of the independent variables.

The results of increasing the number of data points indicate that half replication of the CCD pattern is sufficient for 5- through 9-variable problems, and quarter replication is sufficient for 10-variable problems.

The accuracy of the takeoff distance and landing velocity regressions were excellent, with maximum errors less than 2% even for the 10-variable problem. Combat g-load accuracy was only slightly less, with maximum errors of about 4% and average absolute errors of 1% for the 10-variable problem. The regression error for acceleration time was less than 5% maximum error for 5 through 7 variables, and less than 10% maximum error for 8 through 10 variables. The average error for the acceleration time regression was less than 1.5% for any number of variables.

SECTION I INTRODUCTION

Advanced weapons system selection and optimization is a complex procedure due to the number and range of airframe, propulsion, and mission variables that must be considered. In response to the Air Force's need, selection and optimization procedures were developed by McDonnell Aircraft Company and the Boeing Aerospace Company under Turbine Engine Variable Cycle Selection Study (TEVCS) (Ref 1) and Airplane Responsive Engine Selection Study (ARES) (Ref 2) contracts. Although these procedures resulted in a significant step forward over the traditional procedures previously used, some of the new procedures represented a first-generation solution to the problem. The TEVCS/ARES techniques did provide a firm base upon which improvements could be built. The Advanced Engine Simulation (AES) (Ref 4) program identified problems in the TEVCS/ARES techniques to evaluate airframe/propulsion systems. These problems are: poor trend predictions, and a need to reduce the cost of generating data for system studies.

RSTEP Task IV is an analytical study to develop regression procedures which will alleviate the problems identified in AES. The specific objective is to identify and evaluate alternate approaches that may be used in TEVCS/ARES procedures to produce system regression surfaces that more accurately reflect the trends of the baseline aircraft design/mission analysis program.

To accomplish these goals, four areas were selected for investigation: (1) the data selection pattern, (2) the form of the regression equation, (3) the number of independent variables and (4) the number of data points. The Central Composite Design (CCD) pattern was selected for this study to provide an alternate to the Latin Square design used in TEVCS/ARES. The CCD pattern also conveniently accommodated the systematic study of increasing the number of independent variables from five to ten; and it accommodated the systematic study of the number of data points. Several alternative approaches to improving the accuracy of the regression equations were also investigated: Transformations, Role Reversal, Indirect Methods, and Optimized Polynomial Exponents. Two of these methods, Transformations and Role Reversal, provided significant improvements in accuracy.

SECTION II PROBLEM DEFINITION

A. ADVANCED WEAPON SYSTEM SELECTION PROCESS

The process of system definition to meet changing system requirements can be lengthy and can involve large amounts of data. To establish a weapon system which best meets a set of requirements, various configurations must be selected and key design variables established for each configuration. A mission analysis is then performed for each combination of independent variables for each configuration selected, and the capability of each system defined. The capability is then compared to the previously established requirements and figures-of-merit. Iterations for the most promising configuration are performed to refine system capabilty and the optimum variable combinations in the region of defined interest must be determined. With the traditional individual mission analysis approach, it is possible that important variables and interactions between variables may be ignored, resulting in an inferior design.

To meet the need for system selection in a timely, thorough, and flexible manner, the Air Force formulated the Airplane Response Engine Selection (ARES) and Turbine Engine Variable Cycle Selection (TEVCS) programs to develop methodology for computerized system optimization at the airframe/engine independent variable level. This methodology uses statistical approaches for evaluation of the entire independent variable design space to ensure that all variable combinations are investigated and uses a surface fit/search procedure to determine the optimum configuration selection. The Regression Simulation of Turbine Engine Performance (RSTEP) Task IV study is a follow-on study to the ARES program.

B. ARES METHODOLOGY

1. Introduction

The ARES methodology is shown schematically in figure 1. Briefly, the methodology uses a design selector to select independent variable combinations and levels; performance simulators to simulate propulsion system and vehicle performance and determine overall system performance levels; a data interpolator that correlates the system performance output from the performance simulator through the use of regression analysis, and an interpreter that interrogates the performance surfaces that result from the regression equations. The interpreter incorporates optimizer logic that uses a search technique to vary independent variable levels to maximize system performance according to a selected figure of merit. This procedure is described in more detail in the following paragraphs.

2. Description of Methodology

The methodology begins with selection of a given engine type, a given airframe type, given inlet and nozzle types, and a given mission role. For example, the engine type might be a mixed flow afterburning turbofan and the airframe type, a variable sweep wing with podded engines. The inlet might be a two-dimensional, variable ramp, external-compression type. The nozzle might be a variable area ratio convergent-divergent type.

A performance model for each system configuration variable must be created and incorporated into either an airframe/mission analysis computer deck or an engine performance deck. The performance model for each system variable is parametric in the sense that it will define performance for that system element (e.g., afterburning turbofan) for ranges in key independent design variables (e.g., fan pressure ratio variations). Thus, an overall computer model of the system is created that is parametric since design input may be varied.

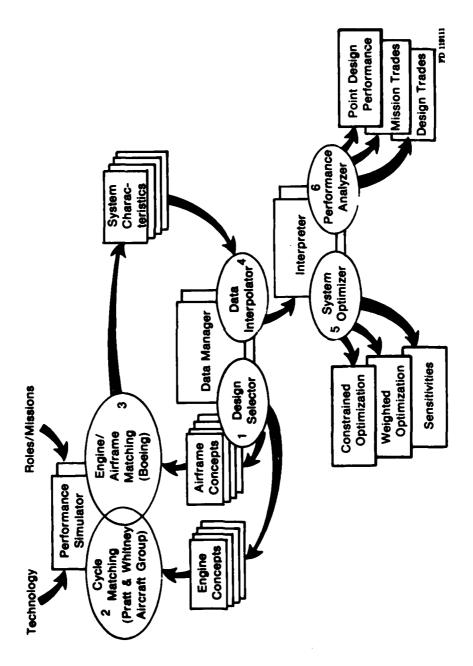


Figure 1. ARES Methodology

Combinations and levels of the key independent design variables are selected for use in defining overall system performance hardpoints. Levels and combinations of both airframe associated design variables (e.g. aspect ratio) and engine associated design variables are selected.

Engine performance data for all mission segments to be included in the mission analysis are generated for all selected engine associated design variable levels and combinations. An airframe/mission deck is then used to establish the system performance levels. The output from the airframe/mission deck, in terms of the dependent variable levels (Take-Off Gross Weight, mission segment operating thrust, TSFC, etc.) associated with the combinations and levels of the independent variables (airframe thrust/weight, cycle overall pressure ratio, etc.) comprise the data base for the ARES methodology. Since the data base includes both engine associated and airframe associated variables, interaction between engine and airframe variables may be studied.

A regression program is used to fit hypergeometric surfaces for any desired dependent variable. The use of the regression equations then permits interpolation of dependent variable solutions for independent variable combinations in addition to those comprising the data base to be determined. Thus, the expanded data base (the regression equations) actually constitute a series of multidimensional surfaces (one for each dependent variable regressed); where the number of dimensions is the number of independent variables in the regression equations. ARES used 2nd order polynomial regression equations for all surface fits.

An optimization program was developed under the ARES program. This optimization program searches the data base to find an optimum engine/airframe design combination by minimizing a specified figure-of-merit (e.g., TOGW) or maximizing a payoff function (mission segment range) subject to constraints on specified functions (e.g., maximum landing velocity). The optimization analysis uses the surface fit functions provided by the regression equations for its payoff and constraint functions. The program incorporates a penalty function technique which incorporates the constraints in the penalty function and a gradient search technique to minimize the penalty function to solve the constrained optimization problem. Any number of optima may be found and analyzed by repeated applications of the procedure with different combinations of constraints and payoff functions. Since this procedure is entirely computerized, the ARES methodology offers rapid assessment of alternative payoff functions, penalty functions, or constraint bands. Also, because the number of variable combinations can be large, the methodology can incorporate both engine and airframe independent variables. Thus, the data base includes engine/airframe interactive effects.

3. Limitations in the Methodology

Experience gained under the ARES and the AES programs has identified accuracy and cost as two dominant limitations of the TEVCS/ARES methodology.

Regression equation accuracy was determined to be the limiting factor in the overall accuracy of the methodology. In some cases, the accuracy level was found insufficient for adequate identification of the optimum independent variables.

The large propulsion data base required for the ARES/TEVCS evaluation process comprises a large part of the total data generation costs. Typically, 400 to 500 points per engine consisting of altitude, Mach number and power setting combinations were generated during the ARES evaluation. The orthogonal Latin Square selection procedure required a minimum of 121 specific engines for a 10-independent variable case (with five propulsion variables) resulting in a requirement of approximately 50,000 engine data points. Based on experience in ARES, the Boeing Company estimated that the propulsion data generation costs comprised 70% of the total.

The ARES/TEVCS procedures tend to be front-end loaded in that a good deal of time and effort can be expended before results become visible. Consequently, it is usually necessary for the engine company to conduct preliminary screening of advanced concepts to identify those that have potential. Avoidance of propulsion system concepts with limited potential is essential to the effective expenditure of resources. It is therefore advantageous to screen new concepts based on a realistic airframe data base during the concept formulation stage.

C. PROGRAM APPROACH

The principal objectives of the RSTEP Task IV study are to identify and evaluate alternative approaches to improve the accuracy of the TEVCS/ARES procedures used for conceptual airframe/engine system design studies, and, to reduce the cost of generating data. Relative to the AES methodology previously discussed, the Design Selector and Data Interpolator procedures are to be studied, and techniques for accuracy improvement and cost reduction are to be identified. In order to satisfy these requirements, four areas were selected for investigation:

- An alternative to the orthogonal Latin Square design selector
- Alternative approaches to improve the equation form
- The effect of numbers of independent variables on accuracy
- The effect of numbers of data points on accuracy.

A modified Central Composite Design (CCD) pattern was selected for this study to provide an alternative to the Latin Square design selector used in TEVCS/ARES. A discussion of this design selector is provided, and a comparison of the data requirements and cost is made with the Latin Square procedure. The CCD pattern provided an economical means to build from a 5-variable problem to a 10-variable problem so that the impact of the number of independent variables could be systematically studied. The CCD pattern also provided a convenient means to investigate the effect of numbers of data points used in the regression analysis for each number of independent variables.

A large number of possible approaches to improve the accuracy of the regression equations was evaluated, including several that are unique to this study. These approaches have been grouped into four methodologies. Each of these methodologies is considered individually, and the improvements attributed to each methodology are identified.

The four methodologies are briefly defined as follows:

- 1. Transformation Methodology This is the use of functions of a dependent variable (e.g. log TOGW) to provide various amounts of "weighting" to the least squares error function.
- 2. Role Reversal The role of a variable is traditionally defined as independent if it is an input variable, and dependent if it is an output solution. The Role Reversal technique regresses one of the independent variables as a function of both the dependent variable and the remaining independent variables.
- 3. Indirect Methodology This method utilizes physically derived relationships in an effort to improve regression accuracy. Usually two or three regression equations are required to define the desired dependent variable in terms of the independent variables.
- Optimized Polynomial Exponent This method is designed to improve the regression accuracy by determining the best polynomial exponents and order of the cross-product terms.

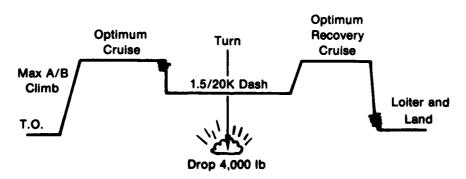
SECTION III TECHNICAL DISCUSSION

A. RSTEP VARIABLES AND DATA BASES

Development of the data used in the Regression Simulation of Turbine Engine Peformance (RSTEP) Task IV study was a joint effort by Pratt & Whitney Aircraft/Government Products Division and The Boeing Aerospace Company. A P&WA parametric gas turbine engine cycle matching program was used by Boeing to calculate preliminary steady-state engine performance data for a wide range of cycle variable combinations. Aircraft performance was also calculated by Boeing using the Boeing Engine Airplane Matching (BEAM) program. This work was performed under contract to P&WA.

The P&WA parametric engine computer program used in the RSTEP Task IV study is identical to that used in the Airplane Response Engine Selection (ARES) study, and provides performance and weight estimates for a fixed turbine geometry, mixed flow afterburning turbofan (P&WA computer deck CCD 0234-03.0). Boeing Company provided inlet and nozzle performance characteristics.

The Boeing airplane definition used in the RSTEP Task IV study is also the same as used in the ARES study. This model represents a tactical advanced technology aircraft, with fixed wing sweep, side mounted 2-D horizontal ramp inlets, and conformally carried weapons. The airplane model incorporates 1985 IOC technology throughout. The mission simulated was the same as the supersonic dash interdiction mission used in the ARES study. The mission profile is presented in figure 2. The distance from take-off to the start of dash (and the return from end of dash) was held fixed at 300 nm. For Phase I of the study, the dash radius (RADIUS) was also held constant (100 nm), and the airplane TOGW was a fall-out. For Phase II, the Take-Off Gross Weight, 1b, (TOGW) was fixed (an independent variable), and the supersonic dash radius was a fall-out.



Sizing Points:

- Acceleration Time (0.85-1.6/30K)
- Load Factor (0.9/30K)

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Figure 2. Interdiction Mission

Three data sets will be referred to within the report. Each of the data sets is unique, because each has different independent variables. The first is a data set used in the ARES study. This data set was not used in the RSTEP Task IV study, but is included for comparison. The other two data sets were used in the RSTEP Task IV study, and are referred to as Phase I data and Phase II data. A tabulation of the respective independent variables for these data sets is shown in table 1.

Table I. Independent Variables Used in ARES and RSTEP Task IV

Variable		RSTEP Task IV	RSTEP Task IV	Levels of Variables Studied			
Number	ARES	Phase I	Phase II	Low	Medium	High	
1	FPR	BPR	BPR	0.20	1.0	1.80	
2	TR	TR	TR	1.00	1.07	1.15	
3] W/S	W/S	W/S	80	100	120	
4	[T/W	T/W	T/W	0.70	1.00	1.30	
5	SWP	SWP	TOGW	40,000	60,000	80,000	
6	CET	Į.	CET	2400	2700	3000	
7) AR	J	SWP	35	50	65	
8) A8		A8	-1	0	+1	
9	OPR		OPR	20	25	30	
10	t/c		AR	1.5	2.5	3.5	
TOGW	50,000 tb	Dependent Variable	Variable				
AR	Independent Variable	Scheduled	Independent Variable				
		Fixed	Fixed				
RADIUS	Dependent Variable	Fixed	Variable				

For the Phase I data, TOGW was selected as the dependent variable for a fixed value of RADIUS. As a result of evaluation of the five variable Phase I data, the decision was made to change the procedure and calculate RADIUS (the dependent variable), and select TOGW as one of the independent variables. The complete study was then made with Phase II data. The decision to change to the Phase II data set was made for the following reasons: (1) It was suggested that RADIUS could be fit more accurately than TOGW, (2) some combinations of independent variables produced unrealistically large TOGW's, or could not converge to a solution, and (3) it takes less computer time to calculate RADIUS for a given TOGW.

Boeing conceived the concept of negative dash radius to provide RADIUS values for all combinations of independent variables. The choice of TOGW as an independent variable turned out to provide additional flexibility and improved regression accuracy as a result of Role Reversal and Quadratic solution methods which were developed in this study.

Although regressions of TOGW and RADIUS received the most attention in this study, regressions of take-off distance (T.O. distance), combat acceleration time (accel time), combat load factor (g-load), and landing velocity (velocity) were also made to determine if any unique problems developed.

A listing of the Phase II data including values of independent and dependent variables is presented in Appendix A.

B. DATA SELECTION PATTERNS

The design selection patterns in common use are described briefly below:

1. Orthogonal Latin Square (OLS)

The TEVCS/ARES procedure uses the orthogonal Latin square method to select independent variable combinations for examination. A detailed description of the OLS procedure

is not presented in this report because this information is available in the TEVCS and ARES reports (Ref 1 and 2). Briefly, a Latin Square is an array of numbers (or objects) which are arranged in such a way that each number appears once and only once in each row and column combination. For the three variable case a cube can be visualized in three dimensions with data points appearing only once in each row/column combination. See figure 3. One advantage of this method is that only a small number of data points are required for large (e.g. 10) numbers of independent variables. One of the disadvantages is that a large number of engines are required in the design matrix; a different engine for each data point. The number of data points is evenly distributed in design space with no possible correlation between variables.

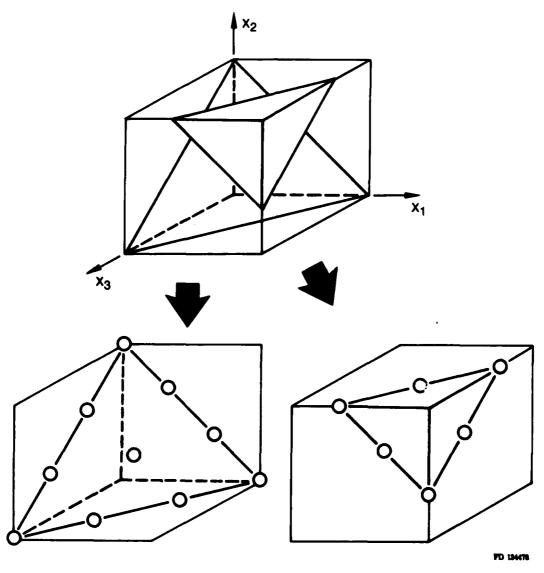


Figure 3. Isometric of Three Variable Latin Squares Pattern

2. AES Experience with Latin Squares

Under Advanced Engine Simulation Study (AES), provision was made to revert to the traditional approach of determining system optimum and its drivers if the accuracy problem was too great, the traditional approach being an evaluation of the figure-of-merit by varying one independent variable at a time. As it turned out, accuracy was a problem, and it was elected to combine the traditional approach with a regression analysis approach based on a variation of the central composite design (CCD) pattern that had been used several times by P&WA in previous system studies. Five of the key independent variables were selected for regression analysis: Fan Pressure Ratio (FPR), Throttle Ratio (TR), Thrust to Weight Ratio (T/W), Wing Loading (W/S), and Wing Leading Edge Sweep Angle (SWEEP). The result was successful, and the trend curves obtained from the regression equations satisfactorily matched those obtained from the data points.

3. Central Composite Design (CCD)

Central composite design patterns in many variations are in common use in response surface methodology. The pattern for a three variable case can be visualized in three dimensions as a cube with a data point at each corner, a point in the center of each face, and a point in the center of the cube, as shown in figure 4.

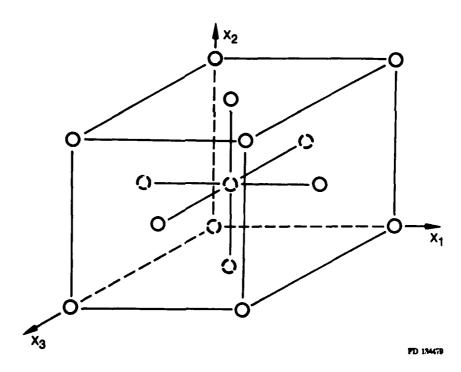


Figure 4. Isometric of Three Variable Central Composite Design Pattern

With this design pattern, many cross-plots can readily be made and cross-coupling terms defined. As the number of independent variables increases, the number of corner points goes up dramatically (2ⁿ), while the number of face points only increases by 2n. It, therefore, becomes

expedient to reduce the number of corner points to reduce the cost of data generation. The equation for number of points becomes:

$$\frac{2^n}{2^k} + 2n = 1$$

for k = 0 all corner points are used (full replication)

k = 1 one-half the corner points are used (half replication)

k = 2 one-quarter of the corner points are used (quarter replication)

k = 3 one-eighth of the corner points are used (eighth replication)

The 5-variable Phase II data pattern is shown in figure 5.

The solid points shown are included in the half replication pattern, while all the points shown are used in the full replication pattern. In data generation, the low (L), mid (M), and high (H) values of a variable are not always the same. At some of the corner points where upper and lower limit combinations of a variable are to be used, a converged solution is not always obtainable. For example, because of constraints built into the parametric engine cycle deck, a 1.6 BPR is the highest (compared to the nominal high of 1.8 BPR) that can be obtained with the high value of throttle ratio and the low value of turbine temperature. Data for the 1.6 BPR engine was substituted for that point, and the value of 1.6 was used for the independent variable (BPR) in the regression analysis. This procedure did not appear to cause any problems in the regression analysis, and allowed generation of all data to meet the pattern requirements.

Table 2 presents the number of data points required as a function of the number of variables for both the CCD and OLS patterns.

The number of points shown for the OLS design results from a criteria that the number of points must be equal to integer powers of prime numbers. For full replication CCD pattern, the number of data points increases significantly for the CCD pattern as the number of variables increases. For this reason, it becomes desirable to reduce replication at high numbers of variables. As the corner points are eliminated, the ability to obtain desired cross plots diminishes and confounding of effects of variable cross products can occur. One of the objectives of this study is to determine the lowest replication which provides acceptable accuracy for each number of variables. A reasonable goal would be to achieve acceptable accuracy with quarter replication of 10 variables.

Even though the required number of data points can be large for a 10-variable problem, the number of engine cycle combinations required would be small. The required number of engine cycles for a given number of engine variables can be obtained from table 2 by interpreting "number of variables" as "number of engine variables" using full replication values. Hence, even with a 10-variable problem, only 43 engine cycle combinations would be required, assuming 5 engine variables. With the current distribution of data cost generation, the 121 points used in Latin squares could be increased to about 400 points for a CCD pattern for the same cost. This greatly improves the pattern density, which is always an advantage.

Figure 5. Schematic of Five Variable CCD Pattern

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Table 2. Variation of Data Points With the Number of Independent Variables

Number of Variables	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Number of Points:								
Orthogonal								
Latin Square	16	25	49	49	64	81	121	121
CCD								
full replication $(k = 0)$	15	25	43	77	143	273	531	1,045
1/2 replication (k = 1)	11	17	27	45	79	145	275	533
$\frac{1}{4}$ replication $(k = 2)$						81	147	277
1/8 replication (k = 3)								149
All Possible Interactions (Three Levels)	27	81	243	729	2,187	6,561	19,683	59,049

C. RSTEP TASK IV DATA SELECTION

A modified Central Composite Design (CCD) data selection pattern was selected for use in the RSTEP Task IV study. The CCD pattern offers several advantages for this type of study: (1) defined replication patterns provide a methodical way to study the effects of numbers of data points, and (2) commonality of data points for all variables studied provides a potential cost saving compared to the Latin Squares approach.

Table 3 shows the CCD variable replication combinations selected for study to minimize costs of data generation.

Table 3. Replication Patterns Selected for Study

Numbers of Variables	5	6	7	8	9	10
Full Replication	X	X	X	X		
Half Replication	X	X	X	X	X	
Quarter Replication				X	Х	X

The CCD data selection pattern is a fractional factorial design experiment and as such there are fractional replication patterns of the experiment. The fractional replications are defined and can be used to methodically select reduced numbers of data points from within a full data set in order to study the effects of reduced numbers of data upon regression accuracy.

The procedure used in this study was to calculate the 5-variable data set holding all the other independent variables at a fixed value. Then additional independent variables are added one at a time until 10 independent variables have been evaluated. As the number of variables is increased in this fashion, many of the data points that are required for the new variable are common with those calculated for previous cases. This provides economy in data generation as additional variables are added. The advantages of commonality of data points for the CCD pattern can be seen in table 4, which shows the number of data points required for each level of replication of 5 through 10 variables. In addition, the number of points each variable has in common with previous variables is shown in column 2. Column 3 shows the total numbers of data points generated for each variable-replication combination, including those data points that are common to previous results. Data points that are eliminated fall into the category of check points which are data points, excluded from the regression data set, but are available for inspection. One source of these check points is data points left over when half (or quarter) replication of a variable is studied, but full (or half) replication data are available. A progressively larger source of check points is also available as the number of variables is increased because not all points used with

the lesser number of variables is required at the increased variable number level. Values of the independent variables for each check point are substituted into the regression equation to determine the value of the dependent variable for each check point. The value of the calculated dependent variable can then be compared (checked) with the appropriate check data.

Table 4. CCD Pattern Data Point Requirements Variable Build-Up Procedure

Number	of Variables, n Replication	Points Required For CCD	Points Common To Previous Variable	Total Points Generated by Build-Up From 5 Variables	Total Check Points Available
	Full	43	0*	43	0
5	Half	27	0*	43	16
	Quarter	_	_	_	_
	Full	77	33	87	10
6	Half	45	17	87	42
	Quarter	_	_	_	
	Full	143	65	165	22
7	Half	79	33	165	86
	Quarter	_	-	_	_
	Fuli	273	129	309	36
8	Half	145	65	309	164
	Quarter	81	33	309	228
	Full	Not Considered			
9	Half	275	129	455	180
	Quarter	147	65	455	308
	Full	Not Considered			
10	Half	Not Considered			
	Quarter	277	129	603	326

OLS VS CCD COST COMPARISON

One of the objectives of this study was to reduce the cost of data generation. Although the orthogonal Latin Square was not directly evaluated as part of this study, an analysis was made of the cost of engine data generation and the cost of BEAM airframe/mission data generation. These results were then used to estimate the data generation costs for the OLS and CCD design selectors.

Table 5 presents the number of data points by type (i.e., numbers of engine combinations and number of independent variables, as used in this study). The number of data points shown for the OLS data selector are the values recommended by Boeing, based on their experience from ARES and other studies. The number of data points shown for the CCD data selector are based on the results of this study, as will be shown in the Presentation of Results. Note that for 5- and 6-variable problems, the OLS design selector requires more data points than the CCD design selector, but at higher numbers of independent variables, the reverse is true. However, in all cases, the number of engine cycles that require data generation is always much less for the CCD pattern. Since the cost to generate engine data is much higher than the cost to generate airframe/mission data, there will be a reduction in the total cost of CCD data generation. At the same time, the CCD design selector provides more than twice the data (for 9 and 10 variables) for potentially improved regression accuracy.

Table 5. Design Selector Case Comparison

Independent Variables			Orthogonal Latin Squares			Central Composite Design			
Total	A/C	Eng	Total	A/C	Eng	Total	A/C	Eng	Notes
5	3	2	49	49	49	27	15	9	Half Replication
6	3	3	49	49	49	45	15	15	Half Replication
7	4	3	64	64	64	79	25	15	Half Replication
8	4	4	81	81	81	145	25	25	Half Replication
9	4	5	121	121	121	275	25	43	Half Replication
10	5	5	121	121	121	277	43	43	Quarter Replication

Table 6 presents the relative cost of data generation for 10 variable OLS and CCD data patterns. In this example, it can be seen that the cost of the OLS engine data generation is more than the total cost of data generation for the CCD pattern. And, the total cost of OLS data generation is 29% more than that of the CCD pattern. Furthermore, the pattern for the engine data represents full replication data of the engine independent variables; therefore, the engine data itself can be regressed and/or used in other studies with different numbers of non-engine independent variables.

Table 6. Ten Variable Case Cost Comparison Five Airframe, Five Engine Variable

	CCD ¼ Repl	Latin Squares
Number of Engines	43	121
Number of Aircraft	43	121
Total Missions	277	121
Cost of Engine Data	0.44	1.02
Cost of Missions	0.56	0.27
Total Cost	1.00	1.29

Figure 6 presents the total cost of OLS data generation relative to CCD data generation total cost. For 5-independent variables, the OLS cost is 2.5 times the CCD cost. The OLS cost relative to the CCD cost generally decreases with increasing numbers of variables, but at the 9-and 10-variable level, the OLS cost is still 29% greater than the CCD cost.

性. REGRESSION ANALYSIS METHOD

The regression technique employed in RSTEP Task IV is a classical least squares procedure utilizing a pivoting matrix inversion subroutine. This particular computerized regression routine is capable of handling multiple variable, non-integer power, polynomial forms. The routine has backward elimination capability using a t-statistic criteria. Normalization of variables was not used since it was determined that normalization has no impact upon the accuracy of surface fits.

The regression routine was modified and incorporated into a computer program with automated data handling capabilities as a convenience for handling BEAM output and for evaluating methods developed in this study. The capabilities include:

- Transformation and retransformation of dependent variables for both regressed and check data.
- Calculation of quadratic solutions for independent variables from 2nd order polynomial regression equation forms.

• Error statistic analysis for indirect methods that use regressed variables as independent and dependent variables.

A sample computer printout from this routine is presented in Appendix B for a 7-variable half replication case.

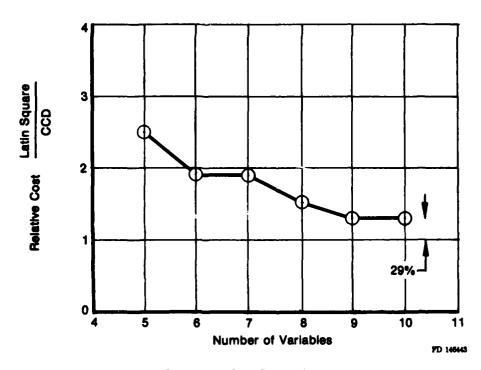


Figure 6. Relative Data Generation Cost Comparison

SECTION IV DISCUSSION OF TECHNIQUES

A. TRANSFORMATION METHODOLOGY

1. Transformation Development — Phase I Data

The first and most important of the five methodologies presented is the Transformation method. Transformation methods, as defined in this report, utilize functions of the dependent variable (e.g. log TOGW) to obtain better regression surface accuracy. Transformations of this type are equivalent to regressing a dependent variable in terms of multiple order, multiple term power functions. Although use of this method is not new, the interpretation of the use of the transformations and the development of a parametric family of transformations is believed to be unique to this study.

As noted previously, the study utilized two data sets, Phase I data and Phase II data. Transformation methods have been applied to both data sets, although the development of the systematic approach was evolved during the study of Phase I data.

Five engine/aircraft variables were considered in Phase I. Traditional least squares quadratic regression of the dependent variable TOGW as a function of Wing Loading (W/S), Byps. Ratio (BPR), Throttle Ratio (TR), Thrust to Weight Ratio (T/W), and Leading Edge Sweep Angle (SWEEP) resulted in errors greater than 30%. For dependent variables that have a wide range of values over a design region, the least squares procedure tends to result in smaller percentage errors at large values and larger percent errors at small values. This happens because the least squares procedure minimizes the sum of the squares of the differences and not the sum of the squares of the percent differences. As shown in figure 7, the difference between observed and regressed values (Δ TOGW) varies over a wide range ($45k \rightarrow 153k$) of values of TOGW. Transformations of the dependent variable can be used to produce a more uniform percentage error distribution over the range of values of a dependent variable; or, to improve the accuracy of either the small or large value end of the dependent variable range. One method of interpreting transformations is to consider them as analogous to providing various amounts of weighting to the least squares error function. This is not to be confused with the classical weighting function normally used in regression analysis.

If, for example, we examine function $y = \log (TOGW)$, the differential of this function is given by $\Delta y = \Delta TOGW/TOGW$, the criterion of least squares minimizes an error function $(\Delta y)^2 = (y_{observed} - y_{calculated})^2$. Because of the log transformation, minimizing the sum of $(\Delta y)^2$ is analogous to minimizing the sum of the squares of percent error of the original dependent variable, TOGW. The log transformation, in effect, "weights" the error differences ($\Delta TOGW$) by the inverse of the value of the dependent variable. This tends to improve the fit at low values of the dependent variable. The improvement in the fitting of the Phase I TOGW dependent variable using the log transformation is shown in figure 8. For all cases where transformations are used, the figures-of-merit for the regression accuracy are based on the error in the untransformed values of the dependent variable. Comparison of these data with the untransformed data shows that the maximum percent error is significantly reduced and the percent error for all the data is improved.

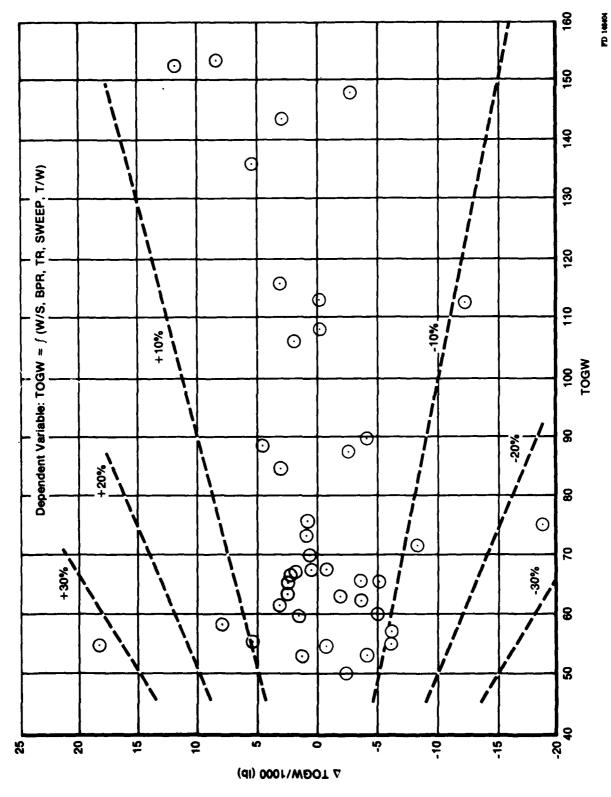


Figure 7. Distribution of $\Delta TOGW$ for Conventional Regression

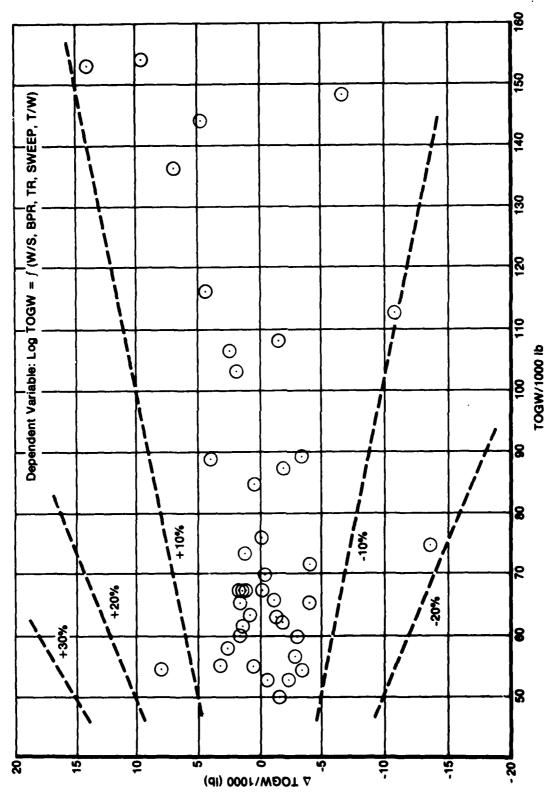


Figure & Distribution of ATOGW for Log Transformation Regression

Closer examination of the differential form shows that a family of transformations can be defined which have different "weighting" effects on the error differences. In general, the differential form of the dependent variable can be defined as $\Delta y \alpha$ (Δ TOGW) TOGW, where N is defined in this report as the derivative exponent. Thus for the log transformation N = -1, and the N for the untransformed case is, by definition, equal to zero. Figure 9 presents the family of transformations derived using TOGW as an example of the dependent variable. Note that for N < 0, only dependent variables with values greater than zero can be considered for transformation. In practice this can be overcome by adding a constant to all dependent variable values to produce positive values.

The dramatic effect of using transformations of the dependent variable can be seen in figure 10. In this study, the selection of the transformation $y = TOGW^{-1}$ (i.e., the derivative exponent = -2) results in the largest reduction in the maximum percent error (from 30% to 11.9%), while reducing the average error as well. For comparison with the two previous error distribution curves, figure 11 shows the error distribution for the inverse transformation. As shown, the errors of prediction in the region of most interest (lower values of TOGW) are, in general, lower than those of the conventional untransformed regression results. In addition, lower percent errors were obtained over the entire range of TOGW values considered.

The generalized development of transformations does not preclude their use for other dependent variables. Transformations have also been used to improve the regression accuracy of takeoff distance and combat acceleration time. Figures 12 and 13 show the dramatic improvement in maximum and average percent errors of each of these variables for a range of derivative exponents. While transformation methodology has shown significant accuracy improvement for these variables, some variables such as combat g-loading and landing velocity had excellent fits without transformations (i.e., N=0). As shown, transformations of TOGW data enabled us to substantially reduce prediction error for Phase I data. However, the resulting errors were still higher than desirable considering that only five independent variables were used.

General Form: $\Delta y \alpha$ ($\Delta TOGW$) $TOGW^{N}$

Transformation	Differential Form	Derivative Exponent, N
y = TOGW ² = f (Independent Variables)	Δyα (ΔTOGW) TOGW	+1
y = TOGW = f (Independent Variables)	$\Delta y \alpha \Delta TOGW$	0
y = log (TOGW) = f (Independent Variables)	$\Delta y \alpha = \frac{(\Delta TOGW)}{TOGW}$	-1
$y = (TOGW)^{-n} = f (Independent Variables)$	$\Delta y \alpha = \frac{(\Delta TOGW)}{TOGW^{14}}$	-11/2
$y = (TOGW)^{-1} = f (Independent Variables)$	$\Delta y_{\alpha} = \frac{(\Delta TOGW)}{TOGW^2}$	-2
		PD 146

Figure 9. Transformations of TOGW

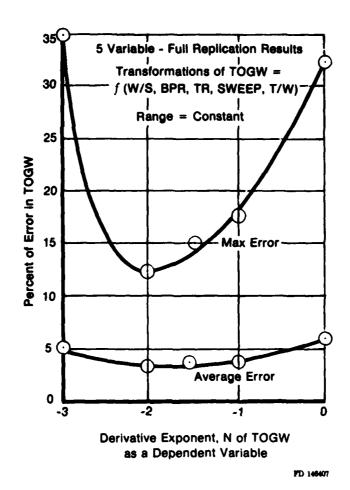


Figure 10. Effect of Transformations on TOGW as a Dependent Variable

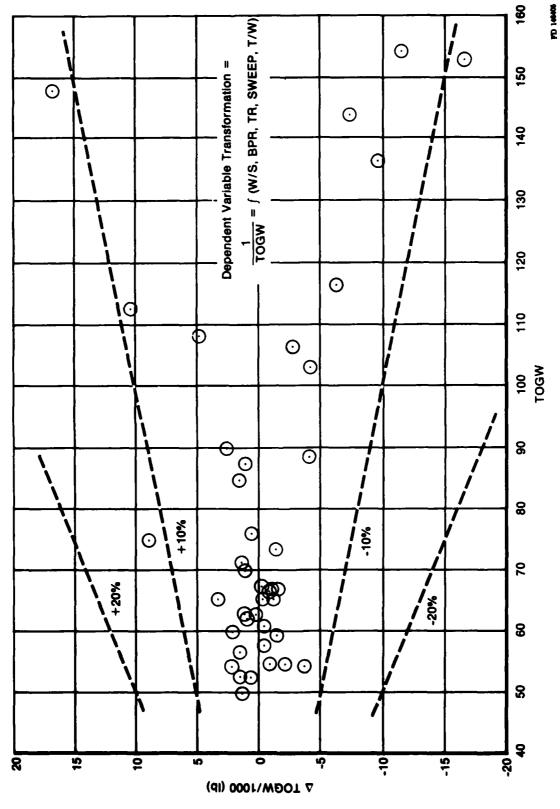


Figure 11. Distribution of $\Delta TOGW$ for the Inverse Transformed Variable



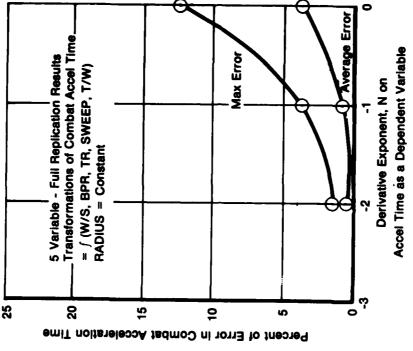


Figure 13. Effect of Transformations on Acceleration Time as a Dependent Variable

2

Percent of Error in Takeoff Distance

5

25

8

2. Transformations — Phase II Data

a. RADIUS as a Dependent Variable

RADIUS as a dependent variable presents several problems. First, not all combinations of independent variables provide a positive dash radius. Therefore, Boeing Company conceived the concept of negative dash radius. Although this is mathematically correct, it has no physical meaning. This concept of negative dash radius provides a continuous surface to fit and provides sufficient data to complete the data selection pattern. This concept was also used previously in the ARES study.

Total mission RADIUS was regressed for RSTEP in order to apply the transformation methods (i.e., Radius > 0), but actual delta dash radius statistics were used for the figure-of-merit. The results are shown in figure 14. It is not clear from these results that regressing RADIUS is more accurate than regressing TOGW as was done with the Phase I data. This comparison will be addressed further in the following section.

b. Quadratic Solution

A method for evaluating the regression accuracy of RADIUS as a dependent variable can be obtained by observing that the regression equation form used is quadratic and that an exact closed form solution exists for any one of the independent variables in terms of the other variables.

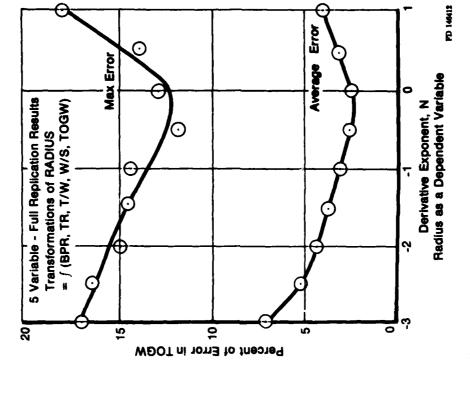
RADIUS* =
$$f$$
 (TOGW,) { Quadratic Equation}

TOGW = $\frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$ { Quadratic Solution}

NOTE: *May be transformed function.

Hence, TOGW can be obtained by Quadratic solution of the regression equation for RADIUS. Observed values for RADIUS can be substituted into this equation and TOGW calculated and compared with known values. This method also has the advantage of being able to solve the problem of determining minimum TOGW for a given Radius requirement.

Combining the Transformation and Quadratic solution methodologies we find in figure 15 that the best transformation provides a maximum error of 11.8% and a 3.4% average percent error. Note that this error is similar to the 11.9% max percent error and 3.6% average error result from the Phase I data.



Error

Max

O

8

5 Variable - Full Replication Results
Transformations of RADIUS
= / (W/S, BPR, TR, SWEEP, T/W)

8

Figure 14. Effect of Transformations on RADIUS as a Dependent Variable as a Function of Five Variables



PD 146410

Radius as a Dependent Variable

Derivative Exponent, N

0

Figure 15. Effect of Transformations on TOGW Calculated by Quadratic Solution of RADIUS as a Function of Five Variables

0

(MN) SUIDAR shed

15

Average Error

B. ROLE REVERSAL METHODOLOGY

An alternative method for using the Phase II data base is to apply a method defined in this report as Role Reversal. The Phase II data set chosen for study uses TOGW as a mission input (independent variable) with RADIUS as an output (dependent variable) of the mission calculation. The traditional approach is to regress RADIUS (dependent variable) as a function of TOGW and the other independent variables. This approach would address the question of predicting RADIUS for a given TOGW. A problem of greater interest is to predict TOGW for a given RADIUS. For this problem it would be more convenient to use TOGW as the dependent variable and RADIUS as the independent variable. Thus, the Role Reversal methodology is to reverse the roles of these two variables, and regress TOGW as a function of RADIUS, W/S, BPR, TR, etc. Comparison of regressed values of TOGW with the hard point data input to the mission simulation becomes the figure-of-merit. The Role Reversal methodology combined with transformation methods described previously has proved to be effective in improving TOGW regression accuracy.

The improvement in regression accuracy using the Role Reversal technique for TOGW as compared to the quadratic solution for TOGW from Radius regressions is shown in figure 16. Transformations combined with Role Reversal methodology reduce the maximum percent error from 12% to 7% and reduces the average percent error from 3.5% to 2%. Observe that the most effective transformation for Role Reversal combined with Transformation methodologies is the log (TOGW). This differs from the reciprocal transformation shown to be the best for the Phase I data.

An interesting side result of using Role Reversal occurs when the quadratic solution is applied to the TOGW regression equation (in which Role Reversal was used), and RADIUS is calculated. This result is shown in figure 17 along with the result for direct regression of RADIUS. The RADIUS prediction by Role Reversal and Quadratic solution is significantly more accurate than direct RADIUS regression. The implication here is that the TOGW surface can be regressed more accurately than the RADIUS surface.

A summary of the accuracy improvements provided by the Transformation and Role Reversal Methodologies is presented in figure 18. Case A, the untransformed baseline, had a very large maximum error of 33.6%. Case B is the result of applying the best TOGW transformation. It yielded a reduction in maximum error from 33.6% to 11.9%, and a reduction in average absolute error from 5.8% to 3.6%. A shift to Phase II data which had TOGW as an independent variable permitted application of Role Reversal methodology. Case C represents the best radius transformation regression, with TOGW being calculated by quadratic solution. This yields results very similar to the Phase I transformed data. Case D has Role Reversal applied, and further improvement in accuracy is achieved.

C. INDIRECT METHODOLOGY

Discussion of Methodology

Another approach studied as part of this contract utilizes physically derived relationships in an effort to improve regression accuracy. Variables such as fuel fraction, propulsion fraction, engine diameter, and engine length are used as independent variables in the regression of RADIUS, TOGW, etc. The method is termed indirect because the physically derived variables are first regressed in terms of the basic 5 through 10 design variables. Then, the equations of these variables are used to supply input for calculating dependent variables such as TOGW from a regression equation containing the physically derived variables.

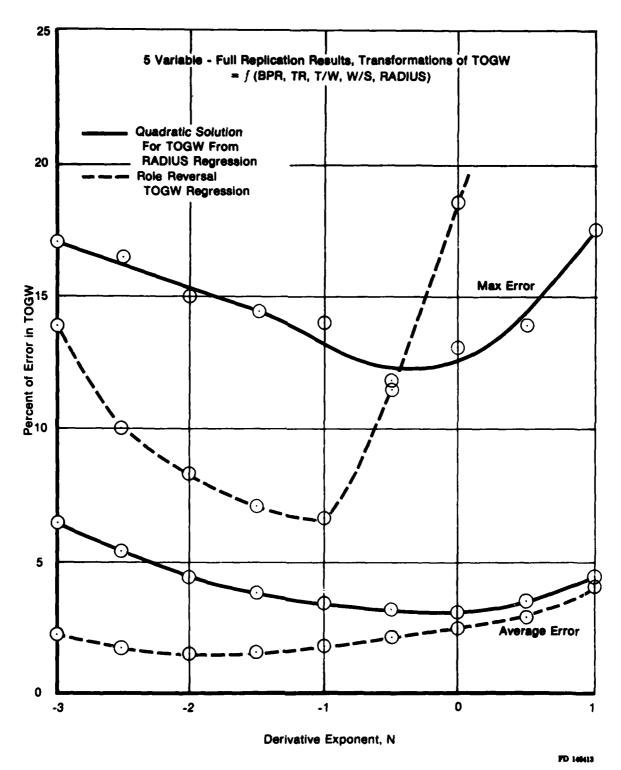


Figure 16. Effect of Role Reversal on Regressed Values of TOGW as a Function of Five Variables

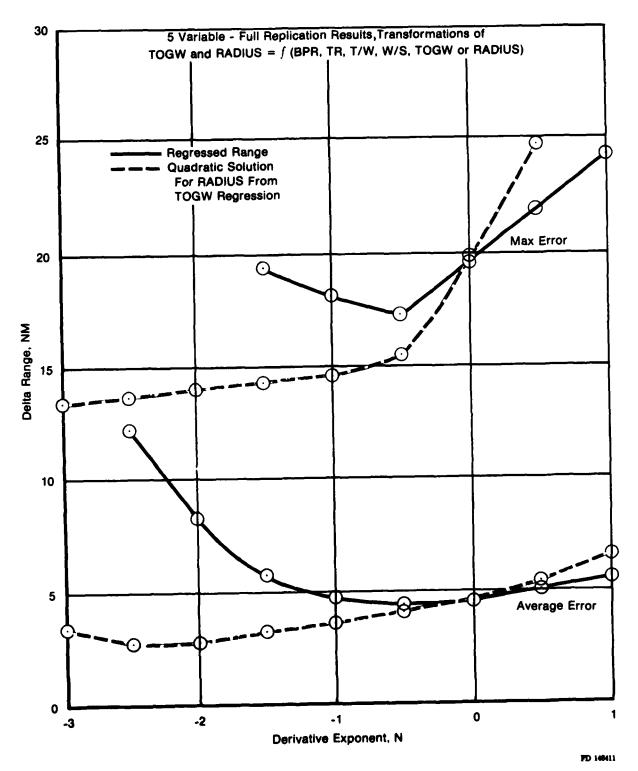


Figure 17. Comparison of RADIUS Errors — Regressed Range vs Quadratic Solution for Range from a Five Variable Regression of TOGW

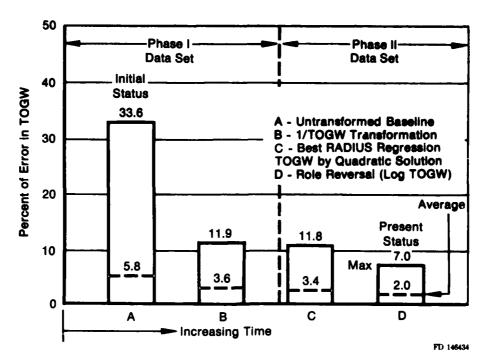


Figure 18. Impact of Transformation and Role Reversal Methodologies on Regression Accuracy — Five Variable Regression

This method has not been shown to provide significantly better regression accuracy compared to more direct methods even when Transformation and Role Reversal methodologies are applied.

2. Phase I Data Results

The approach taken is based on the characteristic relationship of TOGW as a function of propulsion plus fuel weight fractions instead of engine cycle variables. The propulsion and fuel weight fractions can be regressed separately as a function of the engine cycle and aircraft variables.

Results for indirect regression of TOGW for the 5 variable case are presented in figure 19 to illustrate the methodology. As shown, the histogram is divided into the best results for Phase I data using direct regression of TOGW (IA) and two indirect regressions of TOGW. The result represented by IB utilizes the sum of fuel and propulsion fractions and engine length and diameter as independent variables (in addition to W/S and SWEEP) as shown below:

$$TOGW^{-1} = f\left(\frac{W_{fuel} + W_{propulsion}}{TOGW}, Diameter, Length, W/S, Sweep\right)$$

Regressed values for the physically derived variables, W_{fuel} + W_{propulsion}/TOGW, engine diameter, and engine length (obtained from the best transformation fits) are substituted into a regression equation for TOGW obtained by fitting only observed values for the basic and physically derived variables in order to determine the error in predicting TOGW. As shown in figure V-13, the approach represented by IB results in maximum and average absolute percent errors considerably greater than the direct approach IA.

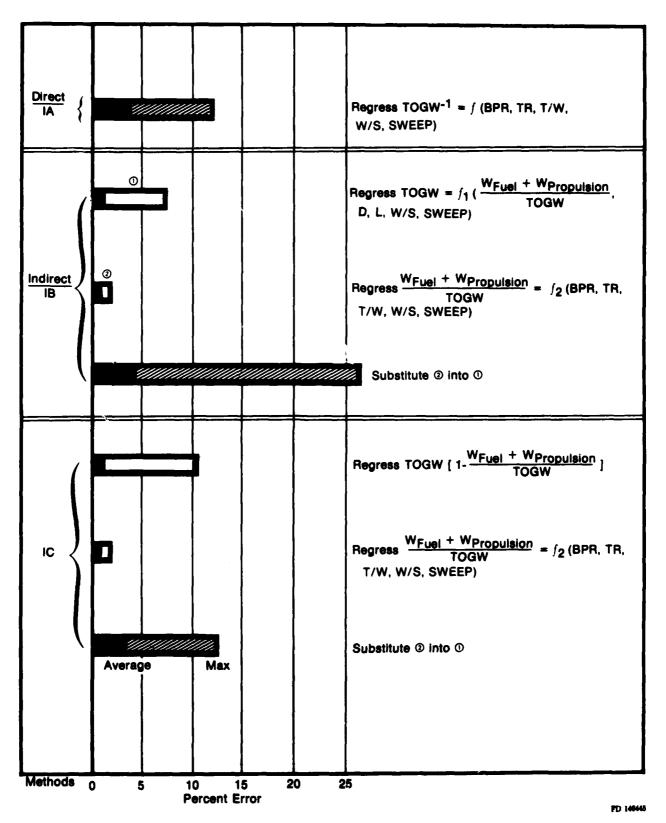


Figure 19. Summary of Indirect Methods for Phase I Data

The second approach to the indirect method, IC, utilizes the physically derived relationships in the dependent variable rather than as an independent variable as shown below:

TOGW
$$\left(1 - \frac{W_{\text{fuel}} + W_{\text{propulsion}}}{\text{TOGW}}\right) = f \text{ (W/S, BPR, TR, T/W, SWEEP)}$$

for determining the TOGW error, regressed value of fuel plus propulsion fraction were used.

Very good accuracy (maximum error $\sim 1.5\%$) was obtained for the regression of fuel plus propulsion fraction as a function of the basic, five independent variables (BPR, TR, W/S, T/W, SWEEP). The good fit indicates that the fuel plus propulsion fraction is a fundamental parameter. However, regression of the function

$$TOGW \left(1 - \frac{W_{fuel} + W_{propulsion}}{TOGW}\right)$$

resulted in about 10% maximum error, yielding a combined error of 12% for TOGW, as shown in figure 19. These results show that the indirect methods utilizing physically derived relationships yield regression accuracies about the same as direct regression. However, the possibility remains that another variation of Indirect methods could provide improvement.

3. Phase II Data Results

The approach taken with the Phase II data with Radius as a variable was to regress TOGW as a function of some form of fuel fraction ($W_{rue}/TOGW$) rather than RADIUS as an independent variable. Once a regression equation for TOGW is obtained, then the second step is to regress the form of fuel fraction as a function of RADIUS (and BPR, TR, T/W, and W/S for a five variable case). The third step is to calculate values for the appropriate form of fuel fraction from step two and substitute them into the step one equation for TOGW.

The first attempt at this process quickly yielded promising results. By regressing the following equation:

$$TOGW^{-1} = \left(\frac{W_{fuel}}{TOGW}, BPR, TR, T/W, W/S\right),$$

it was found that the maximum percent error in TOGW was only 0.9%. Three other variations in the form of fuel fraction were also tried in order to further improve this result.

Results of regression analysis of TOGW using these variations are shown in figure 20. This figure summarizes the Phase II indirect methods results, and compares the results with direct regression of TOGW, method IIA. (The steps required to solve for TOGW are shown) for each method presented. The first results are shown as method IIB. As shown, the error in magnitude of 3.0% of fuel fraction is not good enough because TOGW is very sensitive to fuel fraction. Method IIC produced an improvement in fuel fraction prediction by applying a TOGW correction factor to the fuel fraction to account for size effects on the aircraft drag. The coefficient, 0.15, was obtained by parametric optimization. Overall results for IIC show no overall improvement over indirect method IIB. Method IID is another variation on fuel fraction form. The log form used for the fuel fraction was derived from the Breguet range equation. The overall effect of IID produced a small improvement in accuracy over IIC, but still not as good as IIB.

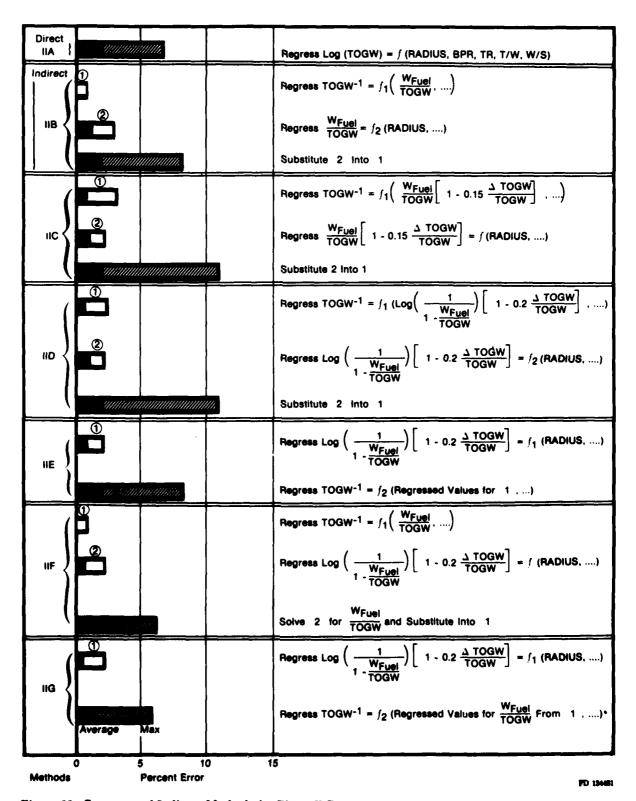


Figure 20. Summary of Indirect Methods for Phase II Data

Of all the methods examined, method IIG offers the best accuracy of the indirect methods, but it is only marginally better than the direct method, IIA. Note that the indirect methods that incorporate TOGW correction factor (Δ TOGW/TOGW) to the fuel fraction (such as IIG) are actually transcendental and the solution presented is based upon the first estimate for TOGW in the correction term being equal to the observed value of TOGW. The approximation is reasonable since the term represents a small correction to the fuel fraction. A rigorous solution would require an iterative procedure. It is probably doubtful that the small improvement offered by the best indirect method over the direct regression is worth the added complication in the calculating procedure.

D. OPTIMIZED POLYNOMIAL EXPONENT METHODOLOGY

The Optimized Polynomial Exponent method is designed to improve the surface fits by determining the best form and order of the combined polynomial and cross product regression equation terms. A computerized program was assembled from existing subroutines to determine the exponents of each of the elements of the terms of a generalized regression equation by a stochastic search and optimization process; and, to determine the coefficients of these terms in the resulting equation, by a least squares regression method.

The generalized form of the equation used (for a 5-variable problem) is shown in Figure 21. By inspection, the equation is capable of producing multiple order polynomial and triple cross product terms with non-integer exponents. The exponents and coefficients of the terms of the generalized equation are calculated in the fashion shown in the schematic, figure 22. The computerized method is started by selecting values for each of the exponents in the generalized regression equation in a random manner from within a range of exponents having both upper and lower bounds (e.g. $2 \le n \le 2$). When specific exponents are applied, the equation formed is termed a specific regression equation. The next step in the computerized method is a standard least squares regression of the dependent variable in terms of the defined specific regression equation. A single figure-of-merit characterising the performance of the regression is identified by the user. Examples of types of figures-of-merit are: Maximum percent error, standard error of estimate, max delta, etc. The procedure selects a group of 50 (input variable) specific regression equations, each of which has randomly chosen exponents. The figure-of-merit is used within the CROP stochastic search module to first narrow the limits or bounds of potential exponents and then to stochastically select the next 50 sets of exponents for the generalized regression equation. The iteration is continued until the best set of exponents within the original range is selected to yield the best figure-of-merit resulting in a complete regression equation for the dependent variable of

The CROP (Cluster Recognition Optimization Program) module is a P&WA developed program used previously on a wide variety of multi-variable optimization problems. It uses an accelerated stochastic search technique designed to select combinations of parameters that improve a prescribed figure-of-merit using multiple cluster recognition logic. In CROP, the parameters selected at random are the exponents; and, successive iterations result in a narrowing of the search bounds of the exponents in order to group together, or cluster, potential solutions to speed up convergence on the best set of exponents. This particular routine is capable of recognizing multiple sets of exponents (i.e., multiple clusters) that are valid.

This method was applied to the Phase II data only. A summary of the analysis results are presented in tables 7 and 9 for a variety of equation forms and replication patterns for the five variable data set. The method is considered to be rather expensive considering that 2 million potential exponents are evaluated during a typical analysis. Therefore, its use was limited in this study to very selective cases and only to problems of fitting TOGW.

Generalized form of the regression equation for the Optimized Polynomial Exponent Method

$$f = a_0 + a_1 x^{M1} + a_2 x^{M2} + a_3 x^{M3} + a_4 x^{M4} + a_5 x^{M6} + a_6 x^{M6}$$

$$+ a_7 x^{M7} + a_6 x^{M9} + a_5 x^{M9} + a_{10} x^{M10}$$

$$+ a_{11} x^{M11} x^{M12} x^{M19} + a_{12} x^{M14} x^{M18} x^{M16}$$

$$+ a_{16} x^{M17} x^{M16} x^{M19} + a_{14} x^{M20} x^{M21} x^{M20}$$

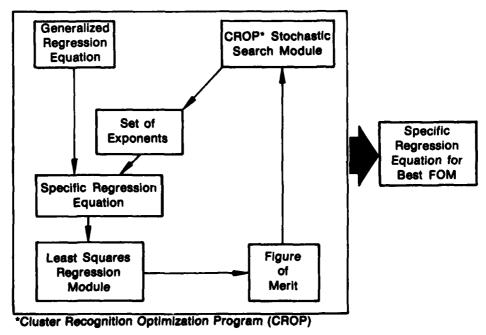
$$+ a_{16} x^{M29} x^{M29} x^{M29} + a_{16} x^{M29} x^{M27} x^{M29}$$

$$+ a_{17} x^{M24} x^{M29} x^{M27} + a_{18} x^{M28} x^{M29} x^{M29}$$

$$+ a_{19} x^{M39} x^{M39} x^{M39} x^{M37} + a_{20} x^{M39} x^{M39} x^{M49}$$

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Figure 21. Generalized Form of the Regression Equation for the Optimized Polynomial Exponent Method



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Figure 22. Cluster Recognition Optimization Program (CROP)

Table 7. Effect of Optimizing Exponents upon TOGW, Full Replication.

	Fit Deck	Optimized Polynomial Exponent Deck			
	Fix Single Term Exponents; Fix Double Cross-Product Exponents	Fix Single Term Exponents; Vary Double Cross-Product Exponents	Vary Single Term Exponents; Vary Double Cross-Product Exponents	Fix Single Term Exponents; Vary Triple Cross-Product Exponents	
Max % Error	7.03	5.87	5.80	6.26	
Average Delta	1265	1334	1579	1366	
SEE	2345	2400	2799	2436	
Average, %	2.00	2.08	2.50	2.13	
PEE	3.52	3.48	4.61	3.51	
Derivative Exponent, N	-1	-1	-1	-1	

Table 8. Effect of Optimizing Exponents upon TOGW, Full vs Half Replication Comparison 5 Variable TOGW Fit. Fit Single Term Exponents; Vary Triple Cross-Product Exponents

Replication	Full 43	Augmented Half	
No. of Points Fit		27+1	27+1
Total Points Checked	43	27+1	43
Max % Error	6.26	4.55	9.54
Average Delta	1366	1353	1655
SEE	2436	3165	2760
Average, %	2.13	2.17	2.35
PEE	3.51	4.76	4.91
Derivative Exponent, N	-1	-1	-1

Table 7 is divided into two sections. Results for the best solution obtained using Transformations and Role-Reversal methodologies in a standard least squares regression fit of a second order polynomial form, are listed under the "fit" deck heading. For the three examples of Optimized Polynomial Exponent method shown, the figure-of-merit selected was maximum percent error. In each of these cases the maximum percent error was reduced when compared with the base line case, but increases in other statistics are apparent. As can be seen, the optimized polynomial method only reduced the max % error from 7% to about 6%, and produced no improvement in the SEE or average percent error.

SECTION V PRESENTATION OF REGRESSION RESULTS

A. INTRODUCTION

The objectives of the Regression Simulation of Turbine Engine Performance (RSTEP) Task IV study include investigating the number of variables (5 through 10) and the number of data points required to provide sufficient confidence in the regression statistics accuracy. In each of the surface fits studied, a consistent group of statistics describing the regression were compared. Since most of these statistics are common to regression analysis, familiarity with their definitions is assumed in this report. Two statistics not well defined are average percent error and percent error of estimate (PEE). Average percent error is defined in this report to be the average of the absolute values of percent error. The PEE statistic is analogous to the standard error of estimate and is defined as the deviation of the percent error about the average percent error.

In addition to examining the statistics of the regressed data statistics of additional data termed "check points," were also examined for each surface fit. Check points are defined as data points, excluded from the regression data set, that are available for inspection. One source of these check points are data points left over when half (or quarter) replication of a variable is studied, but full (or half) replication data are available. A progressively larger source of check points is also available for increasing numbers of variable cases where points not normally calculated for a given number of variables to be regressed are at hand because the study includes a buildup in the number of variables regressed. This data is termed check data because values of independent variables for each check point are substituted into the regression equation to determine the value of the dependent variable for each check point. The value of the calculated dependent variable can then be compared or checked with the appropriate check data. Statistics for the combined regressed and check data can be calculated for comparisons. Examination of both regressed and check data has proved to be the only way to properly assess the surface fit accuracy.

The results present Phase II data only. The presentation is divided by parameters. The parameters investigated were: take-off gross weight (TOGW), take-off distance, combat acceleration time, combat g-load, and landing velocity. For each parameter the presentation is further broken down into five through ten variables for the range of replications studied. In general, the data presented represents the best results after application of Transformation and Role Reversal methodologies. For each surface fit, a table of characteristic statistics is presented; and, for TOGW, plots of the error distribution are presented. Each table, in general, includes the statistics for the regressed data and the cumulative statistics for regressed and check data (where available). The error distribution plots also present both regressed and check data. The shaded error distribution represents the regressed data results, while the cumulative results are presented in outline.

B. TOGW REGRESSION RESULTS

Of the five parameters studied, TOGW proved to be the most difficult to obtain good regression accuracy. The results are presented in Tables 9 through 20, and Figures 23 through 34.

Discussion of TOGW Regression Accuracy

Table 21 presents replication patterns studied for each of the numbers of variables considered. In general, results from the study show that for the five, six, seven, eight and nine independent variables, half replication is sufficient to accurately predict a regression surface. For the ten variable level, only the quarter replication pattern was studied, but the regression surfaces accuracy and error distribution indicate that quarter replication is acceptable for ten variables.

Table 9. Takeoff Gross Weight — 5 Variable Regression, Full Replication

No. of Points Fit	43	
Total Points Checked	43	
Max % Error	7.03	
Average Delta	1265	
SEE	2345	
Average, %	2.00	
PEE	3.52	
R ^a	0.9932	
Derivative Exponent, N	-1	

Table 10. Takeoff Gross Weight — 5 Variable Regression, Half Replication

No. of Points Fit	27	27	(27 + 1)
Total Points Checked	27	43	43
Max % Error	6.75	13.77	6.86
Average Delta	731	1456	1448
SEE	2022	2363	2609
Average, %	1.27	2.37	2.34
PEE	3.84	4.89	4.06
R ^a	0.9958		_
Derivative Exponent, N	-1	_	_

Table 11. Takeoff Gross Weight — 6 Variable Regression, Full Replication

No, of Points Fit	77	77	
Total Points Checked	77	87	
Max % Error	8.79	11.26	
Average Delta	1400	1524	
SEE	2444	2540	
Average, %	2.26	2.53	
PEE	3.71	4.13	
R ^a	0.9914	_	
Derivative Exponent, N	-1	_	

Table 12. Takeoff Gross Weight — 6 Variable Regression, Half Replication

No. of Points Fit	45	45	
Total Points Checked	45	87	
Max % Error	8.55	9.90	
Average Delta	1104	1463	
SEE	2471	2647	
Average, %	1.87	2.41	
PEE	4.22	4.02	
R ^a	0.9926	_	
Derivative Exponent, N	-1		

Table 13. Takeoff Gross Weight — 7 Variable Regression, Full Replication

No. of Points Fit	143	143	
Total Points Checked	143	165	
Max % Error	8.51	8.83	
Average Delta	1516	1622	
SEE	2361	2448	
Average, %	2.45	2.66	
PEE	3.59	3.84	
R ^a .	0.9911		
Derivative Exponent, N	-1		

Table 14. Takeoff Gross Weight — 7 Variable Regression, Half Replication

No. of Points Fit	79	79	
Total Points Checked	79	165	
Max % Error	8.42	9.36	
Average Delta	1477	1585	
SEE	2647	2451	
Average, %	2.40	2.57	
PEE	4.11	3.72	
R ^a	0.9908		
Derivative Exponent, N	-1		

Table 15. Takeoff Gross Weight — 8 Variable Regression, Full Replication

No. of Points Fit	273	273	
Total Points Checked	273	309	
Max % Error	13,14	13.86	
Average Delta	1915	2027	
SEE	2813	2925	
Average, %	3.13	3.33	
PEE	4.33	4.58	
R ^a	0.9661		
Derivative Exponent, N	-1	~	

Table 16. Takeoff Gross Weight — 8 Variable Regression, Half Replication

No. of Points Fit	145	146	145
Total Points Checked	145	273	309
Max % Error	12,50	12.50	12.90
Average Delta	1946	1929	2037
SRE	3154	2629	2932
Average, %	3.18	3.18	3.37
PRR	4.85	4.40	4.63
R.	0.9848	_	_
Derivative Exponent, N	-1	_	_

Table 17. Takeoff Gross Weight — 8 Variable Regression, Quarter Replication

No. of Points Fit	81	81	81
Total Points Checked	81	273	309
Max % Error	6.74	94.42	94.42
Average Delta	9.69	9472.61	8642.56
SEE	1936	16619.60	15492.00
Average, %	1.58	17.23	15.68
PEE	3.04	33.86	31.54
R ^e	0.9959	_	
Derivative Exponent, N	0	_	_

Table 18. Takeoff Gross Weight — 9 Variable Regression, Half Replication

No. of Points Fit	275	275	275
Total Points Checked	275	403	455
Max % Error	17.79	17.79	17.79
Average Delta	2122	2065	2168
SEE	3196	2993	3076
Average, %	3.47	3.38	3.57
PEE	4.98	4.65	4.86
R*	0.9820		_
Derivative Exponent, N	-1	_	_

Table 19. Takeoff Gross Weight — 9 Variable Regression, Quarter Replication

No. of Points Fit	147	147	147
Total Points Checked	147	403	455
Max % Error	14.07	35.13	35.13
Average Delta	1927	4062	3952
SEE	3358	6529	6266
Average, %	3.23	6.53	6.37
PEE	5.39	9.55	9.24
R*	0.9827	_	_
Derivative Exponent, N	-1	_	_

Table 20. Takeoff Gross Weight — 10 Variable Regression, Quarter Replication

No. of Points Fit	277	277	277
Total Points Checked	277	533	603
Max % Error	17.13	17.13	17.13
Average Delta	1899	2141	2196
SEE	2985	3105	3117
Average, %	3.15	3.57	3.67
PEE	4.74	4.96	5.02
R*	0.9844	_	_
Derivative Exponent, N	-1	_	_

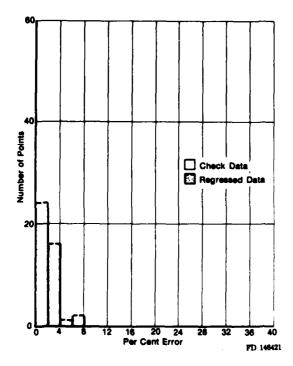


Figure 23. TOGW Error Distribution — Log Transformation 5 Variables, Full Replication

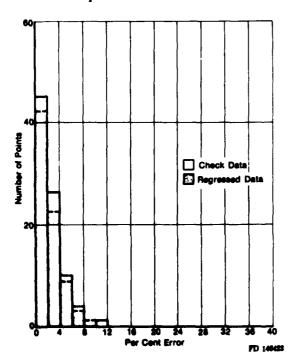


Figure 25. TOGW Error Distribution — Log Transformation 6 Variables, Full Replication

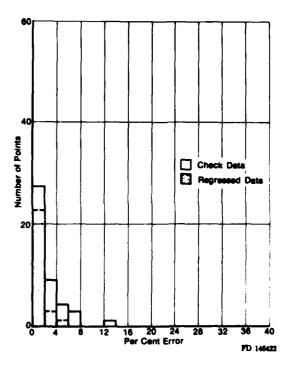


Figure 24. TOGW Error Distribution — Log Transformation 5 Variables, Half Replication

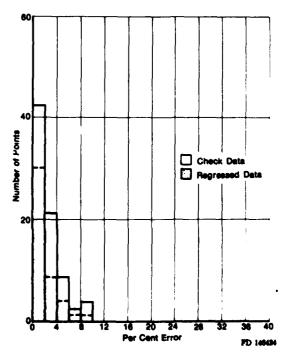


Figure 26. TOGW Error Distribution — Log Transformation 6 Variables, Half Replication

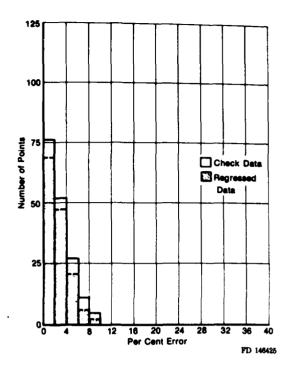


Figure 27. TOGW Error Distribution — Log Transformation 7 Variables, Full Replication

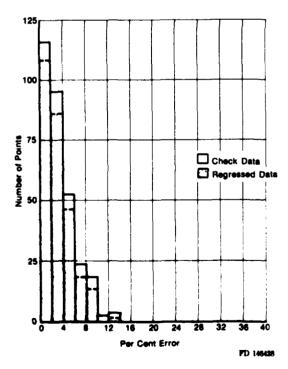


Figure 30. TOGW Error Distribution — Log Transformation 8 Variables, Half Replication

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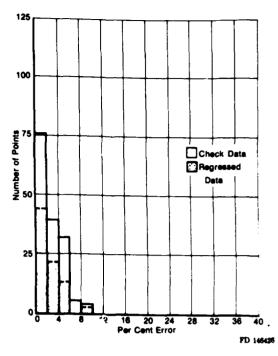


Figure 28. TOGW Error Distribution — Log Transformation 7 Variables, Half Replication

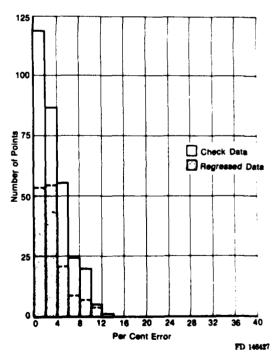


Figure 29. TOGW Error Distribution — Log Transformation 8 Variables, Full Replication

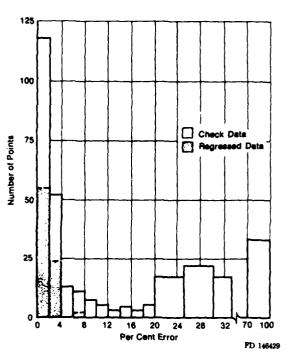


Figure 31. TOGW Error Distribution — Log Transformation 8 Variables, Quarter Replication

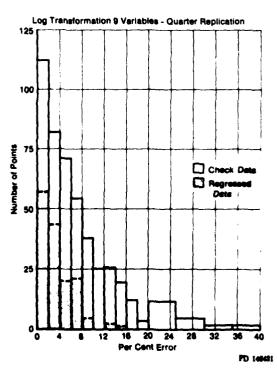


Figure 33. TOGW Error Distribution — Log Transformation 9 Variables, Quarter Replication

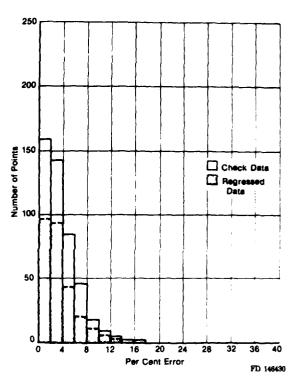


Figure 32. TOGW Error Distribution — Log Transformation 9 Variables, Half Replication

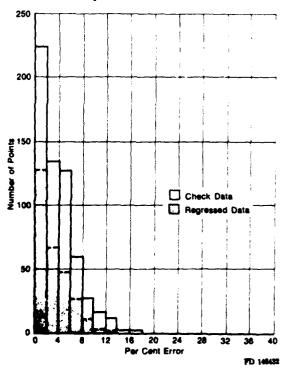


Figure 34. TOGW Error Distribution — Log Transformation 10 Variables, Quarter Replication

Table 21. TOGW Replication Patterns Studied

Number of Variables Regressed	5	6	7	8	_9	10
Full Replication	X	X	X	X		
Half Replication	X	X	X	X	X	
Quarter Replication				X	X	X

Specifically for the TOGW 5-variable case, statistics for the half replication regression show an improvement over the full replication if only the regressed data is considered. The accuracy of the surface fit is comparable to the full replication case for all statistics except maximum percent error, which increased from 6.8% to 13.8%. Addition of the single check point that yielded the 14% error into the regression data set resulted in a dramatic reduction in the maximum percent error. Comparison of this half replication result, including assessing check points, with the full replication results shows that the surface fit accuracy is very similar.

Results for the six, seven, and eight variable comparison of full vs half replication show that half replication is well behaved. In these cases, half replication of the regressed data results in regression statistics very similar in level to those obtained for five variables. Note from the error distribution plots that the majority of errors are low, as indicated by the average error less than 2.5%.

Regression of eight variables was the first opportunity to examine quarter replication. Examination of the full and half replication regression statistics for both regressed and check data shows comparable accuracy.

The value of addressing check point data is apparent for the quarter replication of eight variables. The statistics of the regressed data shows considerable improvement over the full and half replication results. But, the error distribution chart shows how non-representative the surface fit is of the entire actual surface, as described by all available data. This indicates that quarter replication of eight variables does not provide sufficient data to prevent confounding the influence of the variable interactions.

Nine-variable half replication results are similar to those obtained for the 8-variable half replication with the exception of maximum percent error which is higher. Inspection of the cumulative regressed and check data statistics shows that 9-variable quarter replication pattern does not include sufficient data points to describe the surface. The quarter replication error distribution is improved relative to the comparable 8-variable data, but quarter replication of nine variables is not sufficiently accurate.

Ten variable quarter replication results show a slight improvement in statistical accuracy when compared with the 9-variable half replication regression results, although the maximum percent error is still on the order of 17%. The error distribution chart shows the regressed data to be well behaved, which indicates that quarter replication of ten variables provides sufficient data to define the surface. Results for 8- and 9-variable half replication and the 10-variable quarter replication are considered to be statistically similar.

A summary of results for the minimum replications of each variable is presented in figure 35. The chart shows that two levels of accuracy can be identified as a function of the number of variables considered. At the 5-, 6-, and 7-variable levels the level of accuracy is on the order of 8% maximum percent error with an excellent 2 to 2.5% average error. For the 8-, 9- and 10-variable level where variables of less influence, such as OPR, A8 and AR were considered, the maximum errors increase to approximately 17% while the average percent error rose only slightly to approximately 3%. Closer examination of the high error points show that only three data points

(which represent extreme combinations of independent variables) result in the high maximum percent errors. If these same three data points are eliminated from consideration for the 9- and 10-variable cases, the maximum percent errors drop dramatically to the 8-variable level. Note then that there are two distinct levels of accuracy, one at 8% maximum error and one at 13% maximum error. One possible conclusion is that the first seven variables selected sufficiently for study are the strongest aircraft/propulsion system drivers and that increasing numbers of variables introduces "noise" into the analysis.

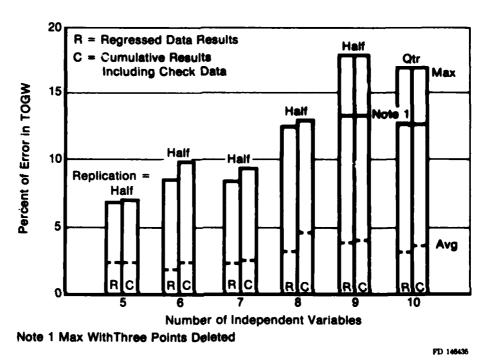


Figure 35. TOGW Check Data Comparison Summary

The lesser significance of the variables A8, OPR, and AR is indicated by two methods of determining the conditioning of the normal equation matrix in the least squares procedure. Rosanoff and Ginsburg (Ref. 5) have shown that the condition of matrix can be determined by comparing the ratio of extreme eigenvalues of a matrix. Further, the logarithm to the base ten of this ratio is an estimate of the maximum number of significant figures lost in the inversion or solution of the normal equations. Examination of the RSTEP Task IV data shows that the 8-, 9-, and 10-variable cases definitely lose at least one more significant digit in the calculation process than the 5- and 6-variable cases.

Another measure of matrix conditioning is given by Wilkinson (Ref. 6). In this method each terms in the normal equation is divided by the square root of the sum of the squares of its coefficients and then the determinant of the normalized coefficient matrix is evaluated. The smaller the magnitude of the normalized determinant in comparison with ± 1 , the more ill-conditioned the set is. Using this criteria, results for eight, nine, and ten variables are an order of magnitude worse than the 7-variable level.

A regression analysis of OPR rather than A8 as the eighth variable in an 8-variable analysis of TOGW shows similar regression statistics and conditioning of the matrix. This would indicate that the first seven variables selected for this study are the primary drivers upon TOGW and that variables such as A8, OPR, and AR (for the range of values studied) may have significantly less influence upon TOGW.

45

C. TAKEOFF DISTANCE RESULTS

Regression simulation of takeoff distance proved to be easy and to provide excellent regression statistics when transformations were used. Results are presented in Tables 22 through 29.

Table 22. Takeoff Distance — 5 Variable Regression, Full Replication

No. of Points Fit	43	
Total Points Checked	43	
Max % Error	1.01	
Average Delta	3.63	
SEE	7.85	
Average, %	0.16	
PEE	0.33	
R ^s	0.9999	
Derivative Exponent, N	-2	

Table 23. Takeoff Distance — 6 Variable Regression, Full Replication

No. of Points Fit	77	
Total Points Checked	77	
Max & Error	0.90	
Average Delta	2.75	
SEE	5.44	
Average, %	0.12	
PEE	0.23	
R ^s	0.9999	
Derivative Exponent, N	-2	_

Table 24. Takeoff Distance — 7 Variable Regression, Full Replication

No. of Points Fit	143	
Total Points Checked	143	
Max & Error	0.79	
Average Delta	14.30	
SEE	20.37	
Average, %	0.43	
PEE	0.53	
R*	0.9999	
Derivative Exponent, N	-1	

Table 25. Takeoff Distance — 8 Variable Regression, Full Replication

No. of Points Fit	273	273	
Total Points Checked	273	309	
Max & Error	0.92	1.48	
Average Delta	14.78	13.92	
SEE	20.01	18.92	
Average, %	0.44	0.43	
PEE	0.51	0.51	
R'	0.9999		
Derivative Exponent, N	-1		

Table 26. Takeoff Distance — 8 Variable Regression, Half Replication

No. of Points Fit	145	145	145
Total Points Checked	145	273	309
Max % Error	0.90	0.94	1.38
Average Delta	14.17	14.76	13.85
SEE	21.44	19.98	18.87
Average, %	0.42	0.44	0.42
PEE	0.55	0.51	0.51
R ^a	0.9999	_	_
Derivative Exponent, N	-1		_

Table 27. Takeoff Distance — 9 Variable Regression, Half Replication

No. of Points Fit	275	275	275
Total Points Checked	275	403	455
Max % Error	1.07	1.07	1.38
Average Delta	14.74	14.97	14.11
SEE	20.76	20.11	19.07
Average, %	0.44	0.44	0.43
PEE	0.53	0.51	0.51
R ^s	0.9999	_	_
Derivative Exponent, N	-1	_	_

Table 28. Takeoff Distance — 9 Variable Regression, Quarter Replication

No. of Points Fit	147	147	147
Total Points Checked	147	403	455
Max % Error	1.07	30.46	30.46
Average Delta	13.73	323.75	287.68
SEE	22.24	627.70	585.54
Average, &	0.40	9.23	8.22
PEE	0.57	15.01	14.01
R*	0.9999	_	
Derivative Exponent, N	-1	_	_

Table 29. Takeoff Distance — 10 Variable Regression, Quarter Replication

No. of Points Fit	277	277	277
Total Points Checked	277	533	603
Max % Error	1.02	1.11	1.23
Average Delta	14.66	15.12	14.05
SEE	21.08	20.09	18.95
Average, %	0.43	0.44	0.42
PEE	0.54	0.51	0.50
R*	0.9999	_	_
Derivative Exponent, N	-1	_	_

Discussion of Takeoff Distance Regression Accuracy

Table 30 presents replication patterns studied for each of the number of variables considered.

Table 30. Takeoff Distance Replication Patterns Studied

Number of Variables Regressed	5	6_	7	8	9	10
Full Replication Half Replication	X	X	X	X	x	
Quarter Replication					X	X

The regression statistics show maximum percent error for regressed values of takeoff distance of approximately 1% and average percent errors of 0.4%. For each case, transformation methodology was used to reduce the errors from a 12 to 30% range to a 1% level. Results for takeoff distances prediction on a per variable replication basis appear to be similar to results obtained for TOGW (see figure 36). Thus, a half replication pattern should be sufficient to accurately represent takeoff distance surfaces for 5- through 9-variables, and quarter replication for ten variables. Note that for the 9-variable quarter replication case, examination of the check point results shows that the quarter replication pattern provides too few points. This is the same result seen in the TOGW regression study. Examination of check points for the 10-variable quarter replication shows that 277 data points are sufficient to regress the takeoff distance surface for 10-variables.

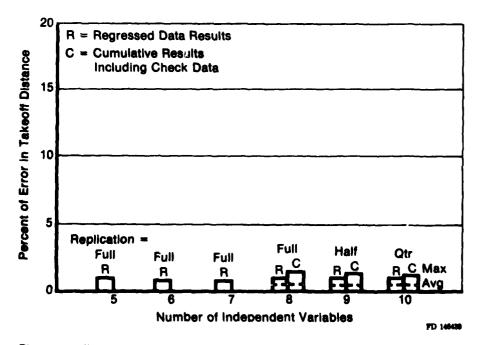


Figure 36. Takeoff Distance Results Summary

D. COMBAT ACCELERATION TIME RESULTS

Regression simulation of combat accel time required transformation methods to obtain surface fit accuracies that were good but not excellent. Results are presented in Tables 31 through 36.

Table 31. Combat Acceleration Time — 5 Variable Regression, Full Replication

No. of Points Fit	43	
Total Points Checked	43	
Max % Error	3.51	
Average Delta	0.57	
SEE	1.59	
Average, %	0.65	
PEE	1.39	
R*	0.9998	
Derivative Exponent, N	-2	

Table 32. Combat Acceleration Time — 6 Variable Regression, Full Replication

No. of Points Fit	77	
Total Points Checked	77	
Max % Error	4.61	
Average Delta	0.62	
SEE	1.63	
Average, %	0.67	
PEE	1.38	
R ^a	0.9997	
Derivative Exponent, N	-2	

Table 33. Combat Acceleration Time — 7 Variable Regression, Full Replication

No. of Points Fit	143	
Total Points Checked	143	
Max % Error	4.57	
Average Delta	0.60	
SEE	1.31	
Average, %	0.70	
PEE	1.21	
R ^s	0.9997	
Derivative Exponent, N	-2	

Table 34. Combat Acceleration Time — 8 Variable Regression, Full Replication

No. of Points Fit	273	273	
Total Points Checked	273	309	
Max % Error	9.67	9.67	
Average Delta	1.23	1.16	
SEE	2.41	2.25	
Average, %	1.37	1.36	
PEE	2.07	2.00	
R*	0.9993		
Derivative Exponent, N	-2	-	

Table 35. Combat Acceleration Time — 9 Variable Regression, Half Replication

No. of Points Fit	275	275	275
Total Points Checked	275	403	455
Max % Error	7.97	10.03	10.03
Average Delta	1.14	1.20	1.13
SEE	2.27	2.34	2.22
Average, %	1.27	1.33	1.29
PEE	2.01	2.03	1.97
R ^o	0.9993	_	
Derivative Exponent, N	-2	_	

Table 36. Combat Acceleration Time — 10 Variable Regression, Quarter Replication

No. of Points Fit	277	277	277
Total Points Checked	277	533	603
Max % Error	7.71	9.90	9.90
Average Delta	1.18	1.29	1.21
SEE	2.49	2.49	2.35
Average, %	1.27	1.41	1.37
PEE	2.06	2.16	2.08
R ^s	0.9994	_	_
Derivative Exponent, N	-2	_	

Discussion of Combat Accel Time Regression Accuracy

Table 37 presents replication patterns studied for each of the numbers of variables considered.

Table 37. Combat Acceleration Time Replication Patterns Studied

Number of Variables Regressed	5	6	7	8	9	10
Full Replication	X	X	X	X		
Half Replication					X	
Quarter Replication						X

Figure 37 shows that there are two levels of accuracy in predicting combat accel time and that these levels are a function of the numbers of variables considered. For the full replication regression of 5-, 6-, and 7-variables, the accuracy is excellent with the maximum percent error hovers around 4.5%, and an average percent error of 0.7%. For replication patterns studied for 8-, 9-, and 10-variables the maximum percent error increases to somewhat less than 10% and an average error of 1.3%. Although these errors are somewhat higher, the correlation coefficient would indicate that 99.93% of the variation of the data is being accounted for with the regression equations developed.

Results of the study indicate that this variable is similar to TOGW and TO distance in terms of the numbers and points required as input to the regression in order to sufficiently describe the surface.

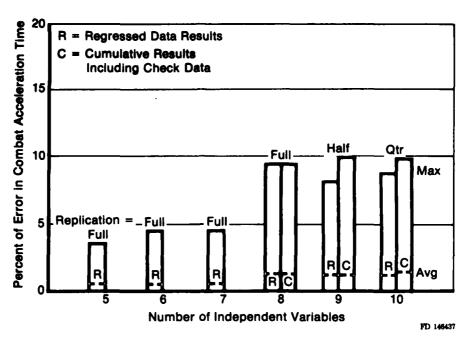


Figure 37. Combat Acceleration Time Results Summary

E. COMBAT G-LOAD RESULTS

Regression simulation of combat g-load proved to be straightforward, and excellent regression statistics were obtained. Results are presented below in Tables 38 through 44.

Table 38. Combat g Load — 5 Variable Regression, Full Replication

No. of Points Fit	43	
Total Points Checked	43	
Max % Error	0.66	
Average Delta	0.00	
SEE	0.01	
Average, %	0.17	
PEE	0.31	
R ^e	0.9998	
Derivative Exponent, N	0	

Table 39. Combat g Load — 6 Variable Regression, Full Replication

No. of Points Fit	77	
Total Points Checked	77	
Max % Error	0.56	
Average Delta	0.00	
SEE	0.01	
Average, %	0.15	
PEE	0.24	
R*	0.9999	
Derivative Exponent, N	Ö	

Table 40. Combat g Load — 7 Variable Regression, Full Replication

No. of Points Fit	143	
Total Points Checked	143	
Max % Error	1.32	
Average Delta	0.01	
SEE	0.01	
Average, %	0.22	
PEE	0.34	
R ^s	0.9997	
Derivative Exponent, N	0	

Table 41. Combat g Load — 8 Variable Regression, Full Replication

No. of Points Fit	273	273
Total Points Checked	273	309
Max % Error	1.37	1.37
Average Delta	0.01	0.01
SEE	0.01	0.01
Average, %	0.29	0.31
PEE	0.41	0.42
R ^e	0.9996	
Derivative Exponent, N	0	

Table 42. Combat g Load — 8 Variable Regression, Half Replication

No. of Points Fit	145	145	145
Total Points Checked	145	273	309
Max % Error	1.34	1.34	1.34
Average Delta	0.01	0.01	0.01
SEE	0.01	0.01	0.01
Average, %	0.29	0.30	0.31
PEE	0.45	0.41	0.43
R ^a	0.9995		_
Derivative Exponent, N	0		

Table 43. Combat g Load — 9 Variable Regression, Half Replication

No. of Points Fit	275	275	275
Total Points Checked	275	403	455
Max % Error	1.58	1.58	1.58
Average Delta	0.01	0.01	0.01
SEE	0.01	0.01	0.01
Average, %	0.33	0.32	0.34
PEE	0.48	0.45	0.47
R ^a	0.9994	_	_
Derivative Exponent, N	0	_	_

Table 44. Combat g Load — 10 Variable Regression, Quarter Replication

No. of Points Fit	277	277	277
Total Points Checked	277	533	603
Max % Error	3.82	3.82	4.13
Average Delta	0.02	0.03	0.03
SEE	0.03	0.03	0.04
Average, %	0.98	1.08	1.17
PEE	1.40	1.43	1.52
R°	0.9970	_	_
Derivative Exponent, N	0	_	_

Discussion of Combat g-Load Regression Accuracy

Table 45 presents replication patterns studied for each of the numbers of variables considered.

Table 45. Combat g-Loading Replication Patterns Studied

Number of Variables Regressed	5	6	7	8	9	10
Full Replication	X	$\overline{\mathbf{x}}$	X	X		
Half Replication				X	X	
Quarter Replication						X

A summary of results is presented in figure 38. Regression statistics presented show that for surface fitting, and 5- through 9-variables, maximum percent errors less than 1.5% were obtained and that at the 10-variable level a maximum percent error less than 4% was obtained. In general, the average errors were 0.3%, except the 10-variable case where approximately 1% average errors were obtained.

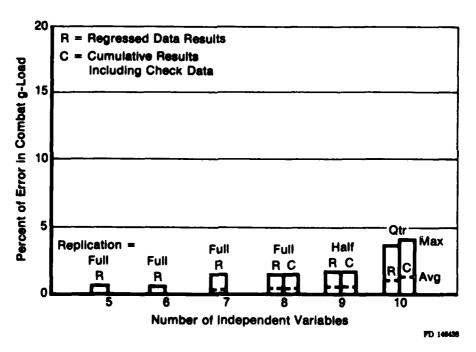


Figure 38. Combat g-Load Results Summary

F. LANDING VELOCITY RESULTS

Regression simulation of landing velocity proved to be straightforward and excellent regression statistics were obtained. Results, in tabular form are presented in Tables 46 through 51.

Table 46. Landing Velocity — 5 Variable Regression, Half Replication

No. of Pointa Fit	27	27	
Total Points Checked	27	43	
Max % Error	0.31	0.38	
Average Delta	0.10	0.12	
SEE	0.30	0.23	
Average, %	0.08	0.10	
PEE	0.24	0.19	
R*	0.9999	_	
Derivative Exponent, N	0	_	

Table 47. Landing Velocity — 6 Variable Regression, Half Replication

No. of Points Fit	45	45	45
Total Points Checked	45	77	87
Max % Error	0.52	0.52	0.98
Average Delta	0.19	0.20	0.24
SEE	0.38	0.31	0.37
Average, %	0.15	0.16	0.19
PEE	0.30	0.24	0.30
R*	0.9996	_	_
Derivative Exponent, N	0	_	_

Table 48. Landing Velocity — 7 Variable Regression, Half Replication

No. of Points Fit	79	79	79
Total Points Checked	79	143	165
Max % Error	0.76	0.97	1.25
Average Delta	0.34	0.31	0.33
SEE	0.58	0.46	0.48
Average, %	0.23	0.21	0.23
PEE	0.38	0.31	0.35
R ^e	0.9998	_	_
Derivative Exponent, N	0		_

Table 49. Landing Velocity — 8 Variable Regression, Half Replication

No. of Points Fit	145	145	145
Total Points Checked	145	278	309
Max % Error	0.90	0.90	1.37
Average Delta	0.32	0.32	0.35
SEE	0.50	0.44	0.49
Average, %	0.21	0.21	0.24
PEE	0.33	0.29	0.35
Rª	0.9998		_
Derivative Exponent, N	0	_	_

Table 50. Landing Velocity — 9 Variable Regression, Half Replication

No. of Points Fit	275	275	275
Total Points Checked	275	403	455
Max % Error	1.49	1.49	1.49
Average Delta	0.39	0.39	0,40
SEE	0.56	0.53	0.54
Average, %	0.26	0.25	0.27
PEE	0.37	0.35	0.36
R ^a	0.9998		_
Derivative Exponent, N	0		

Table 51. Landing Velocity — 10 Variable Regression, Quarter Replication

No. of Points Fit	277	277	277
Total Points Checked	277	533	603
Max % Error	1.42	1.42	1.42
Average Delta	0.41	0.41	0.42
SEE	0.60	0.56	0.56
Average, %	0.26	0.27	0.27
PEE	0.39	0.36	0.37
R ^a	0.9998		
Derivative Exponent, N	0	_	_

Discussion of Landing Velocity Regression Accuracy

Table 52 presents replication patterns studied for each of the numbers of variables considered.

For each of the numbers of variables examined, excellent regression statistics were obtained for regressed values of landing velocity without transformations. Regression of half replication pattern of velocity as a function of 5-, 6-, 7-, and 8-variables resulted in maximum percent errors less than 1%. Results for 9- and 10-variable cases show only slightly higher maximum percent errors of 1.5%. Inspection of check data, shown graphically in figure 39, for each of these regression cases, shows similar maximum and average percent errors.

Thus, a half replication pattern is sufficient to accurately represent landing velocity surfaces for 5- through 9-variables. Quarter replication provides sufficient points to accurately represent 10 variables.

Table 52. Landing Velocity Replication Patterns Studied

Number of Variables Regressed	5	6	7	8	9	10
Full Replication						
Half Replication Quarter Replication	X	Х			х	<u>x</u>

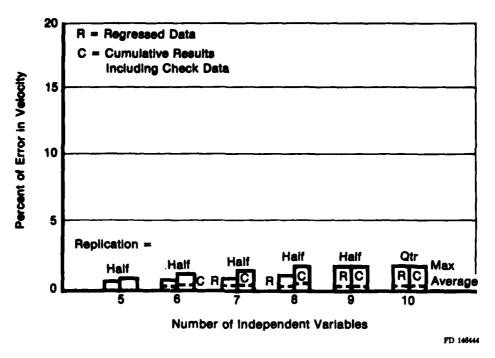


Figure 39. Landing Velocity Results Summary

SECTION VI CONCLUSIONS

During the Regression Simulation of Turbine Engine Performance (RSTEP) Task IV study, the Central Composite Design (CCD) pattern was evaluated as an alternate to the Orthogonal Latin Square (OLS) design selector used in Turbine Engine Variable Cycle Selection Study (TEVCS), Airplane Responsive Engine Selection Study (ARES). The investigation included the systematic evaluation of the impact of the number of independent variables and the number of data points on regression accuracy. Four approaches to improve the accuracy of the regression equation form were also investigated. The conclusions drawn from the results of this study are presented below.

- The CCD design selector provides a flexible, accurate, and economical alternate to the OLS design selector. Data generation cost of the CCD design selector ranges from a 60% reduction (compared to the OLS cost) for a 5-variable problem to a 22% reduction for 9- and 10-variable problems.
- Satisfactory regression accuracy is obtained with half replication of the CCD pattern for 5- through 9-variable problems, and quarter replication for 10variable problems.
- Transformation of the dependent variable is the single most powerful tool studied. A maximum error of 34% obtained by traditional regression of Take-Off Gross Weight (TOGW) was reduced to 12% by application of Transformation methodology.
- Role Reversal methodology provides a means to obtain further significant accuracy improvement by reducing the maximum TOGW error from 12% to 7%.
- Statistics based on data used in the regression are not a reliable indication of the regression surface accuracy. Check points provide a means of obtaining greater confidence in the accuracy level.

SECTION VII RECOMMENDATIONS

Based on results of the Regression Simulation of Turbine Engine Performance (RSTEP) Task IV Program, three recommendations about future regression analysis of airframe/propulsion systems have been developed:

- Transformations and Role Reversal methodologies have proven to be very effective in improving surface fit accuracy and should be incorporated into future studies.
- The Central Composite Design (CCD) design selector provides a flexible, accurate, and economical alternative to the Orthogonal Latin Square (OLS) design selector. Therefore, the CCD pattern should be considered for future studies.
- Data points additional to those used in the regression should be generated and used to check the regression surface accuracy.
- A back-to-back accuracy comparison of other design selection patterns such
 as Latin Squares and D_N optimal should be investigated over a range of
 numbers of independent variables. The comparison should be made on the
 basis of regression statistics and constrained optimal surface prediction
 accuracy.

APPENDIX A PHASE II DATA RSTEP TASK IV STUDY

The following computerized listing presents data generated by the Boeing Company under contract to P&WA. The listing includes 17 parameters consisting of data point numbers, independent variables, dependent variables, and a replication code.

The first column is the data point number used to identify individual data. The next five columns present dependent variables or fall-outs from the mission calculation. The seventh through sixteenth columns list the independent variables used as input to the Boeing BEAM calculation. The last column presents the replication code. This six-digit code is used to define points in the CCD pattern that are used with specific numbers and variables and breaks out how these points are used in replications.

Each digit in the code corresponds with a specific number of variables to be regressed. Digit one is for five variables, digit two is for six variables, etc... Each of these digits can have four possible values (0, 1, 2, or 3). Zero means that the data point is not used in any replication pattern of the specified number of variables considered. A 1 in the code means that the data point is used in full replication only. A 2 means that the data point is used in both full and half replication. A 3 in the code means the point is used in full, half, and quarter replication. Note that points used in half (or quarter) replication are always used in full replication, but that a point in full (or half) replication may not necessarily be included in a half (or quarter) replication pattern.

Example: 001230

This data point is not used in the five, six, or ten variable CCD patterns. The point is used in full, but not half or quarter replication of seven variables. The point is used in full and half replication of eight variables. The same data is used in full, half, and quarter replication of the ninth variable.

91	220000	20000	200000	20000	200002	200002	200000	200002	200002	22223	111111	11111	222323	111111	222323	22223	111111	200000	111111	222323	22223	11111	22223	11111	111111	222323	111111	222333	222233	111111	222233	111111	111111	222333	200002	111111	11111	222333	111111	222333	222233	111111	050000	050000	050000	00000	020000	055000	000020
4	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	200	02.		200	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50		1.50	J. 20
840	20.0	20.0	20.02	20.0	20.0	20.0	20.0	20.0	20.02	20.0	20.0	20.0	20.0	20.0	20.02	20.0	20.0	20.0	20.0	20.0	20.0	20.0	20.0	20.0	0.02	20.0	20.0	20.02	20.0	20.0	20.0	20.0	20.0	20.0	0.00	200	20.0	20.0	20.0	20.0	20.0	20.0	20.0	20.0	20.0	•	•	20.0	0.07
8	. ว	0.7	_	-	-1.0	-1.0	0. T	-1.0	-1.0	-1.0	-1.0	-1.0	-1.0	-1.0	-1.0	-1.0	-1.0	-1.0	- - -	0.1-	0.1-	-1.0	-1.0	-1.0	0.7-	0.7	0.1-	-1.0	0.1-	0. T	0.1-	0.7-	-1.0	0.7	7 7	9 9	7	7	-1.0	-1.0	-1.0	-1.0	-1.0	0.7	0.1	• •	0.7	0.77	
SHEEP	35.0	35.0	35.0	35.0	35.0	35.0	š	35.0	35.0	35.0	35.0	35.0	35.0	35.0	35.0	35.0	35.0	35.0	35.0	35.0	35.0	35.0	35.0	35.0	35.0	35.0	35.0	35.0	35.0	35.0	35.0	35.0	35.0	35.0	35.0	7.0		35.0	35.0	35.0	35.0	35.0	35.0	-	35.0	35.0	35.0	35.0	32.0
T4 FCRFFS 1	2400-0	2400.0	2400.0	2400.0	2400.0	2400.0	2400.0	2400.0	2400-0	2400.0	2400.0	2400.0	2400.0	2400.0	2400.0	2400.0	2400.0	2400.0	2400.0	2400.0	2400.0	2400.0	2400.0	2400.0	2400.0	2400.0	2400.0	2400.0	2400.0	2400.0	2400.0	2400.0	2400.0	2400-0	2400.0	2400-0	2400.0	2400.0	2400-0	2400.0	2400.0	2400.0	2700.0	2700.0	2700.0	2700.0	2700.0	2700.0	2.82.2
- TO	0.0000	0.0000	0.00009	0.0000	0.00009	0.0000	ó	0.0000	0.0000	80000	00004	0.0000	0.00004	0.00004	80000	40000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000+	0.0000	40000	0.0000	0.00008	40000	80000		0.0000	0.00004	0.0000	0.00004	40000	60000.0	0.0000	00000	00000		00000	00000	80000	40000	0.0000	40000	0.00009	00000	0.0009	•	•	0000	•
W/S	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	80.0	80.0	100.0	120.0	120.0	120.0	0.0	80.0	80.0	80.0	120.0	120.0	0.001	90.0	0.08	120.0	120.0	120.0	120.0	80.0	0.0	120.0	120.0	90.0	80.0	80.0	80.0	120.0	120.0	0.00		120.0	120.0	120.0	120.0	90.0	80.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	0.00	0.001	90.0	20.00
ž	00-1	00.1	0.0	.00	1.30	2.00	.00	80.	90.1	0.10	0.10	0.00	0.0	1.30	1.30					0.00					30						0.70	0.70	0.10	6.0	00.	200							8:	0.1	0.0	90.	80	86	2
¥	1.07	1.07	1.07	1.07	1.07	1.15	1.07	00.	1.07	90.1	00.1	1.00	1.00	1.00	8.	8.1	8.	1.07	1.15	1.15	1.15	1.15	1.15	1.15	1.15	1.15	1.15	1.15	1.15	1.15	1.15	1.15	1.15	1.15	1.07	38	9	9	8	8.	8:	8.	1.07	00.	1.07	1.07	1.07	1.07	, o .
8	1.00	00.1	1.00	8	2.00	9.	80.	90:	.00	1.80	1.60	1.80	1.80	1.80	1.80	1.80	1.80	1.80	1.80	1.80	1.80	1.80	1.80	1.80	1.80	1.80	0.20	0.70	0.50	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.20	02.0	0.70	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.20	8	8	86	86	38	3
G-LOAD	2.384	2.307	2.016	2.423		2.656	2.675	4	2.150	.91	1.813	04.	2.277	3.015	3.148	2.370	2.471	2.367	•	2,305	1.721	1.831	2.366	2.269	3.009	2.880	2.406	2.304	3.051	2.906	2.188		1.746		2.377	3.005	2.338	2.441		1.768	•	2.364	•	\$	•	•	•	2.420	•
T1ME	48.02	52.20	44.08	ď	34.10	49.46	49.82	55.98	47.34	90.43	111.60	100.37	131.87	40.75	36.94	38.92	35.55	46.94	98.14	78.62	89.96	73.80	31.29	33.82	32.05	34.82	33.49	36.90	34.76	38.99	116.60	91.26	•	83.63	51.16	40.64	43.20	36.74	108.68	152.89	124.20	120.82	51.80	57.49	42.99	50.72	12.56	40.04	71.14
VEL	125.30	133.20	119.80	121.20	130.40	116.50	114.40	124.30	135.50	124.10	138.30	106.10	116.10	124.80	114.90	149.80	135.80	125.50	118.10	108.20	141.10	127.10	140.60	154.50	116.70	128.50	139.70	153.30	118.20	127.70	117.90	108.10	140.50	126.50	125.50	115,50	150.00	136.30	124.50	136.70	106.60	117.90	125.20	123.20	316.60	113.20	136.00	119.90	74.44
TO 015T	2042-0	2042.0	2804.0	2042.0	1684.0	1745.0	1736.0	2066.0	2370.0	3440.0	3446.0	2342.0	2342.0	1494.0	1494.0	1948.0	1948.0	2066.0	2351.0	2351.0	3444.0	3444.0	1947.0	1947.0	1497.0	1497.0	1897.0	1897.0	1467.0	1467.0	2277.0	2277.0	3321.0	3321.0	0.4102	1477-0	1923.0	1923.0	3384.0	3384.0	2302.0	2058.0	2014.0	2059.0	2790.0	1,50.0	2022-0	2033-0	*****
RANGE		9.60	104.30	131.10	44.72	53.48	65.92	81.31	97.43	148.90	34.47	104.00	17.97	-21.37	63.95	-24.97	87.47	75.08	14.10	117.70	25.26	132.20	55.09	-64.30	47.86	-49.96	66.87	-70.19	47.02	-63.45	12.53	124.10	26.86	196-10	65.04	66-26	-49.61	91.61	149.10	11.91	2:1:	9.10	79.51	:	106.901	•	10.40	142.40	3
2	1.0	2.0	3.0	4.0	5.0	••	7.0	0.8	••	10.0	11.0	12.0	13.0	14.0	15.0	16.0	17.0	16.0	19.0	20.0	21.0	22.0	23.0	24.0	25.0	26.0	27.0	28.0	0.62	30.0	31.0	32.0	33.0	, .	30.00	37.0	38.0	39.0	6.0	41.0	42.0	43.0	1:	42.0	9 :				•

2	RANGE DASH(MI)	TO 015T	VEL (FT/SEC)	TINE (SEC)	G-LOAD	8	¥	3	¥\S	CFR CO	T4 (DEGREES)	SWEEP (DEGREES)	A8 5.}	9	A	9
91.0	18.30	2340.0	-	40.10	2.156	1.00	1.07	1.00	120.0	0.00009	2700.0	•	-1.0	20.0	1.50	020000
52.0	63.48	1676.0	120.70	34.03	2.667	00.1	1.07	1.30	100.0	0.0000	2700.0	•	-1.0	20.0	1.50	050000
93.0	93.10	2042.0	125.90	47.81	2.385	8	1.15	00.	000	0.00009	2700.0		٠	20.0		02000
1:	91-10	2055.0	124-00	46.80	2.386	1.80	200	00.0	9	00000	2700.0	35.0	7.7	20.0	95	020000
	93.20		205.40	128.45	2,357		0	200	800	00000	3000		• •	20.0	200	276770
97.0	4.31	;	137.70	162.97	1.776	0.36	1.00	0.70	120.0	0.0000	3000.0		•	20.0	Ī	011111
	144.00	3374.	123.30	111.85	•	Ą	1.00	0.10	120.0	0.00008		•	-1-0	20.0		022222
	-35.20	1475.	123.60	46.22	.97	ď.	.00	1.30	80.0	0°0000+	•	š	0.1-	20.0	3	111110
	66.39	1475.	113.80	41.00	3.114	0.36	8		90.0	0.0000		÷	•	20.0	•	022322
	-39-16	1616	00.841	٠, e	Se :	0.36	88		120.0	0.000	0000	'n,	•	20.0	200	022222
		2264	117.40	122.80	2.189	0,00	3 -						7	0 0		
	126.00	2264	107.60	94.57	2.320	0.20	1.15	0.0	900	00000		'n	• •	20.0	1.50	022322
65.0	21.37		139.90	107.53	1.747	0.20	1.15	0.10	120.0	40000	3000.0	S		20.0	•	02222
3	162.70		125.80	86.54	1.848	0.20	1.15	0.10	120.0	0.0000	3000.0	š		20.0	Ň	011111
67.0	-56.36	1462.0	126.80	39.17	2.925	0.20	1.15	1.30	80.0	40000-0	3000.0		-1.0	20.0	1.50	022322
3	41.32	?	117.20	35.40	3.059	0.20	1.15	1.30	₩,	00000	•	ŝ	•	20.0	1.50	111110
9.6	65.16		152.00	37.55	2.311	0.20	1.15	1.30	120.0	0.00004	3000.0	Š,	7	20.0	2.50	11110
	24.6	•	126.30	20.44	2.413	07.	1.15	000	0.021	0.0000		20.0	•	0.02	•	222220
2 6		2324	145.50	97.64	6.373			200		0.000	0000	ė,	7	9 9		20070
			04.501	77.44	2.410	2 6	3 5					•			9	111110
75.0	31.63		137.50	122.65	1.838	9	30	200	120.0	0000		35.0	7 7	20.0		022332
75.0	152.40	7	123.20	96.37	1.923	1.80	1.00	0.70	120.0	80000	3000	ľ		20.0	١٨	111110
76.0	-19.45	14.07	123.60	42.80	3.028	1.80	8	1.30	80.0	40000		35.0		20.0	1.50	022232
7.0	69.36	1417	2	36.48	3.163	1.80	8.1	1.30	80.0	80000	3000.0	35.0	•	20.0	1.50	011111
2.0	-22.97	1936.	146.20	+0.0+	2.382	1.60	8.	1.30	120.0	40000	-	35.0	-1.0	20.0	1.50	111110
2.0	105.50	1936.	134.10	36.18	2.493	1.80	8.	1.30	120.0	80000.0	3000.0	35.0		20.0	1.50	022332
0.0	21.10	2318.	116.70	99.36	2.201	1.80	1.15	0.10	80.0	40000	3000.0	35.0	-1.0	20.0	1.50	022232
	126.10	2318.	00.00	81.58	2.331	1.80	1.15	0.20	80.0	00000	3000.0	35.0	•	20.0	1.50	111110
2.0	37.33	3390	139.20	90.00	1.753	90	1.15	0.10	120.0	40000	•	٠.		20.0	1.50	111110
0 ° 0	197.90	3390	125.00	75.90	1.653	9	51.	0.0	120.0	0.00008	•	٨.	٠	20.0	1.50	022332
			5 2	32.71	3.052	9	4.15 1.15	200			0000	25.0	2 0	9 9	U 1	022222
9	-53.14	1925	151.30	34.55	2.301	1.80	1.15	1.30	120.0	00000	3000	35.0	•	20.0	1.50	022332
0.7.0	7:16	1925.	3	31.79	2.401	1.80	1.15	1.30	120.0	8000000	3000.0	35.0	•	20.0	1.50	011111
	99.66	2613.	145.60	45.61	2.421	1.00	1.07	1.00	100.0	0.00009	2400.0	50.0	-1.0	20.0	3.	00200
2	1	2573.	Ž.	40.96	2.418	0.20	1.07	2.00	100.0	0.00009	2700.0	•	0.1-	20.0	1.50	00200
2	96.17	2048.0	3	24.00	2.473	9	00.1	00.	100.0	0.00009	2700.0	20.0	•	20.0	1.50	00700
5	124-70	9	8	80.46	2.097	00.	1.07	0.70	100.0	0.00009	2700.0	20.0	•	20.0	1.50	000700
26	80.92		3	47.46	2.779	00.	1.07	0	80.0	0.0000		•	٠	20.0	•	00700
93.0	15-21		153.10	50.22	2.354	80	1.07	00.	000	0.0000	2700-0	•	•	0.0		00000
		•	,	40.33	7777	3 6	200	3 6			7,000	9 6	2	9 6		005700
3	121.00		155.60	10.94	7	00	1.07		120.0	0000	2700-0	• •	• •	20.0	205	00200
97.0	67.06		149.60	32.84		1.00	1.07	1.30	100.0	0.0009	2700.0	20.0	•	20.0	'n	00700
	103.80	•	146.30	45.43	*	7.00	1.15	1.00	100.0	0.0000	2700.0	•		20.0	•	00700
2	100.70	ë.	144.20	44.50	2.423	1.80	1.07	90.	100.0	0.00009	2700.0	50.0	7.0	20.0	1.50	00200
100.0	•	2594.0	m	46.73	2.431	.00	1.07	.00	100.0	0.0000	3000.0	20.0	-1.0	20.0	1.50	000700

2	RANGE DASH(NM)	TO 01ST (FT)	VEL (FT/SEC)	TIME (SEC)	6-1.0AD	8 8	T	2	5	(SE)	T4 (DEGREES)(SWEEP	8 3	ğ	¥	9
101.0	3.35	•	69	127.30	2.248	0.20	8:0	0.10	80.0	40000	•	65.0	•	20.0	1.50	002322
102.0	126.40	4697.0	•	93.35	2.367	0.50	1.00	0.10	80.0	8000000	2400.0	65.0	-1.0	20.0	1.50	111100
103.0	19.49	•	9	121.39	1.760	0.20	8.	0.10	120.0	40000	2400.0	65.0	0.7-	20.0		111100
104.0	165.30	7554.		91.98	1.849	0.20	1.00	0.10	120.0	80000.0	2400.0	65.0	7.0	20.0	3	002222
02.0	49.69	2463.	182.20	41.62	2.844	0.20	8	m (90.0	0000	2400.0	65.0	7	20.0		111100
	45.21	26.20	•	04.70	2.210	0,00	3 8	000			2400	200	7	9 6	2	002222
104.0	83.49	3639	5	36.79	27.302	0,20	30	1.30	120-0		2400.0	20.0	• -	20.0	2 9	001111
0.69	4.80	4578.	7	91.73	2,223	0.20	1.15	•	80.0	00000	2400.0	65.0		20.0	1.50	001111
110.0	161.10	4578.	59.	75.31	2.341	0.20	1.15	0.70	0.0	80000	2400.0	65.0	0.1-	20.0	1.50	002322
1111.0	25.08	7279.	03.	89.60	1.741	0.20	1.15	0.10	120.0	40000	2400.0	65.0	-1.0	20.0	1.50	002222
112.0	222.60	7279.		74.52	1.830	0.20	1.15	0.70	120.0	80000	2400.0	65.0	0.7-	20.0	1.50	111100
13	Ġ.	•		36.14	2.199	0.20	1.15	1.30	80.0	40000	8	65.0	-1.0	20.0	1.50	002322
<u>.</u>	•	2414.		32.54	2.920	07.0	1.1	9 1	0.00	80000	98	٠,	7	20.02	1.50	111100
114.0	42.93	3526.0	203.80	32.16	2.269	0,00	1.15	1.30	120.0	0000	2400	900		200	200	222200
7		4780		99.18	2,301	1.80	1.00	0.70	80.0	40000	2400-0	Ġ	-1-0	20.0	1.50	001111
		4780		80.28	2.418	1.80	1.00	0.70	80.0	0.00008	2400.0	65.0	-1.0	20.0	1.50	002232
19.	*	7662.	ŝ	95.36	1.794	1.80	1.00	0.10	120.0	40000	2400.0	65.0	-1.0	20.0	1.50	002332
20	179.20	7662.	182.10	79.20	1.881	1.80	00.1	•	120.0	80000	2400.0	65.0	0.1-	20.0	1.50	111100
23.	-41.19	2497	9.	37.55	2.885	. 80	00:	1.30	00	40000	2400.0	65.0	0.1-	70.0	1.50	002232
22	56.92	2497	; ;	34.24	2.999	1.80	86	1.30	000	0.00008	2400.0	0.00	0.1-	20.0	05.	111100
, ç	-39.94	3684		37.01	2.241	900	8	1.30	120.0	00000		92.0	0.1.	20.0	1.50	111100
7		•	70.	24.00	7 107	9	3.	100	7000	00000	2400.0	0 0	7 7	2 0	2 5	006336
126.0	123.00	4753.0	9	06.80	2.313	90	1.15	2.0		00000	2400-0	9 9 9	• -	20.0	2 9	001111
27.	21.25			80.06	1.719	1.80	1.15	0.70	120.0	40000	2400-0	65.0		20.0	1.50	001111
28.	190.20		86.	96.92	1.815	1.80	1.15	0.00	120.0	90000	2400.0	65.0	0.7-	20.0	1.50	002332
29.	-65.16	486.		32.65	2.773	1.80	1.15	1.30	80.0	40000	2400.0	65.0	-1.0	20.0	1.50	001111
130.0	31.70	.99		30.19	2.884	1.80	1.15	1.30	90.0	80000	2400.0	65.0	0-1-	20.0	1.50	002232
33.	69.46-	638	223.20	32.50	2.145	1.80	1.15	1.30	120.0	40000	2400-0	65.0	•	20.0	2.50	002332
133.0	104.50	•		\$1.05 44.44	2.631	2 6		200	0.001		2400	000	7	0.07	2 5	111100
;		4682.0	166.80	132.98	2.258	96.0	0	0.70		00004	3000	200	9	20.0	200	00200
135.0	127.60	4682	8	95.15	2.377	0.36	1.00	0.10	0.0	0.0000	3000	65.0	-1.0	20.0	1.50	002233
3	17.45	7525.	199.60	126.40	1.767	0.36	1.00	0.10	120.0	40000	3000.0	65.0	-1.0	20.0	1.50	002333
137.0	184.20	7525.		93.78	1.857	0.36	86	~ (120.0	0.0008	•	65.0	7	20.0	05.1	111100
		2457		27.62	7 0 24	9 6	3 6	200				000	1	2 6	7.70	662200
	-53.63	3628		41.04	2.223	0.36	8	200	120.0	00004	9000	6 2 4		20.0	2 9	111100
-		3628.	95.	37.01	2.316	0.36	00.	1.30	120.0	80000	3000.0	65.0	7	20.0	1.50	002333
	•	4547.	•	95.15	2.224	0.20	1.15	0.10	80.0	40000	3000.0	65.0	-1.0	20.0	1.50	004233
•	•	4547.	•	77.29	2.342	•	1.15	0.10	8	80000	3000.0	65.0	-1.0	20.0	1.50	111100
į	•	7226	20	92.84	1.743	0.20	1.15	•	20	40000	3000.0	65.0	0.1-	20.0	1.50	001111
•	•	.077	•	76.07	1.832		1:15	``	•	00000	3000	92.0	7	20.0	200	002333
•	70.00	2 9	•	30.19	7.807	•	61.1	•			90006	0.00	7	000	000	111100
7	-01.97	3505	219.60	35.83	2.183	0.20	21.1	200	2000	00004	3000	900		200	1.50	002233
		3505		32.67	2.275	7	1.15	1.30	120.0	00000	3000	65.0	-1-0	20-0		001111
Š	19:01	736.		107.53	2.308		1.00	0.10	80.0	40000	3000.0	65.0	-1.0	20.0	1.50	002323

2	RANGE Dashing)	_	VEL (FT/SEC)	TIME (SEC)	G-LOAD	8		3	1 /8	£ 683	T4 DEGREES)	SWEEP (DEGREES)	84 (2	Š	Ą	9
151.0	131.20	4730.0	156.30	84.78	2.425	1.60	96	0.70	0.00	0.0000	3000.0	65.0	0.1	20.0	1.50	111100
0.561	183.20	7596.0		102.04	1.887	3.00	96	0,70	0.021			•	9 0	20.0	2 5	002224
2	-39.57	2480.0	180.00	39.17	2.898	1.80	8	1.30	0.00	40000	3000	'n	7	20.02	200	001111
155.0	16.99	2480.0	167.80	35.51	3.012	1.80	9:	1.30	80.0	80000		•		20.0	1.50	002323
25.0	3	3658.0	214.30	38.52	2.252	1.60	8:	1.30	120.0	40000		š.		20.0	1.50	002223
157.0	114-10	3658.0	196.00	34.50	2.352	86	0	8.	120.0	0.0000		65.0		20.0	1.50	001111
	146.20	96754	158.40	40.44	177-7	9 9	1.15						2 -	0 0	2 5	111100
160.0	35.26	7428.0	201.60	80.03	1.747	1.80	1.15	0.0	120.0			3		20.0	1.50	002223
161.0	212.00	7428.0	183.50	68.58	1.834	1.80	1.15	~	120.0	0.0000		65.0	-1.0	20.0	1.50	001111
162.0	-74.08	2454.0	163.40	33.39	5.809	1.80	1.15	1.30	80.0	40000	3000.0	65.0		20.0	1.50	002323
163.0	-	2454.0	171-10	30.74	2.921	9	1.15	1.30	80.0	0.0000	3000.0	65.0		20.0	1.50	001111
165.0	76-77	0.000	200.50	30.50	2.263	9 0	1.15	1.30	120.0	00000	3000	0.00	0.0	20.0	200	001111
3	-2.37	2293.0	117.00	180.83	2.206	0.20	0	0.70	0.00	0000		: .:		20.02	1.50	000322
167.0	102.60	2293.0	107.20	121.18	2.337	0.50	8.1	0.70	90.0	80000	2400.0	35.0	0.	20.0	1.50	000111
9.3	17.45	3364.0	139.50	142.99	1.760	0.20	1.00	0.10	120.0	•	2400.0	35.0	1.0	20.0	1.50	000111
169-0	154.70	3364.0	125.40	106.27	1.861	0.20	8	2:	120.0	00000	2400.0	35.0	0.	20.0	1.50	000222
0.071	-52.52	1473.0	126.30	66.30	2.938	0.50	86	1.30	0.00		2400-0	ů,	•	0.00 0.00 0.00		000111
177	200	1015.0	07-011	77.14	3.071		3 8	25.	9.0		2400.0	35.0	9 0	0.00	25.	225000
0.671	72.05	1915.0	137.60	39.35	2.421	0.20	38	1.30	120.0		2400-0		•	20.00	7	777000
2.0	4.83	2274.0	118.70	131.54	2.151	0.20	1.15	0.70	80.0		2400.0	35.0	0	20.02	1.50	11000
175.0	102.90	2274.0	109.00	101.20	2.279	0.20	1.15	0.70	90.0	80000	2400.0	35.0	0.	20.0	1.50	000322
176.0	8.4.	3317.0	141.50	114.48	1.716	0.20	1.15	0.70	120.0	40000	2400.0	35.0	0. T	20.0	1.50	000222
	1/2.40	3317.0	127.70	46.88	1.827	0.20	1.15	0.0	120.0	00000	8	.	•	20.0	1.50	000111
2	26-81	1444	119.80	40.73	9,00	0.20	61.1	06.1			2400.0	35.0	0.0	20.0	200	000322
200.0	-64.33	1895.0	155-10	39,13	2,271	0.20	1.15	200	120.0	0000	38		-	20.0	7.00	111000
101.0	41.58	1695.0	141.60	35.54	2.371	0.20	1.15	1.30	120.0	00000	8	•		20.02	1.50	000222
102.0	11.01	2336.0	116.40	148.50	2.259	1.80	00.1	0.10	80.0	40000	2400.0	35.0	0.1	20.0	1.50	000111
1930	86.92	2336.0	106.50	110.66	2.383	1.80	8	0.0	80.0	•	6	\$	1.0	20.0	1.50	000232
	70-47	3433.0	136.90	122.72	1.796	9.	8	٠, ۱	120.0	0-0000	ġ	35.0	0.	20.0	1.50	
100.0	-24-15	1491.0	125.60	42.12	3.005	0 2 0	3 8				2400-0	35.0	9 0	0 0	000	111000
187.0	40.77	1491.0	115.70	38.16	3.137	1.60	8	1.30	0.00	0.0000	ġ	, ,		20.02	1.50	000111
186.0	-29.06	194.0	150.70	40-14	2.363	1.80	1.00	1.30	120.0	40000	8	\$	1.0	20.0		000111
	\$ · · ·	1944.0	136.80	36.68	2.462	1.80	8	1.30	120.0	80000	2	ŝ	0.1	20.0	•	000332
	06.001	2330.0	07-801	100.04	2.318	3 6	1.15	9,5		00000	2400.0	'n	o .	0.02	1.50	000232
192.0	21.22	3422.0	141.30	91.12	1.743	• •	21.1	0.70	120.0	00004	2400-0	20.0	-		2 5	111000
193.0	104.70	3422.0	127.20	77.62	1.839	1.80	1.15	0.70	120.0	00000		,	-	20.02	1.50	000332
12.0	£.27	1492.0	128.60	35.20	2.914	•	1.15	1.30	80.0	40000	90	Š	0.	20.02	1.50	111000
195.0	10.1	1492.0	118.80	32,39	3.043	•	1.15	1.30	80.0	8000000	2400.0	35.0	1.0	20.0	1.50	000232
196.0	-60-11	1938.0	154.70	34.12	•	1.80	1.15	1.30	120.0	40000	8	Š	1.0	20.0	1.50	000332
0.161	29.63	1936.0	140.90	31.59	٠	•	1.15	1.30	120.0	•	2400.0	ŝ	0.1	0.02	1.50	000111
) O	128.00	4663.0	158.70	121.72	2.240 2.358	0.20	86	0.40	0.0	00000	2400.0	0.54	0.0	20.0	35	000111
2000	10-01	7483.0	202.10	116.03	• •	• •	200	2,70	3000		2400-0	'n	•	20.0	2 5	55,2000
201.0	192.60	7483.0	1 1	90.61	• •	0.20	.0	0.70	120.0	90000	2400.0	65.0	0	20.02	1.50	<u>.</u>

2	RANGE DASH(NM)	TO 01ST (FT)	VEL (FT/SEC)	TINE (SEC)	G-LUAD	8	፰	2	E/S	£ 500 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 00	T4 (DEGREES)	SWEEP (DEGREES	8	9	8	9
202.0	•	2450.0	183.80	45.05	2.825	0.50	2.00	1.30	80.0	0.0000+	2400.0	65.0	1.0	20.0	1.50	000233
203.0	31.72	2450-0	171.90	37.80	2.938	0.20	9.1	1.30	0.0	0.0000	2400.0	65.0	1.0	20.0	1.50	111000
204.0	•	3610.0	218.90	41.33	2.192	0.20	8		120.0	00000	2400.0	•	0.1	20.0	1.50	111000
205.0	60.37	3610.0	201.10	37.33	2.283	0.20	8	1.30	120.0	00000		٠	0.	20.0	3	000333
200.0	-5.92	51.	173.00	100.26	2.190	0.20	1.15	0.10	0.0	40000	2400.0	6 1	•	20.0	200	000233
201.0	124-70	•	161.20	81.58	2.307	02.0	61:1	0.4	0.00		2400.0	٠,	9.	20.0	00.1	111000
	01.341	7268.0	187.10	98.03 81.03	1.804	0.20	1.15	9,0	120.0		2400-0	92.0		20.0	200	111000
210.0	-102.70		167.70	37.66	2.772	0.20	1.15	1.30	60.0	0000	2400-0	3	0.1	20.0	1.50	000111
211.0	2.72		176.00	34.27	2.004	0.20	1.15	1.30	80.0	80000	2400.0	Š	1.0	20.0	1.50	000233
212.0	-103.60	3522.0	ě.	37.26	2.148	0.20	1.15	1.30	120.0	40000		•	0.1	20.0	1.50	000333
213.0	25.25	3522.0	•	34.00	2.236	0.20	1.15	1.30	120.0	00000	2400.0	ŝ	0	20.0	8:	000111
214.0	• ;	4765.0		107.42	2.205	1.80	86	0.0		40000	2400-0	•	•	70°0	95.	000323
0.612	24.04	7439.0	201-20	91-99	1.241	1.00	3 8	200	0.00	0000	2400-0	65.0	9 0	20.0	200	111000
217.0	141.00	ş	183.00	85.07	1.867	1.80	8	0.70	120.0	00000	2400.0	65.0	0	20.0	8	000223
218.0	-42.07			38.66	2.876	1.80	00.1	1.30	90.0	40000	2400.0		0.1	20.0	1.50	111000
219.0	10.41	2491.0	170.60	35.25	2.989	1.80	8:	1.30	0.0	80000	2400-0	65.0	0.1	20.0	1.50	000323
220.0	-42.45		217.90	30.12	2.233	1.80	8	1.30	120.0	40000		65.0	0	20.0	2.50	000223
221.0	61.39	•	199.60	34.93	2.322	1.80	8:	1.30	120.0	0.00008	2400.0	65.0	0	20.0	2:	111000
222.0	16.0	4719.0	172.50	91.76	2-224	9	1.15	0.0	000	0.0004	2400.0	0.00	0.	9 9	1.50	111000
9.523-6	112.60	•	04-061	69.73	2.336	1.80	1.1	2 6		0.0000	0.0042	2.0	• ·	9 9	200	575000
0.423.4	2	•	204-20	000	1.137	9	1.1	5 6	120.0	00000	2400	0.44	9 0	0.00	25	000223
224.0	27.15	•	180-10	32.07	7-866		1.15				2400-0	0.0		20.0		626000
227.0	24.31		175.00	30.47	2.910	9	1.15	30	000	00000	2400-0	65.0	0	20-0	1.50	000111
228.0		3614.0	223.40	32.77	2.166	1.80	1.15	1.30	120.0	40000		65.0	1.0	20.0	1.50	111000
229.0	47.30	•	205.50	30.41	2.252	1.80	1.15	1.30	120.0	0.0000	2400.0	65.0	0.1	20.0	1.50	000223
230.0	94.76	•	145.70	45.94	2.420	1.00	1.07	1.00	100.0	0.00009	2400.0	50.0	0.0	20.0	1.50	000300
231.0	73.09	•	145.40	49.03	2.402	00.1	1.07	00.	100.0	0.0009	2700.0	20.0	0.0	20.0	1.50	000300
232.0	74.42	•	124-10	00.64	2.389	9.6	1.07	88	000	0000	2700-0	30.0		20.0	25	905000
234.0	101.50		143.40	54-14	2.470	200	200	80	100.0	00009	2700.0	20.0		20.0	205	0000
235.0	127.70		138.30	80.68	2.097	1.00	1.07	0.0	100.0	0.00009	2700.0	20.0	0	20.0	1.50	000300
236.0	81.27	2147.0	131.90	47.63	2.778	1.00	1.07	00.1	80.0	0.0000	2700.0	50.0	0.0	20.0	1.50	006000
237.0	11.08	•	153.30	50.40	2.354	00:	1.07	8	100.0	40000	2700.0	50.0	9	20.0	1.50	0007000
238.0	106-20	•	144.20	46.48	2.426	80.	1.07	86	0001	0.0000	2700.0	20.0	0.0	20.0	1.50	000330
240.0	122.40	3081.0	155.80	44.45	2.157		200		120.0		2400-0			200	200	00000
241.0	60.90		149.80	33.43	2.646	1.00	1.07	1.30	100.0	0.0009	2700.0	20.0	0.0	20.0	1.50	000300
242.0	90.56	610.	\$	46.87	2.410	1.00	1.15	1.00	100.0	0.00004	2700.0	•	0.0	20.02	1.50	000300
243.0	•	•	144-30	45.68	2.415	1.80	1.07	200	100.0	0.0000	2700.0	50.0	0.0	20.0	1.50	000300
244.0	•	•	191.40	45.36	8	1.00	1.07	٠	100.0	0.0000		65.0	0.0	0. 02	1.50	000300
245.0	٠	•	116.40	192.71	.21	0.36	8	•	ò	40000	3000.0	35.0	0	20.0	2.50	000111
246.0	٠,	•	106.50	125.50	2.345	0.36	8	•	000	00000	3000	•	0	20.0	•	000233
247.0	62-61	•	9 (148.21	1.767	0.36	86	•	120.0	00000		ń.	0.	20.0		000333
0.04%	•	•	136 10	90.63	2000	•	36		0.021			20.00	?		n	111000
	50.25	1471-0	115.40	60.14	3.085	0.00	3 6	200				20.00		0.00		0000
	• •		150.10	44.42	2.330	0.36	8	1.30	•		3000	35.0	0	20-0	•	0000
252.0	67.32		136.30	39.89	2.432		1.00	· •	120.0	80000.0	3000.0	35.0	1.0	20.0	•	000333

2	RANGE DASHIMI)	TO DIST	VEL (FT/SEC)	11ME (SEC)	G-LOAD	8	¥1	2	K/8	(FBS)	T4 Degrees)	SWEEP /	84 C	9	4	9
93.	0.03	•	116.00	137.59	2.155	0.20	1.15	0.70	80.0	40000	3000.0	35.0	1.0	50.0	1.50	000233
254.0	20.00	2264.0	106.30	104.36	2.284	0.20	1.15		90.0	00000	3000.0	S	7.0	70.0		111000
255.0	12.25		140.80	112.82	1.731	0.20	1.15		120.0	0.0000+	3000.0	•	0.	20.0	1.50	111000
256.0	167.40	•	126.80	90.54	1.831	0.50	1.15		120.0	80000	3000.0	35.0	0.	20.0		000333
257.0	オニケ	•	128.00	41.47	2.888	0.20	1.15		80.0	40000	3000.0	Λ	1.0	20.0	1.50	111000
256.0	25.07		118.40	37.37	3.019	0.20	1.15		90.0	80000	3000.0	•	0.1	20.0	1.50	000233
255.0	5	•	153.80	39.71	2.282	0.20	1.15		120.0		3000.0	95.0	0.	20.0	1.50	000333
260.0	35.86	•	140.20	36.00	2.382	0.20	1.15	1.30	120.0	0.0000	3000.0	35.0	•	20.0	1.50	111000
201-0	SE-0		116.00	167.70	197.2	29.	38			0000	0000	900	9 9	0.00		626000
26.20	\$:	•	00-001	119-20	2007	200	36			0000		4	9 9		200	111000
	97-07	20175	136.50	104.67	1.400				120.0			35.0	9 9	000	2	111000
245.0	-24.54		124.70	90	3.013	1.00	8		0.08	0.0000	3000	35.0		20.0		000111
266.0	50.17	145.0	114.80	39.60	3.146	1.80	90.1		0.08	8 0000	3000.0	35.0	0.	20.0	1.50	000323
267.0	-29.89		149.60	41.80	2.370	•	9.		120.0	40000	3000.0	35.0	1.0	20.0	1.50	000223
266.0	67.97		135.60	37.91	2.471	•	90.		120.0	80000	3000.0	35.0	0.1	20.0	1.50	111000
269.0	2	•	116.90	107.71	2.187	1.80	1.15		80.0	40000	3000.0	35.0	0:	20.0	1.50	111000
270.0		•	106.90	87.52	2.315	1.80	1.15		80.0	80000	3000.0	35.0	0.7	20.0	1.50	000323
271.0	2	•	139.50	96.91	1.741	1.80	1.15		120.0	٠.	3000	35.0	•	20.0	3.	000223
272.0	143.60	3360.0	125.40	76.01	1.852	1.80	1.15		120.0	•	3000.0	95.0	0.	20.0		000111
273.0	-39.32	1462.0	126.30	36.54	2.920		1.15		80.0	00000	3000.0	35.0	~	20.0	- 50	000323
24.0	2	1482.0	116.40	33.44	3.051	90	1.15		90	_	3000.0	35.0	0.	20.0	1.50	000111
23.0	-50.63	1921.0	151.70	35.30	2.301	1.80	1.15		120.0	00000	3000	35.0	0.	20.0	200	111000
676.0	20.25	1921.0	137.80	32.47	2.399		1.15		120.0	•	3000	35.0		20.0	1.50	000223
277.0	-3.19	****	170.00	131.60	2.237	ų,	8	0 (0.0	40000		65.0	~	20.0	.50	000322
278.0	119.40	0.000	157.70	94.32	2-366	۳.	8	2	80.0	80000	3000	65.0	0	20.0	2.50	000111
279.0	13.03	7455.0	201-10	119.02	1.759	Ų.	96	2:	120-0	40000	3000	65.0	•	20.0	1.50	111000
2000	8-21	7455.0	182.70	92.45	1 - 848	9.70	86	2 6	120.0	00000		0.4	.	0.07	2 : 2 :	000222
0.192	58	2443	130.10	70.24	2.036	ġ.	36	2		0.0004	3000	0.4	9	0.07	00.1	000111
202	24.45	2000	01.01	00.00	1000		3 8					000	•		7 .	776000
20.0	45.63	3.50	189,00	37.76	202.2	96.0	2 6		120.0	•		0.4	•			000111
285.0	-11.75	4546.0	172.20	103.36	2.194	0.20	1.15		80.0		3000	65.0	0	20.0	1.50	000111
286.0	117.30	4546.0	160.20	83.41	2.312	0.20	1.15		0.08		3000.0	65.0	0.	20.0	1.50	000322
287.0	1	7225.0	204.00	100.80	1.720	0.50	1.15		120.0	40000	3000.0	65.0	1.0	20.0	1.50	000222
286.0	172.40	7225.0	185.90	79.01	1.016	0.20	1.15		120.0	80000	3000.0	65.0	0:	20.0	1.50	000111
289.0	٠	2401.0	186-10	30.23	2.783	0.20	1.15	1.30	0.0	40000	3000.0	65.0	0.1	20.0		000322
0.042	2.7	2401.0		34.72	2.896	0.20	1.15	•	80.0	•	3000.0	65.0	o.	20.0	1.50	000111
291.0	•	3204.0		37.76	2.150	0.20	1.15	1.30	120.0	•	-	65.0	0	20.0		000111
292-0	֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓	3504.0		34.41	2.246	0.20	1.15	1,30	120-0	00000		65.0	•	20.0	. 50	000222
293.0	;	0.6274		115.81	2.287	000	86	2:0	000	•	3000.0	65.0	•	0.0	2.5	000111
	01-101	0.6214		90.10	2.403	3 0 (90.	٠, '	0.08		_	٠,		20.0	200	000232
295.0		1284.0	٠.	110-27	1.783	D (86	•	0.021	•	9000	0.00	• ·	9.0	Λ,	000332
286.0	09-141	7584.0		87.48	5	D (36		0.071		•	٠,	• ·	0.07		111000
297.0	09.24-	24.76	161.00	40.41	1000 c	04	3 6	7.				0.0	•			767000
200		2652.0	i i	30.53		D 4	3 5	9	120.0	•	_				2 5	
3000		3652.0		36.04	2.331	1.80	8	1.30	120.0	80000		65.0		20.0	200	000332
301.0		4661.0	5	96.44	, .	•	1.15	0.70	80.0		3000.0	65.0	0.1	20.0	1.50	000232
302.0	124.30	4661.0	158.50	72.76	2.338	1.80	1.15	0.10	80.0	80000.0	3000.0	65.0	1.0	20.0	1.50	111000

RANGE DASH(NH)	TO DIST (FT)	VEL (FT/SEC)	TINE (SEC)	6-LOAD	6	¥	3	#/S	GEN (CBS)	T4 (DEGREES)	SWEEP (DEGREES	84 (9	8	9
7406.0		202.00	85.21	1.737	1.60	1.15	0.70	120.0	40000	•	0.50	1.0	20.0	1.50	111000
900		183.80	70.24	1.834		1.15	2.0	120.0	0.0000	3000	٨,	•	20.0	200	266000
249.0		171.60	31.36	2.920	1.80	1.15	1,30	0.0	80000.0	3000	65.0		20.02	200	000232
3579.0		219.20	33.83	2.173	1.80	1.15	1.30	120.0		3000.0	Š		20.0	1.50	000332
3579.0		201.20	31.21	2.261	1.80	1.15	1.30	120.0	80000	3000.0	65.0	0.0	20.0	8	111000
2411.0		143.50		2.4.2		700			00000	2400.0		•	2 6	200	00000
2571.0		144.90	49.14	2.417	0.20	1.07	1.00	10000			20.0		25.0	1.50	00000
2648.0		142.60	54.68	2.471	1.00	1.00	1.00	100.0	0.00009	•	50.0	•	25.0	1.50	00000
3728.0		137.90	81.14	2.096	1.00	1.07	0.70	1000	0.00009	•	20.0	•	25.0	2.50	00000
2593.		145.00	49.18	2.402	00.	1.07	8	100.0	0.00009	2700.0	20.0	•	\$	2.50	00000
2030-0		123.60	49.18	2.389	86	1.07	86	0001	0.0000	2700.0	92.0	٠	25.0	26.	000030
2506.		152.80	10.04	2.454	30	200	200	1000	40000-0		20.0		25.0	2 2	00000
2596.		143.70	46.62	2.426	00.1	1.07	00.1	1000	0.0000	2700.0	20.0		25.0		000033
2596.	0	139.20	45.07	2.463	1.00	1.07	1.00	0.001	80000.0	2700.0	50.0	•	25.0	3.1	00000
3079.	o	155.20	46.30	2.157	1.00	1.07	00.1	120.0	0.00009	2700.0	20.0	0.0	25.0	1.50	00000
3896	0	160.70	45.50	2.306	1.00	1.07	8	100.0	0.0000	2700.0	65.0	0.0	25.0	1.50	00000
2600	0 (143.50	46.37	2.428	00:	1.07	86.	0.001	0.00009	2700.0	20.0	0.7	25.0	8	00000
2007	٠ د	01-641	55.03	Z.654	36	70.1	26	000	0.0000	2300.0	000	9 0	22.0	2 5	
2423	2 0	146.00	40.13	2.416	200	1.07	30.		00000	2,000.0	20.0		25.0	2 2	06000
2591	9	143.10	47.05	2.428	00:	1.07	00-1	100.0	0.0000	3000	20.0	0	25.0	3	0000
2293	0	106.40	125.24	2.338	0.20	8	0.10	90.0	80000	2400.0	35.0	1.0	90.0	1.50	000033
3367	•	138.50	151.20	1.760	0.20	1.00	0.10	120.0	40000	•	35.0	1.0	30.0	1.50	000033
1474	•	125.10	40.04	2.941	0.20	00.1	1.30	0.00	40000	•	ŝ	0.1	30.0	1.50	000033
1916	٠ د	136.20	•	2.423	0.20	00.	1.30	120-0	0.000	2400.0	35.0	•	0.0	8	60000
3324	9	127.60	86.67	1.630	0,20	1.15	20.0	120.0	00000		35.0	20	900	1.50	000033
1407	9	119.60	30.18	3.010	0.20	1.15	1.30	0.00	80000	2400.0	35.0	0	30.0	1.50	000033
1698	0	155.00	36.41	2.274	0.20	1.15	1.30	120.0			35.0	0.1	30.0		000033
2330	•	116.30	150.01	2.257	1.80	90:	0.0	80.0	40000.0	•	35.0	0.1	30.0	1.50	00003
	9 6	124.50	•	1.894	9	88	0.5	0.021	00000	2400.0	35.0	0 0	9	2 5	620000
•	0	150.40	40.25		1.80	8	1.30	120.0	40000	8	35.0	0	9	200	000023
2346	0	109.10		2.315	1.60	1.15	0.70	0.08	80000	8	35.0	1.0	30.0	1.50	000023
3435	0	141.90	90.83	•	1.60	1.15	0.70	120.0	•	8	35.0	1:0	90.0	1.50	000023
1495	0	129.70	٠.	•	1.60	1.15	1.30	80.0	•	8	35.0	0.1	30.0	1.50	000023
1	0	142.40	٠	•	1.60	1.15	1.30	120.0	80000	8	ŝ	0.1	30.0	1.50	000053
1	0.0	169.70	۲.	?	0.20	8	0.10	0.00	•	8	65.0	0.	0.0	95.	000052
	0 0	182.40	ŏ٠		0.20	86.	0.0	120.0	•	88	٠,	0.	0.00	200	000022
		216.10	36.20	701 6	200	36	2 .	200		0.0042	0.00	•		2 9	77000
3		161-10			07.0		0.70	0.04		8			0.00	2 5	000022
726	•	204.80			0.20	•	0.70	120.0		8	Š	0	30.0	1.50	000022
241	0.4	107.70		2.774	0.20	1.15	1.30	80.0	•		65.0	1.0	30.0	1.50	220000
35	0.0	206.50	33.47	•	0.20	-	1.30	120.0	80000.0	8	65.0	0.1	30.0	•	000022
	•	20.00	60.00	•	9	0 (2.5	0.00	0.0000	2400-0	0.0	•	0 0	00.	26000
	>	•	103.06	•	70.1	1.00	2	140.0	•	•		7.		1.20	750000

2	RANGE DASH(NR)	TO 01ST (FT)	VEL (FT/SEC)	71ME (SEC)	G-LOA0	8	로	3	#/8		T4 (DEGREES)	SWEEP (DEGREES	8 (S	9	8	9
353.0	-36.96	2495.0	95	38.74	2.875	1.60	1.00	1.30	0.08	0000	2400.0	S	0.1	90.00	1.50	000032
	8.6	36 8 3.0	173.40	35.07	2.320	1.60	1.00	0.70	90.08	00000	2400.0	65.0	0	900	200	000032
396.0	152.00	7526.0	187.70	49-64	1.819	1.60	1.15	0.70	120.0				1.0	30.0	1.50	0000
357.0	16.07	2481.0	176.60	30.47	2.903	1.60	1.15	1.30	80.0	8	•	65.0	•	30.0	•	000032
356.0	-93.26	3628.0	225.40	32.76	9:	9:0	1.15	1.30	120.0	40000	2400-0	'n,	0.0	30.0	1.50	000032
374.0		2000	123.40	110.92	2 . 30 3 1 . 868	02.0	3 8	200	120-0	80000 O	• 7	35.0	9 9		n e	22000
361.0	79.58	1477.0	114.40	41.08	3.096	0.20	80:	1.30	90.0	80000.0			7	0.08	1.50	000022
362.0	-30.72	1921.0	146.60	43.60		0.20	90.1	1.30	120.0	400000	•	35.0	-1.0	30.0	1.50	000022
363.0	125.60	2281.0	108.20	90.11	٠	0.20	1.15	0.70	80.0	0.0000	•	35.0	-1.0	30.0	1.50	000052
364.0	31-14	3328-0	140-60	101-27	1.747	0.20	1.15	0.0	120.0	0.0000	•	32.0	•	0.0	1.50	220000
365.0	74.27	1808.0	140-10	36.00	704.7	02.00	1.15	1.30	120.0	0.0000	2400-0	35.0	0.0	0.0	05.1	000022
367.0	104-60	2345.0	105.80	101.92	2.404	1.80	1.00	0.70	80.0	80000		35.0		90.00	1.50	000032
368.0	37.40	3451.0	138.00	113.15	1.813	1.60	1.00	0.70	120.0	4000000	•	35.0	-1.0	30.0	1.50	000032
369.0	-15.65	1495.0	124.50	41.11	3.015	1.80	900	1.30	80.0	40000-0		35.0	0.1-	30.0	1.50	000032
370.0	10.17	1950-0	135.30	35.00	2.470	08.1	00-1	1.30	120.0	0.0000	2400.0	35.0	9.0	90.0	200	000032
372.0	123,30	3455.0	127.90	74.12	1.811	1.60	1.15	0.0	120.0			35.0	• •	30.0	1.50	250000
373.0	39.03	1500.0	119.80	32.17	2.975	1.60	1.15	1.30	0.09	80000		35.0	-1-0	30.0	1.50	000032
2,374.0	69.69	1952.0	155.90	33.96	2.244	1.60	1.15	1.30	120.0	4000000	-	35.0	-1.0	30.0	1.50	000032
375.0	133.80	4694.0	156.80	94.82	2.366	0.20	00:		90.0	80000	•	65.0	-1.0	30.0	1.50	00000
376.0	27.71	7548.0	199.70	124-56	1.759	0.20	00.		120.0	40000-0	2400-0	٠.	-1-0	000	1.50	000033
27.6	110.20	0.7675	190	10.74	2.843	200	36	200	200		2400.0	0.0	7	2 6	2	550000
93.0	95.0	4587.0	172.00	90.43	2.24	0.20	1.15	0.70	90.0	40000		: .	-1.0	30.0	1.50	000033
360.0	240.20	7291.0	185.70	73.84	1.830	0.50	1.15	0.10	120.0	800000		65.0	-1.0	30.08	1.50	000033
361.0	29.38	2418.0	174.20	32.32	.91	0.20	1.15	1.30	80.0	0.00008	2400.0	65.0	-1.0	30.0	1.50	60000
382.0	-68.02	3531.0	221.70	34.9	2.175	0.20	1.15	1.30	120.0	0.0004	•	65.0	→ .	30.0	1.50	000033
205.0	70.07	7470.0	167-10	04.001	2.302		3 6	2 6	2000	0.0000	2400.0	0.49	9 0	9 6	2 3	000023
385.0	62.07	2501.0	169.10	34.49	2.999	1.80	80	1.30	90.08	80000.0		65.0	200	90.0	1.50	000023
386.0	-30.28	3691.0	215.90	37.20	2.241	1.80	1.00	1.30	120.0	40000	2400.0	65.0	-1.0	30.0	1.50	000023
387.0	116.90	4769.0	161.30	69.05	2.290	1.60	1.15	0.10	90.0	0.00008	2400.0	65.0	•	0.06	1.50	000023
	17.31	7575.0	205.60	80.35	1.703	09:1	1.15	0.0	120.0	40000	2400.0	65.0	0.1-	30.0	8:	000023
904	7	2443.0	166.00	36.76	2000	200	1.15	9	9000	0.0000	2400.0	0.00	7	0.00	1.50	000023
391.0	115.20	2597.0	143.60	46.00	2.427	1.00	1.07	1.00	100-0	0.0000	2700.0	50.0		30.0	200	00000
392.0	1.63	2048.0	117.90	29.1		0.48	1.00	0.80	90.0	40000	3000.0	35.0	0.1	30.0	1.50	000022
393.0	152.00	3360.0	123.30	110.70	•	0.48	1.00	0.0	120.0	80000	•	35.0	1.0	30.0	1.50	000025
0.460	90.20	1472.0	113.90	42.05	•	4.	8	1.30	80.0	80000	•	S I	0.	9	. 50	000052
393.0	130.05	1913.0	146.30	00.44	2.332	9	8:	1.30	120.0	40000	3000.0	32.0	0.0	90.0		220000
367.0	23.05	0.005	140-20	•	1,735	200					38	'n«	•		7	22000
398.0	-61.39	1462.0	127.30	: 9	2.896	0.20	1.15	1.30	0.08			35.0		30.0	1.50	000022
399.0	55.99	1888.0	139.20	ď		0.20	1.15	1.30	120.0	800000		'n	1.0	30.0	•	000022
0.00	89.15	2319.0	105.60	ě.	2.382	1.80	00.1	0.70	80.0	•	•	ŝ	1.0	30.0	1.50	250000
401.0	25.08	3409.0	137.70	•	1.795	1.80	00-1	0.70	120.0	0.0004	•	'n.	0.0	30.0	Λ,	000032
0.704	-17.54	1044-0	124.00	45.07	3.009	9	86	1.30	0.08	0.0000	3000	35.0	0.0	90.0	2.50	000032
))	110	7.77.4	77.10	•	804.7	20.1	2	7.30	150.0	3.00000	•	30.0	•	20.0	1.50	750000

z	RANGE DASHINM)	TO 01ST (FT)		71ME (SEC)	6-LOAD	6	X.	3	H/S	_	T4 (DEGREES)	SWEEP (DEGREES)	8 (S	840	*	9
404.0	19.20	2312.0	116.70	108.00	2.188	•	1.15	0.00	90.0	40000	3000.0	35.0	1.0	30.0	1.50	260000
405.0	147.50	3378.0	•	78.34	1.852	2.80		~	20.0	00000	3000.0	35.0	1.0	30.0	1.50	000032
	04.24	0-19-1	٠	33.51	3.052		<u></u>	٥.		•	3000	35.0	~	30.0	1.50	000032
	127.00	1920.0	151.50	10.00	2.501	00.0	<u>.</u>	1 05.1	0.021		3000	35.0	9 9	9 9	1.50	250000
0	26.23	7474.0		121.03	1.759	4		202	-	•	3000	0.0			25	000033
410.0	-54.93	2447.0	160.20	42.77	2.840	0.48	8	•	-	•	3000.0	: .;	0:1	8	1.50	£60000
411.0	11.98	3607.0	196.40	37.94	2.294	0.48		_	20.0	30000	3000.0	5	1.0	30.0	1.50	000033
412.0	-1.67	4548.0	171.60	101.70	2.199	7		0	0.08	•	3000.0	ŝ	0.1	9°0	3.	000033
413.0	203.80	7229.0	185.00	78.80	1.821	~	57.	202	20.0		3000.0	ŝ.	0.	30.0	1.50	£50000
414.0	18.60	2402.0	173.30	34.26	2.903	0.50	51.1	•	_	0000	3000.0	٠. د	0.0	900	1.50	000033
0.514		3300.0	07-077	3/.20	7.104	070	61.	7 06.1	0.071		3000.0	200	• ·	900	200	660000
417.0	147.00	7590.0	181.30	92.27	1.867	1.80		^	_	00000	3000.0	65.0		200	1.50	000023
410.0	52.34	2477.0	168.40	37.12	2.995	1.80	00.1	30	80.0	0.0000	3000.0	65.0	1.0	30.0	1.50	000023
419.0	-33.19	3654.0	215.00	40.32	2.238	1.80	00.1	.30	20.0	0.0000	000	65.0	1:0	30.0	1.50	00003
420.0	129.60	4658.0	158.30	72.94	2.339	1.60			80.0	0.0000	3000.0	65.0	1.0	30.0	1.50	000023
421.0	30.57	7400.0	201.70	85.39	1.738	1.80		-	0.00	0.0000	3000.0	'n.	0.0	30.0	1.50	000023
0.224	-62.33	2447.0	183.40	34.12	2.809	200	1.15 1.15	1.30		00000	90000	0.4	9 0	900	1.50	000023
424.0	96-16	2206.0	104-60	129.10	707.7	64.0		4	0.00	00000	3000	35.0	? ?		200	62000
425.0	69.9-	3373.0	136.50	163.40	1.780	0.48		202	20.0	0.0000	3000.0	35.0	0-1-	30.0	1.50	000033
426.0	-17.08	1475.0	122.10	46.22	2.988	0.48			0.08	0-0000	3000-0	35.0	-1.0	30.0	1.50	0000
427.0	125.00	1918.0	132.00	38.99	2.463	0.48		_	120.0	0.0000	3000.0	35.0	-1.0	30.0	1.50	000033
428.0	15.00	2264.0	116.90	123.05	2.190	7	.		0.09	0.0000	3000.0	35.0	0.1-	9	1.50	000033
429.0	201.30	3299.0	125.30	86.69	1.849	0-20	51.1		120.0	0.0000	3000.0	'n.		30.0	2.50	000033
96.0	75.04	0.7941	110-50	33.41	3.00	0,0	1.17	1.30				92.0	2 (200	55000
432.0	6.55	2322.0	114.80	160.20	2.286	9 6	00	•	0.00	00000	3000-0	35.0	-1-0	0.00	205	£20000
433.0	154.30	3412.0	122.50	99.83	1.924	1.80	00.	_	20.02	0.0000	3000.0	Š	-1.0	30.0	200	000023
434.0	19.18	1485.0	112.80	38.59	3.176	1.80	00.1		80.0	0.0000	3000.0	35.0	-1.0	30.0	1.50	000023
435.0	-10.99	1934.0	147.10	41.47	2.385	1.80	1.00		120.0	0.0000	3000.0	Š	-1.0	30.0	1.50	000023
436.0	129-50	2319.0	106-60	81.61	2.333	1.80	1.15		0.08	00000	3000.0	35.0	0.1	90.0	1.50	000023
0.764		3391.0	139.00	96-69	1.754	09.	1.15	_	0.02	0.0000	3000-0	32.0		9 6	1.50	000023
		1024.0	134.90	32.00	2.401		7.17	1.30				•	? ?		1	62000
6	6.05	460.0	167.70	133.27	2.263		00	•		0.0000	_	· •	0.7	9	200	000022
441.0		7520.0	179.20	93.92	1.860	0.48	00.1	_	_	90000	3000.0	65.0	-1.0	30.0	1.50	000022
442.0		2456.0	165.70	37.62	2.984	0.48	00.1		80.0	80000-0	3000.0	65.0	-1.0	30.0	1.50	000052
443.0	-31.96	3626.0	211.30	41.00	•	0.48	00.	_	20.0	0.0000	3000.0	ŝ.	0.1		200	000022
	136.20	4040.0	156.60	77.64		0.20	1.15	٠	_	0.0000	3000.0	٠,	0.0	9 6	1.50	220000
	74.47	7401	04-107	75.02	•	2.0		-	-		0000	•	200		200	77000
7	42.64	9503.0	200-70	32.67	2.276	200	1.15	1.30			3000	90.0	200		205	000022
440	133.90	4732.0	155.60	87.12	2.426	1.80	0	•	0.08	0.0000			-1-	90	1.50	000032
449.0	40.38	7569.0	196.30	106.31	1.600	1.60	00.1	0.70	20.0	0.0000	3000.0	4		80.0	1.50	260000
450.0	-27.71	2478.0	178.80	39.92	2.901	1.80	1.00		90.0	0.0000	-	65.0	-1.0	30.0	1.50	000032
451.0	123.80	3054.0	194.40	35.09	2.354	1.80	00.	_	0.02	٠	3000-0	ď.	•	90.0	1.50	000032
924.0	16.01	0.7.04	00.00	69.45	•	09.1	۸.	0.40	0.00	0-0000		•	•	9 9	Ō١	000032
454.0		2455.0	170-60	30.75	2.922	9 0	1.13				3000	6 7° C			1.50	760000
•	•	,		`	•	>	•	>>		***	•	•	>	?	>	1

2	RANGE	TO 01ST	VEL (FT/SEC)	TIME (SEC)	G-LOAD	8	X	3	8/H	GH (FBS)	T4 (DEGREES)	SWEEP (DEGREES)	8A (2)	990 8	A	9
455.6	46.44	3589.0	218.00	33.14	2,175	1.80	1.15	1.30	120.0	0.00004	3000.0	65.0	0.1-	30.0	1.50	750000
436.0	112.00	2293.0	109.30	117.68	3.136	0.20	00.1	0.70	80.0	80000	2400.0	Š		20.0	2	00000
457.0	39.57	3364.0	140.60	131.65	2.343	0.50	80.	0.70	120.0	40000-0	2400.0	35.0	0.1	20.0	3.50	00000
_	-30.66	1473.0	127.50	45.68		0.20	90.1	1.30	80.0	40000	2400.0	35.0	0.1	20.0	3.50	600000
459.0	102.40	1915.0	139.40	36.27	•	0.50	00.1	1.30	120.0	80000.0	2400.0	35.0	0:1	20.0	3.50	600000
40.0	17.50	2274.0	120.20	125.64	•	0.20	1.15	0.10	80.0	•	2400.0	35.0	1.0	20.0	3.50	€00000
0-194	180-10	3317.0	129.80	85.21	2.419	0.20	1.15	_ 0.30	120.0	0.00008	2400.0	'n.	0.	20.0	3.50	600000
462.0	43.29	0.000	121.70	ů,	3.947	0.20	1.15	1.30	0.00	80000	2400.0	35.0	0.0	20.0	3.50	00000
	16.16-	1875-0	155.60	37.70	3.00.4	0,0	1.	200	0.00	00000	2400.0	32.0	• ·	9 9	200	600000
5	134.40	3635.0	126.80	92.38	2.524	200	200	2.0	20.0		2400-0	; ;		200	0 0	600000
0.99	57.05	1491.0	117.60	37.76	4.132	1.80	90	1.30	80.0	8	2400.0	35.0	0:	20.02	3.50	00000
447.0	79.07	1944.0	151.60	36.99	3.217	1.80	90.1	1.30	120.0	40000	2400.0	35.0	1.0	20.0	3.50	00000
-	106.60	2339.0	2	19.78		1.80	1.15	0.10	80.0	80000.0	2400.0	35.0	1.0	20.0	3.50	600000
469.0	41.21	3422.0	142.50	83.52	•	1.60	1.15	0.70	120.0	•			1:0	20.0	3.50	€00000
0.01	-31.71	1492.0	5	34.64	3.832	1.80	1.15	1.30	90.0	40000	2400.0	35.0	• <u>•</u>	20.0	3.50	00000
471.0	80.25	1938-0	142.50	30.61	3.255	96	1.15	1.30	0.021	0.0008	2400-0	35.0	0.	20.0	3.50	600000
0.27	K-2	0.8/6		20.74	219.2	02.0		0.10	0.08	40000	2400.0	65.0	0.1-	20.0	9.50	00000
9.57	22.00	1279.0	192.70	04.40	2.082	0.20		- 2:	0.021	0.00008	2400-0	0.00	0.1	0.02	8°50	600000
	97.77	0-4147	00.181	34.76	3.676						0.00.0	0.4		0.00	200	00000
	2	3256.0 4487.0	146 30	01.00	104.7	200			200		0.00	000		200		50000
27.0	32.07	7554.0	204-00	111.71	2.006	200	3 6			00000	2400	9 6	7		2 6	50000
	-65-87	2463.0	187.40	: 3	3-184	0.20	90	1.30	80.0	00000	2400.0	65.0		20.0	2 6	
479.0	90.54	3639.0	205.40	35.99	2.610	0.20	1.00		120.0	80000	2400-0	65.0	- 1.0	20.0	20	60000
480.0		753.	168.30	96.50	2.714	1.80	1.15	2	80.0	8 00000	2400.0	65.0		20.0	200	00000
481.0	31.65		209.60	74.16	1.969	1.80	1.15	0.70	120.0	4000000	2400.0	65.0	-1.0	20.0	8.5	00000
482.0	-85.34		192.20	32.32	3.118	1.80	1.15	2	80.0	40000.0	2400.0	65.0	-1.0	20.0	3.50	00000
483.0	63.61	-	211.80	29.33	2.540	1.80	1.15		120.0	8000000	2400.0	65.0	-1.0	20.0	3.50	00000
184.0	13.44	•	175.50	99.83	2.676	1.80	1.00	0.70	80.0	40000	2400.0	65.0	-1.0	20.0	3.50	00000
465.0	185.60	7662.0	189.70	74.56	2.135	1.80	00.1	0.70	120.0	80000	2400.0	65.0	-1.0	20.0	3.50	600000
486.0	41.94	•	176.90	34.01	3.354	9.	00.1	1.30	000	80000	2400-0	65.0	0.7	0.07	3.50	00000
0.784	£0.42-	.	01-122	36-11	2.248	30	00.	1.30	0.021	40000	2400.0	'n,	7	20.0	200	00000
	103.70	7466	00.00	74.66	2000	900	3 6			0.000	3000	0.4	0.0	0.02	2	00000
490-0	-68.32	2443.0	187.20		3.180	0.36	200	1080		00004	0000	7.0	•	200	200	50000
491.0	66.65	3599.0	S	36.90	2.602	0.36	1.00	1.30	120.0	80000 °	3000-0	02.0	-	20.0	2	00000
492.0	-6.61	_	177.80	99.43	2.596	0.20	1.15	0.70	80.0	4000000	000	Š	0	20-0	3.50	00000
493.0	182.20	7225.0	92.9	74.74	2.071	0.20	1.15	0.70	120.0	8000000	3000.0	65.0	0.1	20.0	3.50	500000
494.0	-0.95	2401.0	8	34.44	3.243	0.20	1.15	1.30	80.0	80000.0	3000.0	65.0	1.0	20.0	3.50	€00000
495.0	-78.47	3504.0	7	6.7	2.447	0.20	1.15	•	120.0	40000.0	3000.0	65.0	0.1	20.0	3.50	€00000
496.0	9.10	4729.0	╗	1.8	2.674	1.80	00-1	0.10	80.0	40000	000	65.0	7.0	20.0	3.50	00000
497.0	149.60	7584.0	Š	83.59	2.124	1.80	90		120.0	80000.0	3000.0	ś	0.1	20.0	3.50	500000
0.864	ů.	•	9:0	36.18	3.352	1.80	00.1	1.30	80.0	80000.0	3000.0	ď.	0.0	20.0	3.50	00000
	14.76-	•	•	38.36	7.567	29°	00.	200.4	120.0	0.0000	3000.0	65.0	•	0.0	3.50	00000
	113.70		•	74.07	2.736	1.60	2.15	200	0.00	80000.0		'n,	0	20.02	W.	00000
	90.00	246.0	189-10	33.77	3,156	3.80	1.15	0.00	0.021	40000	3000	65.0	0.0	20.0	3.50	60000
				30.43	2.574	9 6	1.15	1.30	20.0	00000	0000		•	200	000	50000
204.0	103.40	2296.0	•	124.92	3.158	0.36		0.70	80.0	80000	3000	35.0	-1.0	20.0	3.50	00000

日本の大学 書の書

1.30 1.00	TO DIST (FT) 3374.0	Ē.	VEL TIME 1FT/SEC) (SEC) 138-70 149-65	G-LOAD 2.363	8 PR	¥ 88	5.0	120.0	1 (183)		= :: •	~ ~ ~ ~	20.0g	A. S. G. S.	10 000003
0.70 80.0 0.0000.0 3000.0 35.0 -1.0 20.0 3.50 1.30 1.30 1.30 1.30 1.30 0.0000.0 3000.0 35.0 -1.0 20.0 3.50 1.30 1.30 1.20.0 3000.0 35.0 -1.0 20.0 3.50 1.30 1.30 1.20.0 3000.0 35.0 -1.0 20.0 3.50 1.30 1.20.0 3000.0 35.0 -1.0 20.0 3.50 1.30 1.20.0 3000.0 35.0 -1.0 20.0 3.50 1.30 1.20.0 3000.0 35.0 -1.0 20.0 3.50 1.30 1.20.0 3000.0 35.0 -1.0 20.0 3.50 1.30 1.20.0 3000.0 35.0 -1.0 20.0 3.50 1.30 1.20.0 3000.0 35.0 -1.0 20.0 3.50 1.30 1.20.0 3000.0 35.0 -1.0 20.0 3.50 1.30 1.20.0 3000.0 35.0 -1.0 20.0 3.50 1.30 1.20.0 3000.0 35.0 -1.0 20.0 3.50 1.30 1.20.0 3000.0 35.0 -1.0 20.0 3.50 1.30 1.20.0 3000.0 35.0 -1.0 20.0 3.50 1.30 1.20.0 3000.0 35.0 -1.0 20.0 3.50 1.30 1.20.0 3000.0 2400.0 55.0 1.0 30.0 3.50 1.30 1.20.0 3000.0 2400.0 65.0 1.0 30.0 3.50 1.30 1.20.0 3000.0 2400.0 65.0 1.0 30.0 3.50 1.30 1.20.0 3000.0 2400.0 65.0 1.0 30.0 3.50 1.30 1.20.0 3000.0 2400.0 65.0 1.0 30.0 3.50 1.30 1.20.0 3000.0 2400.0 65.0 1.0 30.0 3.50 1.30 1.20.0 3.50 1.30 1.20.0 30.0 3.50 1.30 1.20.0 30.0 3.50 1.0 30.0 3.50 1.30 1.20.0 3.50 1.30 1.20.0 3.50 1.30 1.20.0 30.0 3.50 1.0 30.0 3.50 1.30 1.20.0 30.0 3.50 1.30 1.20.0 3.50 1.30 1.20.0 3.50 1.30 1.20.0 3.50 1.30 1.20.0 3.50 1.30 1.20.0 3.50 1.30 1.20.0 3.50 1.30 1.20.0 3.50 1.30 1.20.0 3.50 1.30 1.20.0 3.50 1.30 1.20.0 3.50 1.30 1.20.0 3.50 1.30 1.20.0 3.50 1.30 1.20.0 3.50 1.30 1.20.0 3.50 1.30 1.30 1.20.0 3.50 1.30 1.20.0 3.50 1.30 1.20.0 3.50 1.30 1.20.0 3.50 1.30 1.20.0 3.50 1.30 1.20.0 3.50 1.30 1.20.0 3.50 1.30 1.20.0 3.50 1.30 1.20.0 3.50 1.30 1.20.0 3.50 1.30 1.20.0 3.50 1.30 1.30 1.20.0 3.50 1.30 1.20.0 3.50 1.30 1.20.0 3.50 1.30 1.20.0 3.50 1.30 1.20.0 3.50 1.30 1.20.0 3.50 1.30 1.20.0 3.50 1.30 1.20.0 3.50 1.30 1.20.0 3.50 1.30 1.30 1.20.0 3.50 1.30 1.20.0 3	475.0 124.70 45.72 3.410 0 918.0 135.60 38.02 3.334 0	38.02 3.334 0	334 0	•	9 9	88	9 6	0.021	00000	3000	44		70.0 70.0		60000
1.30	2264.0 118.80 117.65 2.965 0.2 3300.0 127.80 80.35 2.461 0.2	117.65 2.965 0.2 80.35 2.461 0.2	.965 0.2 .461 0.2	べつ	00	1.15		0.02	0.0000	3000.0	4.4		20.0		000000
120.0 120.	1462.0 119.10 34.96 4.015 0	34.96 4.015 0.2	.015 0.2	7,		1.15		0.00	0.0000	3000.0	Š.	•	20.0	•	£00000
0.70 120.0 80000.0 3900.0 35.0 -1.0 20.0 3.50 1.30 80.0 80000.0 35.0 -1.0 20.0 3.50 0.70 120.0 80000.0 3000.0 35.0 -1.0 20.0 3.50 0.70 80.0 40000.0 3000.0 35.0 -1.0 20.0 3.50 1.30 80.0 40000.0 3000.0 35.0 -1.0 20.0 3.50 1.30 120.0 80000.0 3000.0 35.0 -1.0 20.0 3.50 1.30 120.0 80000.0 2400.0 65.0 1.0 30.0 3.50 1.30 120.0 80000.0 2400.0 65.0 1.0 30.0 3.50 1.30 80.0 40000.0 2400.0 65.0 1.0 30.0 3.50 1.30 80.0 40000.0 2400.0 65.0 1.0 30.0 3.50 1.30 80.0 40	2325.0 116.90 146.05 3.058 1.8	146.05 3.058 1.8	.058 1.8			1.00		0.00	0000	3000.0	, ,		20.02		500000
1.30 80.0 8000.0 3500.0 35.0 -1.0 20.0 3.50 0.70 1.30 80.0 80.0 9.0 9.0 9.0 9.0 9.0 9.0 9.0 9.0 9.0	3417.0 125.20 90.58 2.554 1	90.58 2.554 1	.554 1	1.80		86		120.0	0.00008	3000.0	ŝ.	•	20.0		600000
0.70 120.0 60000.0 35.0 -1.0 20.0 3.50 1.30 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.0	1934.0 115.50	36.12 4.165 1	1 501.	200			9 6	0.00		1000	'n	• (20.0		500000
0.70 120.0 40000.0 35.0 -1.0 20.0 3.50 1.30 80.0 40000.0 35.0 -1.0 20.0 3.50 1.00 100.0 60000.0 2700.0 55.0 1.0 20.0 2.50 1.00 100.0 60000.0 2700.0 65.0 1.0 20.0 2.50 1.30 120.0 60000.0 2700.0 65.0 1.0 30.0 3.50 1.30 120.0 60000.0 2700.0 65.0 1.0 30.0 3.50 1.30 120.0 60000.0 2700.0 65.0 1.0 30.0 3.50 1.30 120.0 60000.0 2700.0 65.0 1.0 30.0 3.50 1.30 120.0 60000.0 2700.0 65.0 1.0 30.0 3.50 1.30 120.0 60000.0 2700.0 65.0 1.0 30.0 3.50 1.30 120.0 60000.0	2316.0 106.90 78.62 3.131 1	78.62 3.131 1	131 1	1.80		1.15	2.	90.0	0.0000	3000.0	·	0-1-	20.0		00000
1.30	3390.0 140.30 82.73 2.338 1.8	82.73 2.338 1.8	.338 1.8	1.80		1.15	0.70	120.0	40000	3000.0	Š	•	20.0		00000
0.70 120.0 60000.0 2700.0 65.0 1.0 30.0 3.50 0.70 1.00 1.00 0.000.0 2400.0 65.0 1.0 30.0 3.50 0.70 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.0	1484.0 127.20 35.15 3	35.15 3.838 1	.838	08.		1.15	1.30	0.00	0.0004	9000	٠, ۱	77	0.02		600000
0.70 120.0 600000 24000 65.0 1.0 30.0 3.50 0.70 1.30 120.0 600000 24000 65.0 1.0 30.0 3.50 0.70 1.30 120.0 600000 24000 65.0 1.0 30.0 3.50 0.70 1.20.0 800000 24000 65.0 1.0 30.0 3.50 0.70 1.20.0 800000 24000 65.0 1.0 30.0 3.50 0.70 1.20.0 800000 24000 65.0 1.0 30.0 3.50 0.70 1.20.0 800000 24000 65.0 1.0 30.0 3.50 0.70 1.20.0 800000 24000 65.0 1.0 30.0 3.50 0.70 1.20.0 800000 24000 65.0 1.0 30.0 3.50 0.70 1.20.0 800000 24000 65.0 1.0 30.0 3.50 0.70 1.20.0 800000 24000 65.0 1.0 30.0 3.50 0.70 1.20.0 800000 24000 65.0 1.0 30.0 3.50 0.70 1.20.0 800000 24000 24000 65.0 1.0 30.0 3.50 0.70 1.20.0 800000 24000 35.0 1.0 30.0 3.50 0.70 3.50 0.70 1.20.0 800000 24000 35.0 1.0 30.0 3.50 0.70 3.50 0.70 1.20.0 800000 24000 35.0 1.0 30.0 3.50 0.70 3.50 0.70 3.50 0.70 1.20.0 800000 24000 35.0 1.0 30.0 3.50 0.70 3.	2598.0 146.20 45.50 2.845 1	45,50 2,845 1	845	200		1.07	1.00	0.00	00000	2700-0	6		•		00000
0.70 120.0 4000.0 2400.0 65.0 1.0 30.0 3.50 0.70 1.20.0 4000.0 2400.0 65.0 1.0 30.0 3.50 0.70 0.70 120.0 4000.0 2400.0 65.0 1.0 30.0 3.50 0.70 0.70 120.0 80000.0 2400.0 65.0 1.0 30.0 3.50 0.70 0.70 80.0 80000.0 2400.0 65.0 1.0 30.0 3.50 0.70 0.70 80.0 80000.0 2400.0 65.0 1.0 30.0 3.50 0.70 0.70 80.0 80000.0 2400.0 65.0 1.0 30.0 3.50 0.70 0.70 80.0 80000.0 2400.0 65.0 1.0 30.0 3.50 0.70 120.0 80000.0 2400.0 65.0 1.0 30.0 3.50 0.70 120.0 80000.0 2400.0 65.0 1.0 30.0 3.50 0.70 120.0 80000.0 2400.0 65.0 1.0 30.0 3.50 0.70 120.0 80000.0 2400.0 65.0 1.0 30.0 3.50 0.70 120.0 80000.0 2400.0 65.0 1.0 30.0 3.50 0.70 120.0 80000.0 2400.0 65.0 1.0 30.0 3.50 0.70 120.0 80000.0 2400.0 35.0 -1.0 30.0 3.50 0.70 120.0 80000.0 2400.0 35.0 -1.0 30.0 3.50 0.70 120.0 80000.0 2400.0 35.0 -1.0 30.0 3.50 0.70 120.0 80000.0 2400.0 35.0 -1.0 30.0 3.50 0.70 120.0 80000.0 2400.0 35.0 -1.0 30.0 3.50 0.70 120.0 80000.0 2400.0 35.0 -1.0 30.0 3.50 0.70 120.0 80000.0 2400.0 35.0 -1.0 30.0 3.50 0.70 120.0 80000.0 2400.0 35.0 -1.0 30.0 3.50 0.70 120.0 80000.0 2400.0 35.0 -1.0 30.0 3.50 0.70 120.0 80000.0 2400.0 35.0 -1.0 30.0 3.50 0.70 120.0 80000.0 2400.0 35.0 -1.0 30.0 3.50 0.70 120.0 80000.0 2400.0 35.0 -1.0 30.0 3.50 0.70 120.0 80000.0 2400.0 35.0 -1.0 30.0 3.50 0.70 120.0 8000.0 2400.0 35.0 -1.0 30.0 3.50 0.70 120.0 8000.0 2400.0 35.0 -1.0 30.0 3.50 0.70 120.0 8000.0 35.0 120.0 35.0	4669-0 165-60 90-94 2	90.94 2.751 0	751	0.20		1.00	0.70	90-0	0.0000	2400-0	S	1.0	30	3.50	000003
1.30 80.0 40000.0 2400.0 65.0 1.0 30.0 3.50 1.30 120.0 80000.0 2400.0 65.0 1.0 30.0 3.50 0.70 120.0 80000.0 2400.0 65.0 1.0 30.0 3.50 1.30 80.0 80000.0 2400.0 65.0 1.0 30.0 3.50 1.30 120.0 40000.0 2400.0 65.0 1.0 30.0 3.50 0.70 180.0 40000.0 2400.0 65.0 1.0 30.0 3.50 1.30 120.0 40000.0 2400.0 65.0 1.0 30.0 3.50 1.30 120.0 40000.0 2400.0 65.0 1.0 30.0 3.50 1.30 120.0 40000.0 2400.0 65.0 1.0 30.0 3.50 1.30 120.0 40000.0 2400.0 65.0 1.0 30.0 3.50 1.30 80.	7496.0 205.80 111.38 2.000 0	111.38 2.000 0	000	0.20		1.00	0.00	120.0	40000	2400.0	65.0	0.1	9		00000
1.30 120.0 \$0000.0 2400.0 65.0 1.0 30.0 3.50 0.70 80.0 40000.0 2400.0 65.0 1.0 30.0 3.50 1.30 80.0 80000.0 2400.0 65.0 1.0 30.0 3.50 1.30 80.0 40000.0 2400.0 65.0 1.0 30.0 3.50 0.70 80.0 40000.0 2400.0 65.0 1.0 30.0 3.50 0.70 80.0 80000.0 2400.0 65.0 1.0 30.0 3.50 1.30 80.0 40000.0 2400.0 65.0 1.0 30.0 3.50 1.30 80.0 40000.0 2400.0 65.0 1.0 30.0 3.50 1.30 80.0 40000.0 2400.0 65.0 1.0 30.0 3.50 1.30 80.0 40000.0 2400.0 65.0 1.0 30.0 3.50 1.30 80.0	2452.0 187.30 42.19 3.169 0	42.19 3.169 0	.169 0	0.50		1.00	1.30	80.0	40000	2400.0	65.0	1.0	90.0		00000
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0.70 120.0 40000.0 2400.0 35.0 -1.0 30.0 35.0 000000000000000000000000000	2300.0 108.00 123.73 3.145	123.73 3.145	.145	0.20		1.00	0.70	80.0	80000.0	2400.0	Š	٠	30.0	3.50	00000
1.30 120.0 80000.0 2400.0 35.0 -1.0 30.0 3.50 00000 0.70 80.0 80000.0 2400.0 35.0 -1.0 30.0 3.50 00000 0.70 120.0 80000.0 2400.0 35.0 -1.0 30.0 3.50 00000 0.70 130 120.0 80000.0 2400.0 35.0 -1.0 30.0 3.50 00000 0.70 80.0 40000.0 2400.0 35.0 -1.0 30.0 3.50 00000 0.70 120.0 80000.0 2400.0 35.0 -1.0 30.0 3.50 00000 0.70 120.0 80000.0 2400.0 35.0 -1.0 30.0 3.50 00000 0.70 80.0 80000.0 2400.0 35.0 -1.0 30.0 3.50 00000 0.70 80.0 80000.0 2400.0 35.0 -1.0 30.0 3.50 00000 0.70 80.0 80000.0 2400.0 35.0 -1.0 30.0 3.50 00000 0.70 80.0 80000.0 2400.0 35.0 -1.0 30.0 3.50 00000 0.70 80.0 80000.0 2400.0 35.0 -1.0 30.0 3.50 00000 0.70 80.0 80000.0 2400.0 35.0 -1.0 30.0 3.50 00000 0.70 80.0 80000.0 2400.0 35.0 -1.0 30.0 3.50 00000 0.70 80.0 80000.0 2400.0 35.0 -1.0 30.0 3.50 00000 0.70 80.0 80000.0 3400.0 35.0 -1.0 30.0 3.50 00000 0.70 80.0 80000.0 3400.0 35.0 -1.0 30.0 3.50 00000 0.70 80.0 80000.0 3400.0 35.0 -1.0 30.0 3.50 00000	139.00	145.91 Z.35Z U	.352 D	0.50		000	0.40	0.021	00000	2400.0	,	•	30.0	200	£00000
0.70 80.0 40000.0 2400.0 35.0 -1.0 30.0 3.50 00000 0.70 120.0 80000.0 2400.0 35.0 -1.0 30.0 3.50 00000 0.70 120.0 80000.0 2400.0 35.0 -1.0 30.0 3.50 00000 0.70 120.0 80000.0 2400.0 35.0 -1.0 30.0 3.50 00000 0.70 120.0 80000.0 2400.0 35.0 -1.0 30.0 3.50 00000 0.70 120.0 80000.0 2400.0 35.0 -1.0 30.0 3.50 00000 0.70 120.0 80000.0 2400.0 35.0 -1.0 30.0 3.50 00000 0.70 120.0 80000.0 2400.0 35.0 -1.0 30.0 3.50 00000 0.70 120.0 40000.0 2400.0 35.0 -1.0 30.0 3.50 00000 0.70 120.0 40000.0 2400.0 35.0 -1.0 30.0 3.50 00000 0.70 80.0 80000.0 2400.0 35.0 -1.0 30.0 3.50 00000 0.70 80.0 80000.0 2400.0 35.0 -1.0 30.0 3.50 00000 0.70 80.0 80000.0 2400.0 35.0 -1.0 30.0 3.50 00000 0.70 80.0 80000.0 2400.0 35.0 -1.0 30.0 3.50 00000 0.70 80.0 80000.0 2400.0 35.0 -1.0 30.0 3.50 00000 0.70 80.0 80000.0 2400.0 35.0 1.0 30.0 3.50 00000 0.70 80.0 80000.0 2400.0 35.0 1.0 30.0 3.50 00000	1922.0 136.50 38.05 3.313 0	38.05 3.313 0	.313 0	0.20		00.1		N	80000.0	2400.0	Š		30.0	3.50	600000
0.70 120.0 80000.0 2400.0 35.0 -1.0 30.0 3.50 000000 1.30 120.0 80000.0 2400.0 35.0 -1.0 30.0 3.50 000000 1.30 120.0 40000.0 2400.0 35.0 -1.0 30.0 3.50 000000 0.70 120.0 80000.0 2400.0 35.0 -1.0 30.0 3.50 000000 0.70 120.0 80000.0 2400.0 35.0 -1.0 30.0 3.50 000000 1.30 80.0 80000.0 2400.0 35.0 -1.0 30.0 3.50 000000 0.70 120.0 40000.0 2400.0 35.0 -1.0 30.0 3.50 000000 0.70 120.0 40000.0 2400.0 35.0 -1.0 30.0 3.50 000000 0.70 120.0 40000.0 2400.0 35.0 -1.0 30.0 3.50 000000 0.70 120.0 80000.0 2400.0 35.0 -1.0 30.0 3.50 000000 0.70 80.0 80000.0 2400.0 35.0 -1.0 30.0 3.50 000000 0.70 80.0 80000.0 2400.0 35.0 -1.0 30.0 3.50 000000 0.70 80.0 80000.0 36.0 35.0 1.0 30.0 3.50 000000 0.70 80.0 80000.0 3000.0 35.0 1.0 30.0 3.50 000000 0.70 80.0 80000.0 3000.0 35.0 1.0 30.0 3.50 000000 0.70 80.0 80000.0 3000.0 35.0 1.0 30.0 3.50 000000000000000000000000000	2281.0 119.40 109.55 2.964 0.2	109.55 2.964	.964	0.20		1.15	0.70	80.0	40000	2400.0	Š	•	30.0	3.50	00000
1.30 80.0 80000.0 2400.0 35.0 -1.0 30.0 3.50 000000 1.30 120.0 40000.0 2400.0 35.0 -1.0 30.0 30.0 3.50 00000 1.30 120.0 40000.0 2400.0 35.0 -1.0 30.0 30.0 3.50 00000 0.70 120.0 80000.0 2400.0 35.0 -1.0 30.0 3.50 00000 1.30 80.0 80000.0 2400.0 35.0 -1.0 30.0 3.50 00000 0.70 120.0 40000.0 2400.0 35.0 -1.0 30.0 3.50 00000 0.70 120.0 40000.0 2400.0 35.0 -1.0 30.0 3.50 00000 1.30 80.0 8000.0 2400.0 35.0 -1.0 30.0 3.50 00000 0.70 80.0 80000.0 2400.0 35.0 -1.0 30.0 3.50 00000 0.70 80.0 80000.0 2400.0 35.0 -1.0 30.0 3.50 00000 0.70 80.0 80000.0 2400.0 35.0 -1.0 30.0 3.50 00000 0.70 80.0 80000.0 3000.0 35.0 1.0 30.0 3.50 00000 0.70 80.0 80000.0 3000.0 35.0 1.0 30.0 3.50 00000 0.70 80.0 80000.0 3000.0 35.0 1.0 30.0 3.50 00000	3328.0 128.70 76.97 2.461 0.2	76.97 2.461 0.2	.461 0.2	0.20		1.15	0.0	120.0	80000	2400.0	ŝ.	•	30.0	٠,	00000
1.30 120.0 40000.0 2400.0 35.0 -1.0 30.0 3.50 00000 0.70 120.0 40000.0 2400.0 35.0 -1.0 30.0 3.50 00000 0.70 120.0 40000.0 2400.0 35.0 -1.0 30.0 3.50 00000 1.30 120.0 40000.0 2400.0 35.0 -1.0 30.0 3.50 00000 0.70 120.0 40000.0 2400.0 35.0 -1.0 30.0 3.50 00000 0.70 120.0 40000.0 2400.0 35.0 -1.0 30.0 3.50 00000 0.70 13.0 80.0 40000.0 2400.0 35.0 -1.0 30.0 3.50 00000 0.70 80.0 80000.0 2400.0 35.0 -1.0 30.0 3.50 00000 0.70 80.0 80000.0 2400.0 35.0 -1.0 30.0 3.50 00000 0.70 80.0 80000.0 3600.0 35.0 1.0 30.0 3.50 00000 0.70 120.0 40000.0 3000.0 35.0 1.0 30.0 3.50 00000 0.70 120.0 40000.0 3000.0 35.0 1.0 30.0 3.50 00000	1468.0 120.30 34.06 4.004 0	34.06 4.004 0	900	0.20		1.15	1.30	80.0	0.00008		\$.	٠	90	ů	000003
0.70 80.0 40000.0 2400.0 35.0 -1.0 30.0 3.50 00000 0.70 120.0 80000.0 2400.0 35.0 -1.0 30.0 3.50 000000 1.30 120.0 80000.0 2400.0 35.0 -1.0 30.0 3.50 00000 0.70 80.0 80000.0 2400.0 35.0 -1.0 30.0 3.50 00000 0.70 120.0 40000.0 2400.0 35.0 -1.0 30.0 3.50 000000 1.30 120.0 80000.0 2400.0 35.0 -1.0 30.0 3.50 000000 0.70 80.0 80000.0 2400.0 35.0 -1.0 30.0 3.50 000000 0.70 80.0 80000.0 3000.0 35.0 1.0 30.0 3.50 0000000.70 120.0 40000.0 300.0 35.0 1.0 30.0 3.50 00000000.0 3000.0 35.0 1.0 30.0 3.50 00000000.0 3000.0 35.0 1.0 30.0 3.50 000000000000000000000000000	1899.0 154.40 35.37 3.115 0	35.37 3.115 0	0 5115	0.20		1.15	1.30	0.021	40000		ů,	•	0.0	ů	00000
0.70 120.0 80000.0 2400.0 35.0 -1.0 30.0 3.50 000000 1.30 120.0 40000.0 2400.0 35.0 -1.0 30.0 3.50 000000 0.70 80.0 80000.0 2400.0 35.0 -1.0 30.0 3.50 000000 0.70 120.0 40000.0 2400.0 35.0 -1.0 30.0 3.50 000000 1.30 120.0 40000.0 2400.0 35.0 -1.0 30.0 3.50 000000000000000000000000000	2345.0 117.50 151.08 5.052 1	151,08 3,052 1	260.	08.		20.	0.0	0.08	40000	•	'n,	•	20.0	٠,	500000
1.30 80.0 80000.0 2400.0 35.0 -1.0 30.0 3.50 000000 1.30 120.0 40000.0 2400.0 35.0 -1.0 30.0 3.50 00000 1.30 120.0 40000.0 2400.0 35.0 -1.0 30.0 3.50 00000 0.70 120.0 40000.0 2400.0 35.0 -1.0 30.0 3.50 00000 1.30 120.0 80000.0 2400.0 35.0 -1.0 30.0 3.50 00000 0.70 80.0 80000.0 2400.0 35.0 -1.0 30.0 3.50 00000 0.70 80.0 80000.0 3000.0 35.0 1.0 30.0 3.50 00000 0.70 120.0 40000.0 3000.0 35.0 1.0 30.0 3.50 00000	3451.0 126.00 86.26 2.547 1.8	86.26 2.547 1	744.	1.80		00.	0.70	120.0	80000	•	ŝ	•	30.0	'n	00000
1.30 120,0 40000.0 2400.0 35.0 -1.0 50.0 3.50 0.70 80.0 80000.0 2400.0 35.0 -1.0 30.0 3.50 0.70 120.0 40000.0 2400.0 35.0 -1.0 30.0 3.50 1.30 80.0 40000.0 2400.0 35.0 -1.0 30.0 3.50 0.70 80.0 80000.0 2400.0 35.0 -1.0 30.0 3.50 0.70 80.0 40000.0 300.0 35.0 1.0 30.0 3.50 0.70 120.0 40000.0 3000.0 35.0 1.0 30.0 3.50	1495.0 116.60 36.86 4.145 1.8	56.86 4.145 1.8	145 1.8	7.80		00.	1.30	80.0	80000	2400.0	'n	٠	90	÷	00000
0.70 80.0 80000.0 2400.0 35.0 -1.0 30.0 3.50 0.70 120.0 40000.0 2400.0 35.0 -1.0 30.0 3.50 1.30 80.0 40000.0 2400.0 35.0 -1.0 30.0 3.50 1.30 120.0 80000.0 2400.0 35.0 -1.0 30.0 3.50 0.70 80.0 80000.0 2400.0 35.0 1.0 30.0 3.50 0.70 120.0 40000.0 300.0 35.0 1.0 30.0 3.50	1950.0 150.40 38.09 3.228 1.8	40 38.09 3.228 1.8	.228 1.8	9.1		8	1.30	120.0	40000	•	\$	•	٥ ٥	ŝ	00000
0.70 120.0 40000.0 2400.0 35.0 -1.0 30.0 3.50 1.30 80.0 40000.0 2400.0 35.0 -1.0 30.0 3.50 1.30 80.0 80.0 80.0 80.0 2400.0 35.0 -1.0 30.0 3.50 0.70 80.0 80000.0 300.0 35.0 1.0 30.0 3.50 0.70 120.0 40000.0 3000.0 35.0 1.0 30.0 3.50	2358.0 111.20 78.23 3.063 1.6	78.23 3.063 1.6	.063 1.6	1.60		1.15	•	80.0	80000.0		\$	٠	30.0	ç	000003
1.30 80.0 40000.0 2400.0 35.0 -1.0 30.0 3.50 1.30 120.0 80000.0 2400.0 35.0 -1.0 30.0 3.50 0.70 80.0 80000.0 3000.0 35.0 1.0 30.0 3.50 0.70 120.0 40000.0 3000.0 35.0 1.0 30.0 3.50	3455.0 143.20 82.01 2.272 1.6	42.01 2.272 1.6	.272 1.6	•		1.15	02.	~	400000	•	š	٠	30.0	ç	00000
1.30 120.0 80000.0 2400.0 35.0 -1.0 30.0 3.50 0.70 80.0 80000.0 3000.0 35.0 1.0 30.0 3.50 0.70 120.0 40000.0 3000.0 35.0 1.0 30.0 3.50	1500.0 131.00 34.28 3.741 1.6	34.28 3.741 1.6	.741 1.6	1.60		1.15	1.30	90.0	40000	2400.0	ŝ	•	30.0	S	00000
0.70 80.0 80000.0 3000.0 35.0 1.0 30.0 3.50 0.70 120.0 40000.0 3000.0 35.0 1.0 30.0 3.50	1952.0 143.90 30.39 3.176 1.6	30.39 3.176 1.6	.176 1.6	٠		1.15	1.30	120.0	80000.0	2400.0	ŝ	;	30.0	ŝ	00000
0.70 120.0 40000.0 3000.0 35.0 1.0 30.0 3.50	290.0 107.60 123.80 3.146 0.4	60 123.80 3.146 0.4	146 0.4	4		80.	0.10	0	80000	3000.0	ŝ	1.0	•	3.50	00000
	3360.0 138.70 139.97 2.35	70 139.97 2.352 0.4	352 0.4			1.00	0.10	0	0.00004	3000.0	•	1.0	•		00000

2	RANGE DASHINMI	TO 01ST (FT)	VEL (FT/SEC)	TIME (SEC)	G-LOAD	8 8	፳	2	#/S		T4 SWEEP (DEGREES)(DEGREES	SWEEP LDEGREE	A6 (2)	OPR	¥	2
555.0	-10.04	1472.0	124.90	46.73	3.877	0.48	00.1		90.0	0.0000+	3000.0	35.0	1.0	30.0	3.50	600000
556.0	127.30	1913.0	135.90	34.99	3.301	0.48	00.1		120.0	60000.0	3000.0	35.0	1.0	30.0	9.50	600000
557.0	25.55	2264.0	119.00	122.54	2.950	0.20	1.15		80.0	0.00004	3000.0	35.0	0.1	30.0	3.50	00000
556.0	221.10	3300.0	₹	82.84	2.446	0.20	1.15		120.0	80000.0	3000.0	35.0	0.1	0.05	3.50	£00000
559.0	58.24	1462.0	ŵ	36.32	3.973	0.20	1.15		80.0	0.00008	3000.0	35.0	1.0	30.0	3.50	600000
260.0	-36.39	1888.0	4	37.76	3.089	0.50	1.15		120.0	40000	3000.0	35.0	0.4	30.0	3.50	600000
561.0	16.38	2319.0	•	2	3.031	1.80	00.1		0.08	40000	3000.0	35.0	0	30.0	3.50	£00000
562.0	139.60	3409.0	125.60	102.24	3	99.	86		120.0	0.0000	3000.0	35.0	9	900	000	600000
20.00	01.33		00.011	0.04	4.137	200		7.00		00000		יים מיני מיני	• c		2	50000
944	110.20	2312.0	9 9	86.53	3.118	1.80	2.5	0.70	80.08	00000	3000	35,0	9	0.00	200	00000
	52.71	3378.0	140.40	88.96	2.324	1.80	1.15	0.00	20.02	0-00004	3000	35.0	2	30.0	2.50	00000
967.0	-17.17	1481.0	. ~	36.00		1.80	1.15	1.30	80.0	4000000	3000.0	35.0	1.0	30.0	3.50	€00000
268.0	112.90	1920.0	7	31.57	3.263	1.80	1.15		120.0	80000.0	3000.0	35.0	1.0	30.0	3.50	600000
569.0	128.90	4680.0		92.02	2,173	0.48	00.1		80.0	80000 0	3000.0	65.0	-1.0	30.0	3.50	00000
571.0	41.95	7520.0	•	116.32	2.017	4	00.	0.	120.0	40000	3000.0	65.0	•	30.0	. 50 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 0	00000
570.0	-35.98	2456.0		41.65	3.211	84.0	90.		80.0	40000.0	3000.0	65.0		0.0	3.50	500000
572.0	128.60	3626.0		36.18	2.634	84.0	00:		120.0	80000	3000.0	0.50	•	0.0	2	500000
973.0	3, 00	4747.0	176-30	20-26	279.7	07.0	1.15	0.70	90.0	00000	3000.0	0.00		9 9	200	50000
2000	20.02	0.1047		32.69	3.213	0,00				20000	30000	0.00			9	50000
	00-122	1222.0		09.17	CB0.7	07.0	1.15		0.021	0.0000	0.000	0.00		2 6	200	50000
	20.00	1322		16.00	7 402			00.0	2.00	0.0004	0000	0 4	7 7		9	60000
7	165.30	7590.0		80.46	2.142	9		·	200		3000	65.0		0,0	200	10000
	65.35	2478.0		35,92	3.371	1.80	200		80.0	80000	3000	65.0		30.0	3.50	00000
580.0	-12.33	3654.0	217.40	38.30	2.562	1.80	1.00	1.30	120.0	40000	3000.0	65.0	-1-0	30.0	3.50	00000
581.0	137.30	4677.0		96.99	2.746	1.80	1.15	0.10	80.0	80000.0	3000.0	65.0	-1.0	30.0	3.50	600000
582.0	52.08	7431.0	8	74.59	1.996	1.80	1.15	0.70	120.0	40000	3000.0	65.0	-1.0	30.0	3.50	£00000
583.0	-64.20	2455.0		33.07	3.156	1.80	1.15	1.30	80.0	40000	3000.0	65.0	0.1-	30.0	3.50	00000
584.0	96.45	3589.0	٠,	29.85	2.576	1.80	1.15	1.30	120.0	80000	3000.0	65.0	٠	0.00	3.50	00000
585.0	123.30	2596.0		45.43	3.063	00:	1.07	00:	0.00	0.0000	2700.0	20.0	•	25.0	3.50	00000
		0.1102	•	2000	7.838	3.6	0,1	36	000	0.0000	0.0047	200	200	72.0	2.5	50000
		2648.0	9 4	40°10	7.00.7	000				00000	2700.0	200	9 0	25.0	200	50000
569.0	139.00	3728.0	7	78.12	2.491	00:1	1.07	02.0	0.00	0.0000	2700.0	20.0	0	25.0	2.50	00000
590.0	16.98	2593.0	47.0	48.06	2.817	1.00	1.07	1.00	0.001	0.00009	2700.0	50.0	1.0	25.0	2.50	00000
591.0	115.60	2030.0	124.50	47.95	2.845	1.00	1.07	1.00	0.001	0.00009	2700.0	35.0	0.0	25.0	2.50	600000
592.0	91.55	2145.0	33	47-02	3.263	1.00	1.07	00:	80.0	0.0000	2700.0	20.0	0	ŝ	2.50	00000
993.0	54.62	2596.0	•	F4.64	2.760	00.1	1.07	00.1	0.00	0.00004	2700.0	20.0	0 0	ά.	7.50	500000
	04.621	23%0.0	ċ	40.60	Z.845	200	70.1	200	0.00	0.0000	2.007.2	0.0	2 6	22.0	2.50	50000
22.0	04.57	2596.0	141.50	*1·**	2.887	86.	1.07	00:1	0.001	0.00008	2700.0	0.0	•	25.0	2.50	600000
200		3604.0	. 4	47.44	2.517	3 6					2700.0	200		200	2 4	50000
200	120.60	2600	• (45.40	2.867		.07				2700.0		-	٠,		600000
200	84.71	2064.0	0	33.03	3.119	0	1.07	1.30	0.00	0.00009	2700.0	20.0	0	Š	2.50	600000
0.00	105.20	2612.0	'n	45.72	2.825	1.00	1.15	1.00	0.001	0.0000	2700.0	50.0	0.0	25.0	2.50	600000
		2623.0	9	44.71	.83	1.80	1.07	00.1	0.00	0.00009	2700.0	20.0		25.0		00000
602.0	126.60	2591.0	\$	46.08	2.847	1.00	1.07	1.00	0.001	0.00009	3000.0	20.0	0.0	25.0	7.50	£00000
603.0	125.00	2597.0	145.70	45.61	2.845	1.00	1.07	1.00	0-001	0.00009	2700.0	20.0	0.0	30.0	2.50	600000

APPENDIX B SAMPLE REGRESSION RESULTS

The following computerized listing is a sample output of the regression routine used in the RSTEP TASK IV Study. The example presented in a forced second order polynomial regression of the log of TOGW for a half replication CCD pattern as a function seven variables. The major subsections of the printout are described below:

General Processor	_	Data used in the regression.
Check Points (1st Set)	_	Data points excluded from the regression because they are not required in the replication.
Check Points (2nd Set)	_	Data points excluded from the regression because they are not included in the data required for the number of variables considered.
Regression Equation Coefficients		Listing of dependent variable and corresponding regression equation.
Quadratic Solution		Quadratic solution for the independent variable dash range for each of the sets of data points noted above. Note that some of the large percent errors in dash radius are due to near zero values of dash radius.

RSTEP UTILITY PROGRAM TRIAL= 1.

GENERAL PROCESSOR (TRANSFORMATIONS+CHECK PTS)

	YOBS	YCALC	DEL	PERCENT	PT	NO
1		81556.375		1.95	· ·	10.
		41436.402				13.
		76141.812				15.
		40382.801		0.96		16.
		78544.125		-1.82		20.
		40882.168		2.21		21.
		78021.250		-2.47		23.
		41385.102		3.46		26.
		39725.074		-0.69		28.
		78718.375		-1.60		29.
		40497.418		1.24		31.
						34.
13	39999.930	80017.812 40881.348	881.418	2.20		36.
14	79999.875	82835.187	2835.312	3.54		39.
		39297.328				41.
		75475.250				42.
17	59999.895	62003.816	2003.922	3.34		49.
		39771.172		-0.57		55.
		83259.375		4.07		58.
20	79999.875	81371.000	1371.125	1.71		60.
21	39999.930	38976.605	-1023.324	-2.56		61.
22	79999.875	81489.187	1489.312	1.86		64.
23	39999.930	40688.191	688.262	1.72		65.
24	39999.930	40134.012	134.082	0.34		67.
25	79999.875	76940.125	-3059.750	-3.82		70.
26	79999.875	76285.062	-3714.812	-4.64		73.
		40294.816				74.
28	39999.930	40535.172	535.242	1.34		76.
29	79999.875	80162.187	162.312	0.20		79.
30	39999.930	40283.754	283.824	0.71		80.
		77919.000		-2.60		83.
		82121.875		2.65		85.
		38576.078		-3.56		86.
		57690.109		-3.85		88.
		60585.984		0.98		89.
		59526.102				90.
		58308.332		-2.82		91.
		59876.824				92.
		36630.324		-8.42	MAX	93.
	59999.895		324.687	0.54		94.
	79999.875		-3049.625	-3.81		95.
	59999.895		2133.496	3.56		96.
43		63601.504	3601.609	6.00		97.
44		62499.355	2499.461	4.17		98.
45		62732.004	2732.109	4.55		99.
46	59999.895	00367.687	367.793	0.61		100.

```
47 39999.930 40450.328
                           450.398
                                        1.13
                                                          101.
48 79999.875 80253.562
                           253.687
                                        0.32
                                                          104.
49 79999.875 78743.062 -1256.812
                                       -1.57
                                                          106.
50 39999.930 39293.879
                         -706.051
                                       -1.77
                                                          107.
51 79999.875 84238.062
                         4238.187
                                        5.30
                                                          110.
52 39999.930 40219.875
                          219.945
                                        0.55
                                                          111.
53 39999.930 39880.289
                         -119.641
                                       -0.30
                                                          113.
54 79999.875 80735.312
                          735.437
                                        0.92
                                                          116.
55 79999.875 79982.125
                          -17.750
                                       -0.02
                                                          118.
56 39999.930 40297.930
                           298.000
                                        0.75
                                                          119.
57 39999.930 41984.941
                         1985.012
                                        4.96
                                                          121.
58 79999.875 78801.000 -1198.875
                                       -1.50
                                                          124.
59 39999.930 38557.945
                        -1441.984
                                       -3.60
                                                          125.
60 79999.875 79255.687
                         -744.187
                                       -0.93
                                                          128.
61 79999.875 79690.437
                         -309.437
                                       -0.39
                                                          130.
62 39999.930 39101.922
                                                          131.
                         -898.008
                                       -2.25
63 59999.895 60324.582
                          324.687
                                        0.54
                                                          133.
64 79999.875 83903.750
                         3903.875
                                        4.88
                                                          135.
65 39999.930 39358.387
                         -641.543
                                       -1.60
                                                          136.
66 39999.930 40659.410
                          659.480
                                        1.65
                                                          138.
67 79999.875 78822.812 -1177.062
                                       -1.47
                                                          141.
68 39999.930 39135.684
                         -864.246
                                       -2.16
                                                          142.
69 79999.875 75425.562 -4574.312
                                       -5.72
                                                          145.
70 79999.875 75263.062 -4736.812 MAX -5.92
                                                          147.
71 39999.930 43216.879
                         3216.949
                                        8.04
                                                          148.
72 39999.930 40324.305
                          324.375
                                        0.81
                                                          150.
                                       -0.70
73 79999.875 79439.375
                         -560.500
                                                          153.
74 79999.875 77813.437 -2186.437
                                       -2.73
                                                          155.
75 39999.930 39430.633
                         -569.297
                                       -1.42
                                                          156.
76 79999.875 81557.750
                         1557.875
                                        1.95
                                                          159.
                          749.152
77 39999.930 40749.082
                                        1.87
                                                          160.
78 39999.930 39106.398
                         -893.531
                                       -2.23
                                                          162.
79 79999.875 83793.437
                         3793.562
                                        4.74
                                                          105.
 AVG DEL
             SEE
                     AVG PERCENT
                                      PEE
                                               R2
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2.40

4.11

0.9908

1477.17

2647.45

CHECK POINTS

	YOBS	YCALC	DEL	PERCENT		ρŢ	NU	
1		42131.141				•	110	11.
		76765.625						12.
		42260.395						14.
		77769.750		-2.79				17.
5		40181.996		0.46				19.
	79999.875	72515.000	-7484.875		MAX			22.
7	39999.930	39404.469	-595.461	-1.49				24.
		79027.312		-1.22				25.
		81198.437						27.
10	39999.930	39498.305	-501.625					30.
11	79999.875	78840.500	-1159.375	-1.45				32.
12	39999.930	41421.668 82285.125	1421.738	3.55				33.
				2.86				37.
14	39999.930	38100.918	-1899.012	-4.75				38.
15	79999.875	83064.062	3064.187	3.83				40.
16	39999.930	40579.148	579.219	1.45				43.
17	79999.875	75740.062	-4259.812	-5.32				50.
		37277.953						57.
19	39999.930	40934.172	934.242	2.34				59.
		80599.562		0.75				62.
		40220.375		0.55				63.
		85626.562						66.
		75046.375						68.
		39896.609						69.
		39289.383						72.
		81275.312						75.
		74692.562		-6.63				77.
		38418.137		-3.95				78.
		78859.750 41652.133		-1.43 4.13				81.
		40794.809		1.99				84.
		84675.000		5.84				87.
		81672.500		2.09			1	02.
		39537.875		-1.16			_	03.
		38650.168						05.
		79851.437					_	08.
		39274.398						09.
38	79999 . 875	78664.125	-1335-750	-1.67				12.
		76959.437		-3.80				14.
	39999.930		2384.980	5.96				15.
	39999.930		1053.090	2.63				17.
	79999.875		-845.250	-1.06				20.
		77892.812		-2.63				22.
	39999.930	_	1199.105	3.00				23.
	79999.875		-4871.250	-6.09				26.
	39999.930		-385.738	-0.96				27.
	39999.930		-768.543	-1.92				29.
	79999.875		4464.875	5.58			1	32.
	39999.930		387.992	0.97			1	34.
		81554.562	1554.687	1.94			1	37.

51	79999.875	79310.187	-689.687	-0.86	139.
52	39999.930	40473.789	473.859	1.18	140.
53	79999.875	79611.750	-388.125	-0.49	143.
54	39999.930	39709.129	-290.801	-0.73	144.
55	39999.930	41390.195	1390.266	3.48	146.
56	79999.875	78168.812	-1831.062	-2.29	149.
57	79999.875	80979.437	979.562	1.22	151.
58	39999.930	39457.492	-542.437	-1.36	152.
59	39999.930	40455.574	455.645	1.14	154.
60	79999.875	82786.562	2786.687	3.48	157.
61	39999.930	38763.457	-1236.473	-3.09	158.
62	79999.875	81004.125	1004.250	1.26	161.
63	79999.875	81966.062	1966.187	2.46	163.
64	39999.930	40328.918	328.988	0.82	164.

CUMMULATIVE AVG DEL SEE AVG PERCENT PEE R2 1591.42 2461.90 2.57 3.73 0.9908

CHECK POINTS

	YOB\$	YCALC	DEL	PERCENT	PT NO	
1		59640.715	-359.180	-0.60	1.	•
2	30000-030	37065.785	-2934.145	-7.34	2	•
3		58883.738		-1.86	3.	•
4		75517.062		-5.60	4	•
5		60030.172	30.277	0.05	5	•
6		57479.723		-4.20	6	•
7		59125.930	-873.965	-1.46	7	•
8		59992.113		-0.01	8	•
9		62195.934		3.66	9	•
10		60541.340		0.90	18	•
11		64519.285	4519.391	7.53	35	•
12		63925.984	3926.090	6.54	44	•
13		61636.754	1636.859	2.73	45	•
		60486.859		0.81	46	•
	59999.895		1100.477	1.83	47	•
	39999.930		-2101.445	-5.25	48	•
		79258.250			50	•
	_	64864.031		8.11	51	
18		65372.207				
		64240.723		7.07	53	
		64738.086		7.90	54	
21				2.94	71	
22	フソソソソ・6ソフ	61761.910	1102.010	60/7	• •	_

	CUMMU				
AVG DEL	SEE	AVG	PERCENT	PEE	R2
1685-60	2539.34		2.75	3.96	0.9908

REGRESSIO			CIENTS	· ·
DEP VAR	CONSTANT			•
	0.0		12030+01 +	00555101541
		VARIABLE	EXPONENT	COEFFICIENT
1 2	1	BPR BPR	0.100E+01	-0.225950+00
	1		0.200E+01	0.554810-01
3 4	ì	W/S	0.100E+01	-0.11228D-01
	i	W/S	0.200E+01	0.48654D-04
5		TR To	0.100E+01	-0.67622D+01
6	1	TR	0.200E+01	0.296410+01
7 8	1 1	RNGE RNGE	0.100E+01 0.200E+01	0.76748D-02
9	i	T/W		-0.290470-05
10	i	T/W	0.100E+01	-0.95640D+00
11	i		0.200E+01	0.24326D+00
12	i	T4	0.100E+01	0.23291D-03
13	1	T4	0.200E+01	-0.39388D-08
14	i	SWP	0.100E+01	-0.152660-01
	i	SWP	0.200E+01	0.136710-03
15		BPR	0.100E+01	0.61019D-04
14	2 1	W/S	0.100E+01	0.120270.00
16	2	BPR	0.100E+01	0.12827D+00
17		TR	0.100E+01	0.13/530.03
17	1 2	BPR	0.100E+01	0.126530-03
18	1	RNGE	0.100E+01	0.044.200.02
10		BPR	0.100E+01	0.864290-03
10	2	T/W	0.100E+01	
19	1	BPR	0.100E+01	-0.303910-04
20	2	T4 BPR	0.100E+01 0.100E+01	0.816530-04
20	2	SWP	0.100E+01	0.010330-04
21	i	W/S	0.100E+01	0.275630-02
6.4	2	TR	0.100E+01	0.213630-02
22	ì	W/S	0.100E+01	-0.101930-04
	Ž	RNGE	0.100E+01	-0.101930-04
23	ì	W/S	0.100E+01	0.620420-03
2.5	2	T/W	0.100E+01	0.020420-03
24	ī	W/S	0.100E+01	-0.12497D-06
• •	2	T4	0.100E+01	01124778 00
25	ī	W/S	0.100E+01	-0.833720-05
	ž	SWP	0.100E+01	0.033120-03
26	ī	TR	0.100E+01	-0.169790-02
	2	RNGE	0.100E+01	01107175 02
27	2 1	TR	0.100E+01	0.778950+00
	2	T/w	0.100E+01	01110730100
28	ī	TR	0.100E+01	-0.141070-03
	2	T4	0.100E+01	
29	ī	TR	0.100E+01	0.263830-02
	2	SWP	0.100E+01	11203030 02
30	ī	RNGE	0.100E+01	-0.544480-03
	2	T/W	0.100E+01	
31	ī	RNGE	0.100E+01	0.22327D-07
- -	Ž	T4	0.100E+01	
	_	• •		

32	1	RNGE	0.100E+01	-0.129310-04
	2	SWP	0.100E+01	
33	1	T/W	0.100E+01	-0.442850-04
	2	T4	0.100E+01	
34	1	T/W	0.100E+01	0.240620-02
	2	SWP	0.100E+01	
35	1	T4	0.100E+01	0.203740-06
	2	SWP	0.100E+01	

CALCULATE TOGW FROM RANGE REGRESS OR VICE VERSA

CALCULATE SELECTED VARIABLE (TOGW, RANGE, OTHER VARIABLE) USING QUADRATIC SOLUTION

	YOBS	YCALC	DEL	PERCENT	PT NO
1	148.900	145.074	-3.826	-2.57	10.
2	17.970	13.407	-4.563	-25.39	13.
3	63.950	71.828	7.878	12.32	15.
4	-24.970	-26.414	-1.444	5.78	16.
5	117.700	120.895	3.195	2.71	20.
6	25.260	21.685	-3.575	-14.15	21.
7	55.090	60.216	5.126	9.31	23.
8	-49.960	-54.622	-4.662	9.33	26.
9	-70.190	-69.063	1.127	-1.61	28.
10	47.020	49.968	2.948	6.27	29.
īī	12.530	10.696	-1.834	-14.64	31.
īż	198.100	198.042	-0.058	-0.03	34.
13	-40.580	-43.571	-2.991	7.37	36.
14	91.610	84.050	-7.560	-8.25	39.
15	11.910	14.700	2.790	23.43	41.
16	94.180	103.651	9.471	10.06	42.
17	93.870	87.773	-6.097	-6.49	49.
18	-2.207	-1.436	0.771	-34.94	55.
19	148.000	139.485	-8.515	-5.75	
20	69.390	66.507	-2.883	-4.15	58. 60.
21	-39.160	-35.081	4.079	-10.42	61.
22	126.000	122.492	-3.508	-2.78	64.
23	21.370	18.384	-2.986	-13.97	65.
24	-58.380	-58.860	-0.480	0.82	67.
25	59.660	68.593	8.933	14.97	70.
26	106.000	113.316	7.316	6.90	73.
27	31.430	30.322	-1.108	-3.52	74.
28	-19.450	-21.223	-1.773	9.11	76.
29	105.500	105.087	-0.413	-0.39	79.
30	21.100	20.107	-0.993	-4.70	80.
31	159.500	165.679	6.179	3.87	83.
32	68.640	64.084	-4.556	-6.64	85.
33	-53.140	-47.442	5.698	-10.72	86.
34	95.000	103.160	8.160	8.59	88.
35	84.840	82.818	-2.021	-2.38	89.
36	96.170	97.718	1.548	1.61	90.
37	124.700	130.634	5.934	4.76	91.
38	80.920	81.294	0.374	0.46	92.
39	12.510	27.462	14.952	119.52	93.
40	105.500	104.368	-1.132	-1.07	94.
41	161.200	171.090	9.890	6.14	95.
42	121.000	112.529	-8.471	-7.00	96.
43	67.060	55.310	-11.750	-17.52	97.
44	103.800	94.760	-9.040	-8.71	98.
45	100.700	91.970	-8.730	-8.67	99.
46	107.200	105.915	-1.285	-1.20	100.
47	3.351	1.643	-1.708	-50.98	101.

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184.305
                                                            104.
48
     185.300
                              -0.995
                                           -0.54
                                            6.20
49
      49.790
                  52.875
                               3.085
                                                            106.
50
     -65.310
                 -62.205
                               3.105
                                           -4.75
                                                            107.
51
     161.100
                 147.950
                             -13.149
                                          -8.16
                                                            110.
52
      25.080
                  23.923
                              -1.157
                                           -4.61
                                                            111.
53
     -90.990
                 -90.523
                               0.467
                                           -0.51
                                                            113.
54
       52.970
                  50.438
                              -2.532
                                           -4.78
                                                            116.
55
                                                            118.
     127.700
                 127.745
                               0.045
                                            0.04
                                                            119.
56
       34.770
                  33.459
                              -1.311
                                           -3.77
57
      -41.190
                 -48.217
                              -7.027
                                                            121.
                                          17.06
58
                  92.795
      89.140
                               3.655
                                            4.10
                                                            124.
59
        4.056
                   9.827
                                                            125.
                               5.771
                                         142.29
     190.200
60
                 193.368
                                                            128.
                               3.168
                                            1.67
61
                                                            130.
       31.700
                  32.438
                               0.738
                                            2.33
62
     -94.630
                 -90.848
                               3.782
                                           -4.00
                                                            131.
63
     105.500
                 104.368
                              -1.132
                                          -1.07
                                                            133.
64
     127.600
                 118.100
                              -9.500
                                           -7.44
                                                            135.
65
       17.450
                  20.411
                               2.961
                                           16.97
                                                            136.
     -57.560
                 -60.002
66
                              -2.442
                                            4.24
                                                            138.
67
       86.600
                  90.524
                               3.925
                                            4.53
                                                            141.
68
       -0.438
                   3.203
                               3.641
                                        -831.07 MAX
                                                            142.
69
      192.400
                 217.552
                              25.152 MAX 13.07
                                                            145.
70
      21.860
                  34.334
                              12.474
                                           57.06
                                                            147.
71
     -81.970
                 -95.977
                             -14.007
                                           17.09
                                                            148.
72
       16.640
                  15.465
                              -1.175
                                           -7.06
                                                            150.
73
      183.300
                 185.218
                               1.918
                                            1.05
                                                            153.
74
       66.970
                  72.112
                               5.142
                                            7.68
                                                            155.
75
     -38.040
                 -35.598
                               2.442
                                          -6.42
                                                            156.
76
     148.200
                 143.950
                                                            159.
                              -4.250
                                          -2.87
                                         -10.23
77
       35.560
                  31.922
                                                            160.
                              -3.638
78
      -74.060
                 -70.688
                               3.372
                                          -4.55
                                                            162.
79
       78.210
                             -12.085
                                         -15.45
                                                            165.
                  66.125
 AVG DEL
              SEE
                       AVG PERCENT
                                         PEE
                                                  R2
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22.08

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0.0

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CALCULATE TOGW FROM RANGE REGRESS OR VICE VERSA CHECK POINTS

	YOBS	YCALC	DEL	PERCENT	PT NO
1	34.470	26.596	-7.874	-22.84	11.
2	104.600	110.956	6.356	6.08	12.
3	-21.370	-28.677	-7.307	34.19	14.
4	87.470	93.085	5.615	6.42	17.
5	14.100	13.469	-0.631	-4.47	19.
6	132.200	154.045	21.845	16.52	22.
7	-64.300	-61.992	2.308	-3.59	24.
8	47.860	49.922	2.062	4.31	25.
9	66.870	63.432	-3.438	-5.14	27.
10	-63.450	-61.637	1.813	-2.86	30.
11	124.100	126.907	2.807	2.26	32.
12	26.860	20.656	-6.204	-23.10	33.
13	66.260	61.460	-4.799	-7.24	37.
14	-49.610	-42.000	7.610	-15.34	38.
15	149.100	140.919	-8.181	-5.49	40.
16	-0.0 96	-2.047	-1.951	2035.05	
17	93.290	102.057	8.767	9.40	56.
18	4.312	15.189	10.877	252.25	57.
19	-35.200	-38.365	-3.165	8.99	59.
20	92.960	91.347	-1.613	-1.73	62.
21	8.618	7.813	-0.805	-9.35	63.
22	182.700	164.118	-18.582	-10.17	66.
23	41.320	52.874	11.554	27.96	68.
24	-65.160	-64.734	0.426	-0.65	69.
25	13.450	15.759	2.309	17.16	72.
26	152.400	149.248	-3.152	-2.07	75.
27	69.360	80.409	11.049	15.93	77.
28	-22.970	-16.801	6.169	-26.86	78.
29	126.100	128.631	2.531	2.01	81.
30	37.330	30.574	-6.756	-18.10	82.
31	-40.030	-42.767	-2.737	6.84	84.
32	91.540	79.060	-12.480	-13.63	87.
33	126.400	122.194	-4.206	-3.33	102.
34	19.490	21.658	2.168	11.13	103.
35	-69.640	-64.532	5.108	-7.34	105.
36	83.490	83.988	0.498	0.60	108.
37	4.798	7.900	3.102	64.65	109.
38	222.600	230.946	8.346	3.75	112.
39	24.690	32.674	7.984	32.34	114.
40	-88.930	-99.344	-10.414	11.71	115.
41	17.840	14.039	-3.801	-21.31	117.
42	179.200	182.083	2.884	1.61	120.
43	58.920	63.802	4.882	8.29	122.
44	-39.940	-44.926	-4.986	12.48	123.
45	123.000	136.304	13.304	10.82	126.
46	21.250	23.107	1.857	8.74	127.
47	-85.180	-82.335	2.845	-3.34	129.
48	59.310	45.947	-13.363	-22.53	132.

49	1.408	-0.042	-1.450	-102.95	134.
50	184.200	178.360	-5.840	-3.17	137.
51	55.310	56.993	1.683	3.04	139.
52	-53.830	-55.894	-2.064	3.83	140.
	138.900	140.075	1.175	0.85	143.
53	17.920	19.432	1.512	8.44	144.
54		-88.698	-5.318	6.38	146.
55	-83.380	- -	6.354	13.23	149.
56	48.040	54.394	-2.278	-1.74	151.
57	131.200	128.922		7.12	152.
58	33.890	36.302	2.412		 - ·
59	-39.570	-41.218	-1.648	4.16	154.
60	114.100	105.360	-8.740	-7.66	157.
61	11.050	16.031	4.981	45.07	158.
62	212.000	207.458	-4.542	-2.14	161.
63	51.660	46.881	-4.779	-9.25	163.
64	-74.920	-76.328	-1.408	1.88	164.

AVG DEL	SEE	AVG PERCENT	PEE	R2
4.99	7.60	33.62	215.50	0.0

CALCULATE TOGW FROM RANGE REGRESS OR VICE VERSA

CHECK POINTS

	Y08S	YCALC	DEL	PERCENT	PT NO
1	85.170	86.278	1.108	1.30	1.
2	5.605	17.454	11.849	211.40	
3	104.300	107.691	3.391	3.25	3.
4	131.100	143.244	12.144	9.26	4.
5	44.720	44.633	-0.087	-0.19	5.
6	53.480	60.660	7.180	13.43	6.
7	65.920	68.307	2.387	3.62	7.
8	81.310	81.335	0.025	0.03	8.
9	97.430	90.040	-7.390	-7.59	9.
10	75.080	73.541	-1.539	-2.05	18.
11	82.890	69.279	-13.611	-16.42	35.
12	79.510	67.738	-11.772	-14.81	44.
13	86.250	81.573	-4.677	-5.42	45.
14	108.900	107.442	-1.458	-1.34	46.
15	72.360	69.394	-2.966	-4.10	47.
16	10.470	18.900	8.430	80.52	48.
17	142.800	144.796	1.996	1.40	50.
18	108.300	92.034	-16.265	-15.02	51.
19	63.480	47.835	-15.645	-24.65	52.
20	93.100	79.793	-13.306	-14.29	53.
21	91.180	77.857	-13.323	-14.61	54.
22	94.940	89.566	-5.374	-5.66	71.

AVG DEL	SEE	AVG PERCENT	PEE	R2
5.27	7.84	31.87	197.32	0.0

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